

# THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVIII] No 45 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

## When Shoe Buying!

Keep in mind all that we have been telling you lately about our Shoes.

Don't forget that we have promised you all the style that the best manufacturers put into shoes.

Don't forget that good looks and long wear always go together in shoes that we sell.

Don't forget that we sell right because we buy right.

Don't forget that our stock at all times can take care of every shoe want of every family.

We never consider it any trouble to show goods to those who are only looking.

Don't forget that we have a complete stock of new rubbers, also Men's Mitts and Gloves, both lined and unlined, from 25c to \$3.00 per pair

## ROYAL - SHOE - STORE,

Napanee, - Ontario.

S. G. HAWLEY, Manager.

## Robert Light MANUFACTURER and

LUMBER DEALER

## STORM SASH

GLAZED or UNGLAZED.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

DR. C. E. WILSON,  
Physician, Surgeon, Accouchour.

Office—Bridge Street, opposite Western  
Methodist Church. Phone No. 138.

### OSTEOPATHY

Dr. Robert Garside Ashcroft and Dr. Edna Earle Ashcroft, Graduates of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., 405 Princess Street, Kingston, Ont., Phone 447. Treatments at Napanee, Tuesdays and Fridays by appointment. \$3-6-11

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College.

## AT HOME AGAIN.

A. E. Paul wishes to inform his friends and many customers that after 3 months absence he is again at his post and with the many new ideas learned—is in a better position than ever to satisfactorily look after your wants. We find several lines have accumulated somewhat and in order to make a

Special Clearance in Open

## QUAINT TOWN FEASTS

ENGLISH MUNICIPALITIES WITH  
STRANGE ANNUAL SUPPERS.

Uckfield Has a Pea Supper Every Year — Colchester Dines on Gin, Gingerbread and Oysters—Memory of Sir Francis Drake Honored at Plymouth—Bread and Cheese and Spring Onions.

Uckfield has just held its annual pea supper, a function which owes its origin to a practical joke. Fifteen years ago a plot of land belonging to a resident became, on account of its neglected state, such an eyesore to his fellow-townsmen that they took the matter into their own hands and dug it up. The owner resolved to profit by their labor and plant the field, but on his next visit to the spot he found, to his annoyance, that it had already been sown with peas.

Soon, however, anger gave place to amusement, and he laughingly told the perpetrators of the joke that they would have to eat the peas. This in due course they did, and from that day the celebration has grown yearly in popularity. Over fifty sat down recently to a capital repast of peas, bacon, and other excellent fare.

The Colchester oyster feast, which has acquired world-wide celebrity, is annually preceded by another function at the opening of the oyster season, when the corporation of the Essex town, who are the owners of the Colne fisheries, steam down the river to Brightlingsea, where they dredge for a few samples of the bivalves—a mere prelude to satisfying their appetites on the hundreds that await their coming in the packing-house at Pyefleet Creek. Previous, however, to this ceremony the worthy citizens fortify themselves with a meal of gingerbread and gin.

The "Fishynge Feaste" is held every August at Plymouth. It commemorates the deeds of Francis Drake, to whose enterprise the town owes its water supply. "To the pious memory of Sir Francis Drake" is first drunk in water from two golden goblets, which afterwards, refilled with wine, are emptied to the toast, "May the descendants of him who gave us water never want wine." Then, after having lunched off Devonshire parties, those present go about their several amusements until summoned to the feast proper, at which fried trout, caught during the afternoon in the lake, and sucking-pig are invariably served.

November is the month wherein Clacton-on-Sea holds its Whiting dinner. Then this usually tasteless fish undergoes a marvellous metamorphosis, appearing at table in delectable and unrecognizable guises that fully justifies the concluding toast, "Success to the Whiting Feast and Prosperity to Clacton-on-Sea." Another seaside town, Yarmouth, boasts a sprat banquet which commences with sprat hors-d'oeuvre, and, after having run through some thirty courses, is brought to a conclusion with sprat biscuits.

Sausages and champagne are Peterborough's speciality. Every October at Bridge Fair time the mayor and corporation proceed in solemn procession to the bridge beneath which flows

## LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

The teachers of Lennox and Addington met in attendance at their annual convention in the N. C. I., Oct. 14th and 15th, 1908.

The President, Mr. P. D. Shorey, of Newburgh, was in the chair.

Rev. Mr. Conn, Napanee, opened the meeting by reading a portion of Acts 17th chapter, followed by prayer.

The minutes of the last session were read and confirmed.

The resolutions of O. E. A. were then discussed.

Mr. Cornish, B. A., of Peterborough Normal School, gave three very interesting addresses on nature study, its purpose and materials, the method to be followed in teaching the subject and the relation of nature study to geography and hygiene. The speaker showed the difference between nature study and science, why it was important as a school study and the benefit to be derived therefrom.

The lecture was ably discussed by Miss Parks, Messrs. Nesbit, Duncan and Edwards.

Mr. Nesbit gave an address discussed by Messrs. Denyes and Clarke.

Mr. Flach, B. A., of N.C.I., gave an interesting paper on "The English School System."

Misses Ward and Vanluven gave a pleasing instrumental duet.

Friday morning the association continued the discussion of the O. E. A. Resolutions and Miss Parks, as delegate to the O. E. A., Toronto, gave a concise report of the proceedings, speaking on a few of the most important points considered by the speakers there. Miss Parks spoke also on the O. T. A., showing that it could do what the O. E. A. could not do for teachers of Ontario.

It was moved by Mr. Nesbit, I.P.S., seconded by Mr. Huffman that an O. T. A. be formed. Mr. P. D. Shorey was elected President; Miss Chrysler, Vice-Pres., and Miss Parks Sec-Treas.

Mr. F. Burrows, an honorary member of the L. and A. T. A., kindly responded to the Presidents' invitation to address the convention, congratulating the teachers on the improvements lately made in the schools and adding a few kindly words of advice and encouragement, much appreciated by all.

Mr. Huffman, Yarker, gave an able address on "Industrial Arts," followed by a violin solo by Mr. Collins.

It was moved, seconded and carried that Mr. Cornish, B. A., be made an honorary member of the L. & A. T. A.

The following officers for 1909 and 1910 were elected: Mr. J. Huffman, President; Miss Chrysler, Vice-Pres.; E. Harrison, Sec-Treas.

The members of the executive committee are the same as last year with the addition of Mr. Collins.

It was moved by Mr. Nesbit, I.P.S., seconded and carried that a vote of thanks be tendered those who took part in the programme, the executive committee and the trustees of the N. C. I.

Moved by Mr. Denyes, seconded by Mr. Wagar, that the next convention be held at Tamworth. Carried.

The evening meeting, Thursday, was largely attended, the chief attraction being the lecture on "Shakespeare and King Lear," given by Prof. Dvde, Queen's University, Kingston.

## TAMWORTH.

John Welsh, a cattle dealer, had \$175 stolen from his trunk some time on Monday. The money had been left in the trunk by his partner, a

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## D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

## STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

aily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1909. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.	P. M.
Napanee	Leave 6 00	
Deseronto	7 20	
Hough's	7 20	
Thompson's Point	7 40	
Glen Island	8 10	
Glenora	8 30	
Pictou	Arrive 8 50	
Pictou	Leave 9 30	
Thompson's Point	10 00	
Hough's	10 20	
Deseronto	Arrive 11 00	

	P. M.
Deseronto	Leave 1 45
Hough's	2 05
Thompson's Point	2 35
Pictou	Arrive 3 00
Pictou	Leave 4 00
Glenora	4 20
Glen Island	4 25
Thompson's Point	4 35
Deseronto	5 15
Napanee	Arrive 5 30
Napanee	Stop on signal.

### CONNECTIONS.

At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Ella Ross for Upper Bay Ports. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

19

JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

Having disposed of my stock to Mr. W. S. Newman, I wish to thank my many customers for their patronage.

## M. PIZZARIELLO,

## COLLIER'S Feed Mill and Evaporator

Grinding Every Day.

Farmers will find us at all times ready to accommodate them.

Our evaporator will be open for evaporating apples about Sept. 15th.

## D. S. COLLIER,

Near Reindeer Dock.

Toilet soaps, regular 10c. selling for 5c at Newman's slaughter sale.

A first-class second hand spring waggon, that will carry about 1000 lbs., for sale cheap at

BOYLE & SON'S.

A. E. Paul wishes to inform his friends and many customers that after 3 months absence he is again at his post and with the many new ideas learned—is in a better position than ever to satisfactorily look after your wants. We find several lines have accumulated somewhat and in order to make a

## Special Clearance in Open Stock Dishes will Offer

## FOR ONE WEEK

Tea Cups and Saucers	75c doz worth	\$1.25
B and B Plates	45c doz worth	.75
Tea Plates	60c doz worth	1.00
Dinner Plates	75c doz worth	1.25
Oyster Plates	80c doz worth	1.25

Platters, Bowls, Salads, Etc., at equally low prices.

This is a chance to get a first quality article at less than wholesale prices.

Wallpaper, Picture Framing, Books and Stationery at Special Prices.

## A. E. PAUL'S.

### AT ONCE

A Reliable Local Salesman Wanted to represent CANADA'S OLDEST AND GREATEST NURSERIES

in Napanee and adjoining country. The demand for Nursery Stock is increasing yearly, and if you become one of our salesmen you will realize there is good money in the business for you. Write at once for particulars. Pay weekly. Free outfit.

STONE & WELLINGTON, Fonthill Nurseries—850 Acres. TORONTO, ONTARIO.

## ALBERT COLLEGE,

BELLEVEILLE, ONT.

### School of Finance.

Is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS. \$67 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year. A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialists. Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Elocution, Fine Art, Physical Culture. College re-opens Tuesday, Sept 7th, 1909. For illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M. A., D. D., Belleville, Ont.

## Kingston Business College

Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA.

"Highest Education at Lowest Cost."

Twenty-Sixth year. Fall term begins August 30th. Courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Civil Service and English. Our graduates get the best positions. Within a short time over sixty secured positions with one of the largest railway corporations in Canada at good salaries. Enter any time. Call or write for information.

H. F. METCALFE,

Principal.

perity to Clacton-on-Sea." Another seaside town, Yarmouth, boasts a sprat banquet which commences with sprat hors-d'oeuvre, and, after having run through some thirty courses, is brought to a conclusion with sprat biscuits.

Sausages and champagne are Peterborough's speciality. Every October at Bridge Fair time the mayor and corporation proceed in solemn procession to the bridge beneath which flows the Nen. There a halt is called and the town crier declares the fair open, both in Northamptonshire and Huntingdonshire. Having transacted the official business of the day, the mayor and his guests adjourn to a neighboring hotel, where a repast consisting of the above-mentioned delicacies awaits them.

Equally tasty although simpler fare is that spread before the company who attend the annual auction of the White Bread Meadow at Bourne, the rent of which goes to supply certain poor people with bread. Every Easter a curious custom is observed, the auctioneer putting up the field and accepting bids only so long as a number of boys are running a race over a fixed course. The moment the hindmost boy reaches the goal the hammer falls, and the meadow is knocked down to him who has made the last bid. This having been satisfactorily settled, those present sit down to a meal of bread, cheese, and spring onions.

On Easter Monday the game of bottle-picking takes place at Hallaton. Previous to the start of play, a rough-and-ready meal is provided in the shape of a scramble for two large meat pies and a dozen penny loaves. Then appears upon the scene a large wooden bottle, boun strongly with iron, and filled with ale. Over this a fierce contest rages between the Hallaton champions and the youths from the neighboring village of Medbourne, each party endeavoring to wrest it from the other. Play concluded, the victors repair to the market-place, where they drink the contents of the bottle, which has served its purpose for over fifty years.

### Giving Him Away.

And there was a certain man who, being a merchant with a trade to look after, was a member of the church—in fact, an elder therein. One day he invited his pastor home to dinner, and, while they sat in the parlor waiting for the call to table, he began to tell of a brother elder's misconduct and grievous sin.

"I only tell you this because you are the pastor, and I think you ought to know it. I never mention it to any one else."

And he repeated this several times during the recital. As it was about completed in came his little daughter. Catching the subject of the conversation, she broke in with this exclamation:

"My goodness, pa, you're surely not telling that old story again!"

### Exaggerated.

Nervous Lady—Don't your experiments frighten you terribly, professor? I hear that your assistant met with a horrible death by falling 4,334 feet from a balloon.

Professor—Oh, that report was greatly exaggerated.

Nervous Lady—Exaggerated? How? Professor—It wasn't much more than 2,500 feet that he fell.

Pictou, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Ross, widow of the late Walter Ross, M. P., for sixteen years for Prince Edward, died Sunday morning, having reached the remarkable age of ninety-two years. She was one of Pictou's most prominent women. She was born at Bath, of U. E. L. parentage, but had resided here since girlhood.

Maraschino Cherries (Chocolate Dipped.)

Made by Neilson and just a little nicer than any that has been sold in Napanee before. To be had only at Wallace's Drug Store.

Building operations in Winnipeg increased by five million dollars this season.

The evening meeting, Thursday, was largely attended, the chief attraction being the lecture on "Shakespeare and King Lear," given by Prof. Dyde, Queen's University, Kingston.

### TAMWORTH.

John Welsh, a cattle dealer, had \$175 stolen from his trunk some time on Monday. The money had been left in the trunk by his partner, a Frenchman from Montreal. As soon as Welsh missed it he came to Tamworth and had a warrant sworn out for the arrest of Peter Thompson, an immigrant lad of about twenty years of age, who was working for Welsh at the time. Thompson was searched by Constable McKim, but nothing was found on him. He has a bad reputation, so the magistrate committed him to the county jail at Napanee to await further evidence.

### WILTON.

On Thursday evening of last week the Wilton branch of the Bible society met in the Presbyterian church. Rev. W. H. A. French, Fenelon Falls, visiting agent, spoke. W. H. Mills, was appointed secretary-treasurer of this branch to succeed R. K. Owens, who has taken up his residence in Kingston, and who has been in that office ever since the formation of that society in Wilton. The president, N. A. Asselstine, was re-elected.

A large load from here attended the Methodist W. M. S. convention in Selby on the 6th. The convention will meet next year in the Methodist church here.

The Wilt in W. M. S., of the Presbyterian church will hold an open meeting on Wednesday evening, Oct. 27, in their church. Mrs. Binnie, Tweed, will be present to address the meeting.

Rev. W. S. McTavish, Kingston, preached an excellent missionary sermon in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening.

Sperry Shibley attended the New York excursion.

Mrs. Thomas Johnston has returned to Napanee after a week spent with relatives here.

### Where Inspiration Sits.

Mrs. Quilluser came tiptoeing softly into her husband's study, rested a hand lightly on his shoulder, and peered over at the sheaf of half-written sheets on his desk.

"What are you working on now, dearest?" she asked gently.

"On Mary's mittens," he answered, pleasantly, but without looking up.

Mrs. Quilluser studied a moment, as if planning. "Dearest, Willie needs a pair of shoes more than Mary does the mittens. I have already promised them to the poor boy. Hadn't you better work on Willie's shoes first, dear?"

"All right, Nellie, all right," he replied, kindly, turning his eyes up into Nellie's great patient ones.

Then he pushed back "An Ode to the Dancing Leaves," and cheerfully began to write a Sunday special on "A New Substitute for Coal."

### His Trouble.

"What brought you here, my poor man?" inquired the prison visitor.

"Well, lady," replied the prisoner, "I guess my trouble started from attending to my own wedding."

"Ah! You learned to drink there, or stole perhaps?"

"No, lady. I was always the bride groom."

### The New Tooth Brush.

It is the only brush handed you in a sealed box. You may thumb the samples in the display case all you want to, but the brush you purchase is fresh and clean, has never been touched by another customer. Every brush guaranteed to hold its bristles. Examine the display case on the counter at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

### Black Cough Knots, 5c.

Will stop the tickle in your throat and will arrest a cough if taken early enough. 5 cents at Wallace's Drug Store.

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# THE EXPRESS.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY  
finds us in the lead for  
Plumbing, Steam, Hot  
Water and Hot Air  
Heating.  
M. S. MADOLE.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22nd 1909

## SALE OF

## WORKING MEN'S SUITS

at \$5.00.

48 odd Tweed Suits, good colors and well made, sizes 35 to 40, regular \$6.50, 7 50, 8.50 and 9.00 Suits

Your Choice for  
\$5.00.

every Suit marked in plain figures so you can see exactly what you are getting.

On Sale

October 23rd to 30th.

## J. L. BOYES,

### BATH.

The school was closed on Thursday and Friday of last week, owing to the teachers attending the convention in Napanee.

Mrs. Lewis, one of our oldest inhabitants, died on Thursday, being nearly eighty-three years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Humphries, of Kansas, are visiting at Maxwell Robinson's. The steamer Aletha has been running very irregularly last week, owing to the recent rough weather.

Mrs. P. R. Davy and Miss Florence Davy left a few days ago for Tennessee.

Bargains galore of all kinds of groceries at slaughter sale, opposite The Robinson Co's store.

### FAIR VIEW.

The farmers are plowing. Those on the sick list are Maggie Lowery and Mrs. Lowery.

Mrs. Jane Lone returned home last week after visiting her brother, Chas. Glenn, in Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley File have returned home after spending a week in New York visiting their son, Walter File.

Schnyler Loucks is working Mrs. Hinch's farm.

Edward Lewis has moved on the corner on the Hess property.

Spice by the pound or by the box, thuzad by the spool or by the dozen at slaughter sale next Hooper's drug store.

## NEWS NOTES.

Brookville's population is now 9275, a gain of 143 the past year. Net gain in the assessment is \$103,300.

Mr. Geo. A. Ostrander, a well known and much liked citizen of Picton, committed suicide last Saturday evening.

The United States will admit free of duty wood-pulp from wood cut anywhere in Canada except on crown lands in Ontario or Quebec.

Sir Thomas Lipton, who has left for New York on the steamer Cedric, talks encouragingly of his prospect of securing another race for the America's Cup.

Over six hundred patients were marched out of the London asylum within less than three minutes when fire was discovered in the main building. The loss was trifling.

At Windsor, Ont., while Mrs. Helen Smith, aged sixty-seven years old, lay dead in a cheerless room, a scoundrel crept in and stole \$225 that lay beneath her pillow.

The board of appraisers, who have been adjusting the fire loss at the legislative buildings, reported to the government that the damage to the building had been placed at \$146,136.

Bringing what he declares to be absolute proof of the truth of Dr. Cook's claim to the discovery of the north pole, Knud. Rasmussen, Greenland, is on his way to Copenhagen.

Norman Dafeo, of Madoc, the little lad who swallowed Gillett's lye, some time ago, and has been under treatment at the Kingston general hospital, has been taken home. His case is hopeless.

Joseph McGuire, the G. T. R. Yardman, charged with neglect of duty in allowing to trains to collide near Mount Vernon a year ago, thus causing the loss of two lives, has been liberated on suspended sentence.

A cablegram was received by W. H. Blake, announcing that his father, Hon. S. H. Blake, K. C., travelling for the benefit of his health, was, on Tuesday, married at Rio Janeiro, to Miss Baird, who for some years past has been acting as his house-keeper and private secretary. Mr. and Mrs. Blake will return to Toronto at an early date.

A petition is being circulated in Ontario by the W.C.T.U. and other religious and reformatory agencies asking the pardon of Mrs. Anna Robinson, of Sudbury, who is under sentence of death for murder committed under intolerable provocation. The circumstances of this terrible case will be still in the public mind, and it would certainly be an infamous crime for society to permit the poor woman to be hanged by its order. But why do we have to depend upon the sympathy and activity of this multitude to get justice done in such a case! Could not the court consider the shocking facts and temper the law to so sadly shorn a victim? Here was a task which the jury might have done if juries were encouraged to try to do justice instead of being abused and badgered every time they depart from the wooden performance of their duties as automatic registers of the credibility of the witnesses. Suppose the press had not made the facts of the Robinson case known would she have been hanged out of hand?—Montreal Star.

## Flowers for Thanksgiving

Chrysanthemums, Carnations &c., fresh from the Dale Estate Florists on Saturday morning at The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

### STELLA.

The members of the Church Guild at Amherst Island invited all the parish-

## NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafeo and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,**

**Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,**

**Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

## DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafeo's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

**ROOMS TO LET**—Young gentlemen preferred. MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas street.

**WANTED**—Good General Servant, must be able to do plain cooking. Apply to MISS DEROCHÉ, East Street. 39tf

**WANTED**—40 Labourers, \$1.75 per day. Apply to Superintendent of POINT ANN QUARRY, Point Ann, Ont. 41tf

**STORES TO LET**—Store and Photo-graph Gallery, opposite Campbell House, Apply to M. PIZZARELLA, or John Allison. 45tf

**TO LET**—Mrs. Finkle's residence on Centre Street. Furnished or unfurnished as desired. All modern conveniences. Apply on premises. 57tf

**FOR SALE**—On reasonable terms—Four Double Cottages, on west-side of Ontario street. For particulars apply to R. C. CARTWRIGHT, at Gas Co. Office. 51

**LOST**—In one of the Napanee stores on Sept. 29th, a small ledger, wrapped in a newspaper, the property of Geo. E. Hawley, Missup. Will finder kindly leave same at this office. 45b

**SALESMAN**—Whole or part time. Liberal terms, prompt pay. Outfit free. Over 500 acres in trees. Write at once, "Canada's Oldest Nurseries," THOS. W. BOWMAN & SON CO., Limited, Ridgeville, Ont. 43-2m

**HOUSE FOR SALE**—Corner of John and Isabella Streets, one of the finest brick cottages in Napanee—a bargain for a quick buyer. Enquire on premises, M. N. HAWLEY. 45

**HOUSE FOR SALE**—The property on Mill Street, formerly owned by Mr. G. H. Embury, double frame house in good condition, good barn on property. (Apply to J. HIRSH, on the premises. 45tp)

**40 FARMS FOR SALE** in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

**VALUABLE FARM TO RENT**, consisting of eighty acres, one mile east of Odessa, on Lake Shore. One hundred and fifty dollars per year and taxes. Buildings and everything in first class condition. Possession 1st March, 1910. 42-1f

H. S. DAVY,  
Odessa, Ont.

## DOXSEE & CO.

## SPECIAL SALE!

SATURDAY,

October 2nd, '09

of Ladies' and Children's Cashmere Hose, regular price 40c and 50c.

Sale Price 20c, 28c, and 38c.

Everyday brings new models in fashionable Millinery. Extremes meet in this season's models, and large or small ones are equally good style and will have no difficulty in suiting the most fastidious taste.

## The Leading Millinery House

## THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL ..... \$3,000,000

RESERVE ..... 5,254,700

TOTAL DEPOSITS ..... 38,000,000

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Manager, Napanee Branch.

## MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER  
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

File.  
Schuyler Loucks is working Mrs. Hinch's farm.  
Edward Lewis has moved on the corner on the Hess property.

Spice by the pound or by the box, threaded by the spool or by the dozen at slaughter sale next Hooper's drug store.

#### COLEBROOK.

Orland Clement has moved to Kingston, where he has secured a position. Joseph Boyce has been appointed caretaker of the church.

Henry Woodruff has finished his verandah and painted his house.

Mrs. C. N. Garrison treated the school children to musk melon.

Miss Coral Benn has gone to Napanee to learn millinery.

Mrs. Wellington Brown is again on the sick list.

Miss Helen Wartman visited at Belleville this week.

Mrs. Loan has returned from Watertown, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Shangraw are visiting at C. N. Garrison's.

A good wash board for 10c; 50 clothes pins for 5c; 3 lbs. baking soda, 5c; 5 lbs. washing soda, 5c, are some bargain prices at Slaughter sale of groceries, opposite The Robinson Co.

#### DESERONTO ROAD.

The potato crop is about all housed with the exception of a small percentage of the crop which remains to be dug and mostly all the farmers report a good yield.

Rain commenced to fall on Monday the 11th inst. and since then up to the present we have had occasional showers with sleet and snow, which is a fore runner of what is in store for us in the near future.

The apple crop on this road is quite light this fall when compared with last year, and picking is about completed. Prices are looking better all the time for choice fruit.

Messrs. Kimmerly and Bowen, who are engaged white fishing over on the Prince Edward shore, have built a shanty and are stopping there most of the time.

Mr. Robert Sagar is visiting friends in Prince Edward County this week.

Mr. William McHenry sold one of his horses to Mr. Samuel Sagar, who is working the Rathbun farm on shares.

Mr. Parks, who bought the Rathbun Co. gardens, still continues his weekly trips to Kingston with full loads of apples and vegetables.

Mr. and Mrs. Foley, of Hawley, visited at Wm. Roach's on Sunday last.

Slaughter Sale of groceries continues till Saturday, October 30th, next Hooper's Drug Store.

#### ALWAYS TO THE FRONT.

News comes from Montreal that the Publishers of the Montreal Daily Star are doubling their mechanical equipment to meet the enormous growth in circulation and advertising patronage of that great Daily. The Star is bound to be to the front always in Canadian Newspaperdom. Its growth in circulation has been marvellous, and this is the best evidence of its superiority as a newspaper. We understand most elaborate plans are being completed to make the Star a greater newspaper than ever. No expense stands in the way to furnish the readers with the best news service at all times. The Montreal Daily Star, we understand, can be had in this territory at a special rate of \$1.00 per year, which is just one-third of the regular price, and at that figure no person should be without it.

**Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA**

Chrysanthemums, Carnations &c., fresh from the Dale Estate Florists on Saturday morning at The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

#### STELLA.

The members of the Church Guild at Amherst Island invited all the parishioners to a sumptuous repast in the Victoria Hall last evening, gotten up on the occasion of the Rev. Mr. Lindsay severing his connection with this parish and Ontario diocese and taking up the work of the church at Carberry, Man., where he has received a call. The attendance was very large and showed the high esteem Mr. Lindsay was held in during his two years in charge as rector of the parish. Rev. Mr. McTeer, from Bath, and the resident Presbyterian and Methodist ministers were cordially invited and delivered stirring addresses evidencing the deep regret they felt in losing one who worked so harmoniously with them.

An address was tendered by Mr. Arnold Weimp expressing the regret of the congregation and the presentation of a handsome pocket communion set and a purse of \$25.00, to which Mr. Lindsay replied in most touching and feeling terms. Mr. Fowler with his usual courteous and gentlemanly manner acted as chairman and after all ceremonies were over called on Mr. Lindsay to pronounce the benediction.

#### HAVE A LOOK.

At the Monarch Steel Range in M. S. Madole's window.

### TAX NOTICE.

#### TOWN OF NAPANEE.

Ratepayers are reminded that a percentage of 5 per cent. will be added on all taxes remaining unpaid after October 31st, 1909

W. A. GRANGE,

Municipal Clerk.

October 20th, 1909.

#### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Ezra Pero, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Ezra Pero, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of September, A. D. 1909, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the Executors of the last will and testament of the said Ezra Pero, deceased, on or before the 25th day of October, A. D. 1909, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security if any held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 25th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for said executors.  
Dated the 25th day of September, 1909.

#### IT'S

a poor time to experiment with patent medicines when you are ill. A doctor's prescription properly filled is the only safe course. But be sure you get "Quality Drugs."—We keep them.

T. B. WALLACE, Phm. B.

The Prescription Druggist,

Red Cross Drug Store,

Napanee.

Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

**VALUABLE FARM TO RENT**, consisting of eighty acres, one mile east of Odessa, on Lake Shore. One hundred and fifty dollars per year and taxes. Buildings and everything in first class condition. Possession 1st March, 1910.

H. S. DAVY,  
Odessa, Ont.

**FARM FOR SALE**—84 acres, all good land, well fenced, with good two story brick house, good cellar with cement bottom, furnace new, good outbuildings, cement floors in stables, new drive house, three good wells, one at house, one at barn and one in pasture field. All beautifully situated on the Napanee and Deseronto road and within one mile of the Town of Napanee.

Also Four Lots, all adjoining each other, just outside the town limits, on the Deseronto Road. An ideal building spot, choice land for building.

Also to RENT—Five acres, with good brick house, and barn, about four acres in orchard, balance garden. Situated on the Belleville Road at Motin Pleasant. Better known as the John H. Allison property.

MANLY JONES,  
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.  
Office over Coxall's grocery, Dundas Street, Napanee.

Napanee, October 15th, 1909.

#### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Selwin Guy Storrington.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Selwin Guy Storrington, late of the Township of Sheffield, in the County of Lennox and Addington, farmer, deceased, who died on or about 22nd day of Sept., 1909, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Hammel Madden DeRoche, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for Jno. M. Storrington, and Geo. Black, Executors, on or before 23rd day of November, 1909, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims and demands duly verified, and the nature of the security if any held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 23rd day of November, 1909, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

H. M. DEROCHE,  
Solicitor for the said executors  
Dated at Napanee, Saturday, Oct. 16th, 1909.

#### COURT OF REVISION.

#### TOWN OF NAPANEE.

Take notice that the Court of Revision of the Town of Napanee to revise the Assessment Roll of the said town for the year 1909, will be held at the Council Chamber in the Town Hall in the Town of Napanee, on TUESDAY THE 26th DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1909, at the hour of 7.30 p.m. All parties interested are hereby required to take notice.

WILLIAM A. GRANGE,

Municipal Clerk.

Dated Oct. 11th, 1909.

## MONEY TRANSACTIONS

of every nature may be correctly, conveniently and speedily performed through the medium of the

## Northern Crown Bank!

Travelers' and Commercial Letters of Credit issued, payable in any part of the world.

Bills of Exchange, Drafts and Orders on all countries bought and sold.

Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders sold.

#### MANAGERS:

Napanee Branch,

R. G. H. TRAVERS,

Manager,

Enterprise Branch,

W. F. MORGAN DEAN.

Act'g. Mgr.

Odessa Branch

A. P. S. DONALDSON,

Manager.

Bath Branch,

W. GORDON,

Act'g. Mgr.

## OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER:

\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

### Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.  
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

## J. H. CRAIG'S

## CRACKING MILLS!

now running at his new building on the

SOUTH SIDE OF THE  
NAPANEE MARKET.

## FEED GRINDING

Done Promptly at any time

We have the latest improved machinery and can guarantee you prompt service

## The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

CASH ASSETS EXCEED  
\$55,000,000.

Policy-holders of the above Company are hereby notified that the Agency has been transferred from D. L. Green to D. McClew, Napanee. All matters of transfer or endorsement, etc. in connection with existing Policies or any new business will be promptly attended to by

D. McCLEW, Agent, Napanee.  
OFFICE—Grange Block, John St.,  
P. O. Box 166.

Lanterns, Lantern globes, Burners, wicks, gas mantles and globes, fixtures at

BOYLE & SON'S.



# FOR THE GOOD OF OTHERS

The World's Ideal Life Is Symbolized by  
a Cross of Self-Sacrifice

"By love serve one another."—  
Gal. v. 13.

One of the wisest of the ancient Greeks declared that the free man was he who existed for himself and not, like a slave, for the sake of another. How sharply this contrasts with the essential teaching of the world's greatest religious leader, and they who find the full and free life must learn to live, not for themselves, but for others.

We have been for centuries burying the simple teachings of the prophet of Nazareth under survivals of ancient superstitions and masses of philosophical subtlety and speculation. Now when his real message is spoken it sounds so strange we call it a new religion. The doctrine that the greatest need of the universe is, that men should love one another and live for one another, has been neglected so long that it appears to be wholly new.

Your historians point to this and your philosophers to that as the essential article of Christian faith, but it is neither in historical records nor in theological formulas. The one thing that marks and makes the true man in religion is that he has learned that life is just the chance to love and to give life away. His faith is right who is right with his fellows.

## THE MOST IMPORTANT HOUR

in any life is that in which it becomes conscious of the fact of other lives pressing on it, constituting society about it, and making imperative demands upon it. The hour of real conversion is when one turns from living inward to living outward, from selfishness to social living, when the life begins to take the law of love as its guiding star.

Some lives never go through that change; they maintain to death the selfishness with which they were born, which is perfectly normal in the child, the selfishness of the life unconscious of the duties it owes to all other lives. They may pass through emotional religious ecstasies, but their souls, their best selves, remain bound in the bondage of self.

Every man begins a new life when he becomes conscious of the fact of social living, when he is touched with a feeling of the unity

of all living, when some measure of a passion of humanity begins to move him. Life takes on new significances. In that hour the poet's vision and the youth's ambition glow and burn within.

To live for others is to widen the bounds of life. Our sympathies make the measure of our souls. No man is any bigger than his heart. You are great, not according to the number of servants you have, but according to the number whom you freely serve in love.

Your hold on life depends on your self-investment in it. Your roots in society, in the universe, strike deep as you are investing yourself in it. So many lives have no root because they are afraid to strike down out of sight, to lose themselves. Sinking nothing in sacrifice, they soon dry up and

## ARE BLOWN AWAY.

Our modern problems of individual and social suffering, wrong and injustice, are marks of an age that has not learned to live by this law of self-giving. We still believe, whatever creeds our lips may utter, that every man must look out for himself; we reject the law that reigns universal through all the rest of nature that only in sacrifice and service is fullness and perpetuity of life found.

This is the faith most of all needed by our faith, faith so fully to believe in the law of love, of service, of sacrifice, that we will seek first of all the good of others, bear one another's burdens, live to make lives sweeter, happier, to serve rather than to be served, to find the sweet joy of kindness and count it more than any other gain.

This is the law of all life. All nature is ever giving, losing, sacrificing. What higher, wider, deeper faith do we need than this, just to go our simple ways, in home, on street, in store and shop, in family and human fellowship, taking life as the chance to find fullness of living so as to have the more life, the richer and more efficient life, with which to serve one another, giving life in the common things of living, in the kindly word, the sympathetic act, the courteous deed, the Christly spirit?

HENRY F. COPE.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
OCT. 24.

Lesson IV. Paul a Prisoner, Acts  
25. 6-12. Golden Text, 2

Tim. 1. 12.

## THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Time: Summer of A.D. 59. Place: Caesarea. Persons: Paul; Festus, the new governor; Herod Agrippa II., great-grandson of Herod the Great; Bernice, his sister, a notorious character; Jews from Jerusa-

tion; (2) that he had had his difficulties in accepting Jesus as the fulfillment of promise, until his miraculous conversion and commission to the Gentiles; (3) that the hostility of the Jews grew out of his zeal for what Moses and the prophets had distinctly taught (23).

6. The hope of the promise—Including the resurrection of all Jews to share in the Messianic kingdom, as well as the coming of the Messiah.

8. The question is equivalent to, "Why not believe that Jews was raised from the dead?"

9. Contrary to the name of Jesus—In order to stifle confusion of it.

10. Gave my vote against them—Establishing the fact that Paul was a member of the Sanhedrin.

## THE PROBLEM

Mrs. Chesham sat in her dingy little sitting-room, with her Problem for sole companion.

She sighed drearily as she reflected that in all the forty-five years of her life there had been very few indeed when she had been free from the presence of the Problem.

As a light-hearted girl in her poor, care-burdened father's vicarage—dear, dear, what wonderful apples they had been that grew in the vicarage orchard!—its presence had scarcely troubled her; but, still, she was well aware that it was there. As a bride of a year's standing, she had come to understand dimly that it was a very real thing, but it was not until her babies came that she had begun to long that the solution would present itself.

For hers was the everlasting and ever-troublesome problem of pence.

And yet, she reflected, grim and acute though the problem generally was, there were some whom it did not disturb, though it was ever with them. Her husband, for instance—dear, cheery, handsome Val Chesham—never allowed poverty to weigh upon his spirits. He had been so sure that one or more of these wonderful inventions of his would provide the wished-for solution. But none ever did; and she believed that it was only when he was dying that he realized that the problem was a grim, serious reality.

Since his death it had grown ever more importunate, always more insistent; but she was brave, and, though she had come to recognize it as her greatest—nay, her only—enemy, yet till now she had met it serenely as a gentlewoman should.

In past years it had often meant misery, and humiliation, even hunger; but she had grappled with its rows of figures undauntedly till now.

But now a new and ugly factor had presented itself—disgrace. For the first time in her hard, plucky, managing existence, the Problem was shaking her only weapon—her courage—to its very roots; for disgrace was the one thing she could not endure. And it had come from such an unexpected quarter. Her son, whom she had tried so hard to bring up well, in spite of everything, was charged with embezzling money belonging to the bank where, after herculean efforts, she had got him a clerkship. She sighed again, and looked with unseeing eyes down the village street.

The door opened softly, and a young man entered. He was a tall, handsome fellow.

Until a few short weeks before the Problem had sat as lightly upon him as had been the case with his careless, happy father before him. But now something of the shadow which had come to dwell permanently on his mother's face was upon his, though it was easy to see that it was, comparatively speaking, a new-comer.

"Ah, mother," he said softly, "still at those troublesome accounts?"

For answer she looked at him questioningly.

"Another remand," he replied

then be false to any man. Now run away, dear, and leave me to my accounts."

"All right, mother mine. But"—and here she seemed to hear his father speaking in him—"don't forget to put my invention to the credit side. It is all complete now, and it's worth—"

Mrs. Chesham raised her hand. "Don't you think, dear?" she said gently, "that in my life I have heard rather more than enough of inventions?"

"Yes, mother," said Val quietly; "I suppose you have."

The bitterness of death has often ben dwelt upon by poets and philosophers, but it is doubtful whether at some moments it is worse than the bitterness of life.

It was the hour of Mrs. Chesham's Calvary. She sat like an image of stern and unweeping grief carved in stone, in her dingy sitting-room, waiting—waiting. Her son was being tried at the courthouse not far away for his honor and his liberty.

As a witness she would not be required, and she preferred to bear her agony of suspense alone, where prying eyes could not witness her misery, nor well-meaning tongues offer their hateful condolences.

She was reviewing her blameless, pitiful life, groping, searching through its story, as we poor humans must do to find a reason for her punishment. Surely—surely she must deserve it all? The hand of Fate could not rest so heavily upon her without full and just cause.

Perhaps she had been too light-hearted and happy during her girlhood at the vicarage. Perhaps she had been too much wrapped up in her brief married happiness. Perhaps she had allowed herself to become too narrow and hard during all the years she had been struggling with the Problem. Perhaps—Ah, what was the use of it all? people ever yet receive as much or as little as they deserved?

But her boy—her handsome, clever son! He was the greatest sufferer, after all. She had made sacrifices, of course, to educate him, and place him in an honorable position in life; but now he was standing in a felon's dock, and he was innocent—she was sure of it. Of course, the source whence he obtained the money for his experiments was a mystery; not the least part of her punishment was the fact that he did not trust her with the solution to that mystery, whatever it was. But there was a solution, and an honorable one; she was certain of that.

The little clock on the mantelshelf tinkled out another hour. It could not be long now before she received news from the court, good or bad; but not yet—not yet!

Hark! Surely that was someone at the door! The latch was lifted—footsteps were approaching! Quiet, quiet, bursting, leaping heart! The awful suspense was over; the fateful news was coming. She must bear it quietly, as a gentlewoman should.

The footsteps were approaching nearer, nearer; they were here!

She turned her head slowly. Whom would her eyes fall upon? Would it be a sad-visaged friend, charged with the message which must break her gentle, proud heart—or—

"Val—oh, Val, my darling!" she cried. "You, my darling, and free—free! Oh, I knew it—I knew it." "Yes, mother dear." The lad was doing his manful best to keep his voice steady. "The accused,"

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HENRY F. COPE.

# THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

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OCT. 24.

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Tim. 1. 12.

## THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Time: Summer of A.D. 59. Place: Caesarea. Persons: Paul; Festus, the new governor; Herod Agrippa II., great-grandson of Herod the Great; Bernice, his sister, a notorious character; Jews from Jerusalem. Links: Festus gave prompt attention to the case of the Jews versus Paul (Acts 25. 1, 6, 13, 23). The hostile Jews attempted to have the case tried in Jerusalem, that they might carry out their plan to kill Paul, but Festus insisted upon their carrying their charges to Caesarea, where Felix had left Paul in bonds. Point of the Narrative: Festus, in order to please the Jews, invites Paul to be judged at Jerusalem, but he appeals to Caesar, knowing there is no justice for him in Jerusalem. Before Agrippa, who appears in Caesarea to pay his respects to Festus, Paul completely clears himself.

Chapter 25, verse 6. When he had tarried among them Festus, the successor of Felix, at Jerusalem.

Went down unto Caesarea Accompanied probably by the Jewish elders (verse 5).

7. Bringing against him many and grievous charges—These they

tion; (2) that he had had his difficulties in accepting Jesus as the fulfillment of promise, until his miraculous conversion and commission to the Gentiles; (3) that the hostility of the Jews grew out of his zeal for what Moses and the prophets had distinctly taught (23).

6. The hope of the promise — Including the resurrection of all Jews to share in the Messianic kingdom, as well as the coming of the Messiah.

8. The question is equivalent to, "Why not believe that Jews was raised from the dead?"

9. Contrary to the name of Jesus — In order to stifle confusion of it.

10. Gave my vote against them—Establishing the fact that Paul was a member of the Sanhedrin.

11. Punishing them . . . in all the synagogues—In various places in the Gospels we find references to the synagogues as places in which men were accused and punished (compare Matt. 10. 17).

To make them blasphemous — To deny the name of Jesus.

16-18. Paul here summarizes several revelations. The command to preach to the Gentiles was given later (compare Acts 22. 15 and 21).

22. To small and great—The Lord had said that he should bear his name before kings (Acts 9. 15).

22, 23. The teaching of the prophets and Moses was: (1) that Messiah should come; (2) that he should suffer; (3) that he should rise again from the dead; (4) that he should be preached to the Gentiles.

24. Much learning—The many writings, literally. Referring to Paul's conversance with the legal and prophetic literature of his nation.

but, still, she was well aware that it was there. As a bride of a year's standing, she had come to understand dimly that it was a very real thing, but it was not until her babies came that she had begun to long that the solution would present itself.

For hers was the everlasting and ever-troublesome problem of pence.

And yet, she reflected, grim and acute though the problem generally was, there were some whom it did not disturb, though it was ever with them. Her husband, for instance—dear, cheery, handsome Val Chesham—never allowed poverty to weigh upon his spirits. He had been so sure that one or more of these wonderful inventions of his would provide the wished-for solution. But none ever did; and she believed that it was only when he was dying that he realized that the problem was a grim, serious reality.

Since his death it had grown ever more important, always more insistent; but she was brave, and, though she had come to recognize it as her greatest—nay, her only—enemy, yet till now she had met it serenely as a gentlewoman should.

In past years it had often meant misery, and humiliation, even hunger; but she had grappled with its rows of figures undauntedly till now.

But now a new and ugly factor had presented itself—disgrace. For the first time in her hard, plucky, managing existence, the Problem was shaking her only weapon—her courage—to its very roots; for disgrace was the one thing she could not endure. And it had come from such an unexpected quarter. Her son, whom she had tried so hard to bring up well, in spite of everything, was charged with embezzling money belonging to the bank where, after herculean efforts, she had got him a clerkship. She sighed again, and looked with unseeing eyes down the village street.

The door opened softly, and a young man entered. He was a tall, handsome fellow.

Until a few short weeks before the Problem had sat as lightly upon him as had been the case with his careless, happy father before him. But now something of the shadow which had come to dwell permanently on his mother's face was upon his, though it was easy to see that it was, comparatively speaking, a new-comer.

"Ah, mother," he said softly, "still at those troublesome accounts?"

For answer she looked at him questioningly.

"Another remand," he replied bitterly; "the same bail as before!"

Once more Mrs. Chesham sighed. "Thompson is doing the best he can," went on the young man; "but he thinks that next week we had better have counsel down. He thinks that the next hearing will complete the case, and that then it will—he gulped—"stand over till the assizes. He suggests my getting a K. C.; but the expense is sure to be heavy, and perhaps, mother darling, we ought to think of that, and do the best we can without one."

"You must have the best assistance it is possible to obtain, Val," she said quietly. "I was arranging for that when you came in."

A tense silence descended upon the shabby little room, and it affected the young man deeply. His head sank upon his arms.

"Valentine!" said Mrs. Chesham at last.

image of stern and unweeping grief carved in stone, in her dingy sitting-room, waiting—waiting. Her son was being tried at the courthouse not far away for his honor and his liberty.

As a witness she would not be required, and she preferred to bear her agony of suspense alone, where prying eyes could not witness her misery, nor well-meaning tongues offer their hateful condolences.

She was reviewing her blameless, pitiful life, groping, searching through its story, as we poor humans must do to find a reason for her punishment. Surely—surely she must deserve it all? The hand of Fate could not rest so heavily upon her without full and just cause.

Perhaps she had been too light-hearted and happy during her girlhood at the vicarage. Perhaps she had been too much wrapped up in her brief married happiness. Perhaps she had allowed herself to become too narrow and hard during all the years she had been struggling with the Problem. Perhaps—Ah, what was the use of it all? people ever yet receive as much or as little as they deserved?

But her boy—her handsome, clever son! He was the greatest sufferer, after all. She had made sacrifices, of course, to educate him, and place him in an honorable position in life; but now he was standing in a felon's dock, and he was innocent—she was sure of it. Of course, the source whence he obtained the money for his experiments was a mystery; not the least part of her punishment was the fact that he did not trust her with the solution to that mystery, whatever it was. But there was a solution, and an honorable one; she was certain of that.

The little clock on the mantelshelf tinkled out another hour. It could not be long now before she received news from the court, good or bad; but not yet—not yet!

Hark! Surely that was someone at the door? The latch was lifted—footsteps were approaching! Quiet, quiet, bursting, leaping heart! The awful suspense was over; the fateful news was coming. She must bear it quietly, as a gentlewoman should.

The footsteps were approaching nearer, nearer; they were here!

She turned her head slowly. Whom would her eyes fall upon? Would it be a sad-visaged friend, charged with the message which must break her gentle, proud heart or—

"Val—oh, Val, my darling!" she cried. "You, my darling, and free—free! Oh, I knew it—I knew it."

"Yes, mother dear." The lad was doing his manful best to keep his voice steady. "The accused, having been told that he left the court without a stain upon his character, stepped from the dock a free man, amid the plaudits of his friends." Oh, mother—

But she was in his arms now. The pride which had kept her face like a mask all these leaden weeks had melted, and she sobbed like a little child.

\* \* \* \* \*

By-and-by she recovered her calmness. "How foolish of me!" she said, wiping her eyes. "Oh, I am so glad, my dear—so glad. But I do not know we had a visitor, Val."

A tinge of reproach came into her voice as she noted the presence of the sweet-faced girl who, weeping herself, had stayed in a dark corner of the room whilst mother and son mingled their tears.

"No, of course not, mother. But you know Muriel—Miss Chalfont, our manager's daughter."

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Now want of a little money should prevent him from experimenting and perfecting it, that—that— Well, you see, my mother left me some money—more than ever I shall want—and so, after a lot of persuading, I got him to take some of it, on the strict understanding that I was a partner, and was to be paid large interest on every penny. Then, just before all this hideous business, I had to go to Germany, and he, foolish, proud fellow, made up his mind that he would undergo any punishment rather than my part of the affair should become known!"

Mrs. Chesham smiled fondly upon her son; then her face clouded. "Oh, these inventions—these inventions!" she sighed, thinking of the Problem of Poverty, which might still have to be faced.

"But this isn't the same as—as those others, mother dear," said Val quietly. "Immediately Muriel heard of the affair she told her father and the directors everything, and also that she was coming into court to tell it in the witness-box on my behalf. That wasn't necessary. But one of the directors—old Petersfield, the cottonmill owner; you know him—became so interested in the affair that he asked to see the plans, and when he had got the hang of them, why, he saw the value of the thing at once, gave me a cheque for two thousand pounds on the spot—here it is—for a quarter interest in my share, has promised to float a company to put it on the market, and reckons that I shall make the amount of his cheque every year for many a long year to come. So it's good-bye to our troubles, mother, and the everlasting Problem; and there is only one thing I need to complete my happiness, and that you can give me."

"What is it, my son?"

"Your blessing on Muriel and myself."

And the gentle mother gave it.—London Answers.

## NOVEL FUEL.

### Water-Proofing Was Used by Nansen in Greenland.

All the materials that go into the making of oilcloth are highly inflammable, but it is seldom that this is used as fuel. In crossing the great ice-cap of Greenland, some twenty years ago, Nansen and his men had much difficulty in getting water for any purpose. Every drop was frozen, and it took fuel to melt the ice and snow. Fuel was not to be had from the country, and their supply of spirits for burning ran low. Whatever of their outfitting was found needless had to be abandoned or put to some other use than that for which it had been taken. The extreme cold rendered waterproofing useless except for the heat it might supply.

Although the snow-shoes were too valuable to be sacrificed, it was desirable that the sledge-loads should be reduced if possible. Oilcloth covers had been brought for the sleeping-bags, but these were found to be unnecessary, and accordingly they were condemned. Everybody felt, however, that simply to leave them would be most unsatisfactory, and some one suggested that oilcloth would make a good fire on which to cook the supper.

The idea was at once carried into effect, with the further improvement that the fire was lighted inside the tent, and an empty biscuit-tin was pressed into the service as



# HOME.

## MEAT DISHES.

**Cold Meat Loaf.**—Two cupfuls chopped fresh or cooked meat, one egg, piece of butter if meat is lean, one cupful of sweet milk, two cupfuls of crackers or bread crumbs, one apple chopped fine, one onion chopped fine, salt, pepper, and sage to taste. Bake one hour.

**Veal Chops and Bacon.**—Get rib chops instead of the more expensive cutlets. Mode: Fry bacon first and keep hot. Dip chops in egg and flour (having previously seasoned the flour with salt, pepper, and sage if liked) and fry in bacon fat, using more fat if necessary. Cook quickly at first to seal the juices, then slowly for about three quarters of an hour, as veal should always be well done to make it digestible. Lay the bacon around the outside edge of the chops when serving. Try it and see if you ever tasted a more savory or delicious dish.

**Casserole of Beef.**—Line a casserole or baking dish with boiled rice about one-half inch thick. Fill this cup with well seasoned boiled beef or any leftover meat, ground. Place a rice covering over all and heat them in the oven. Serve with sauce of one cupful strained tomatoes, eight teaspoonfuls of flour and butter, salt, pepper, and sugar to taste; place one onion in mixture, removing when done.

**Leftover Steak.**—Boil till tender in slightly salted water, to which has been added four cloves and a dash of paprika. Chop fine, almost to a paste. Add chopped parsley, onion, half a green pepper, a beaten egg, and mix. Season with salt, paprika and juice of half a lemon. Cook together one cupful of cream, a tablespoonful of butter, and flour to thicken. Season with nutmeg. Put this sauce into the chopped mixture, shape into cutlets and set in ice box for half hour. Dip in egg and crumbs and fry in deep fat till a golden brown. Serve on rounds of toast and garnish with parsley and slices of lemon and tomato. Cold veal, chicken, or potroast may be used instead of steak.

## SMALL CAKES

**Lemon Wafers.**—One-half cupful butter, one-half cupful sugar, yolks of two eggs, the grated rind of a lemon, one cupful of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder. Spread thin on iron sheets, sprinkle with chopped almonds, bake, and cut into squares while hot.

**Walnut Wafers.**—Beat two eggs until light, then add one-half pound light brown sugar that has been rolled fine, one-half pound of chopped nuts, three even teaspoonfuls of flour, a pinch of salt, and one-half teaspoonful of baking powder. Drop small spoonfuls on buttered pans and bake until light brown.

**Afternoon Tea Scones.**—Sift a quart of flour three times with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and one of salt. Chop into this a tablespoonful of butter and one of lard for shortening. Mix in a bowl with a wooden spoon into a dough by adding three cupfuls of sweet milk, or enough to make a soft dough. Do not touch with your hands. Lay the dough upon your kneading board, and roll into a sheet half an

## DOUGHNUTS.

1. One cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of sour cream, one-half cupful of sour milk, two eggs unbeaten, one level teaspoonful of soda in milk, one square of chocolate melted. Fry in hot lard, then dip quickly in hot water and roll in powdered sugar. Fine for picnics.

2. One cupful of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of melted butter, three eggs well beaten, one-half cupful of sour milk, one-half cupful of sweet milk, one-half teaspoonful of soda in milk, one teaspoonful of baking powder in flour; nutmeg, salt; use just enough flour to stiffen with a spoon; take from the pan with spoon and spread on board; let rise fifteen minutes; then with a sharp knife cut off and bring together, and fasten with fingers, and fry in lard; do not use hands to mix; use spoon.

3. Sift together three times four cupfuls of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one teaspoonful salt; beat two eggs, one cupful of sugar, one cupful of sour cream, one-quarter teaspoonful of soda added to cream; add flour mixture and roll out in the usual way. Simple and good.

## WORTH KNOWING.

A soothing drink for tired nerves is a cup of scalded milk.

To mix corn bread more easily, warm the bowl that it is mixed in.

To prepare soft cheese for macaroni, rub it through a fine sieve with a spoon.

Cayenne pepper blown into the cracks where ants congregate will drive them away.

To have onions and turnips free from strong taste, change water several times while cooking.

Care, cleanliness, and storing in a dark place are three factors in successfully canning tomatoes.

An experienced housewife hangs up bunches of sweet clover in the clothes closets in summer to keep away moths.

Never use anything but a syringe and warm water for cleansing the ears.

Before laying a carpet, if moths are suspected, it is well to rub the boards over with turpentine.

Keep a flat file in your kitchen table drawer on which to sharpen bread, meat and chopping knives.

When frying mush, dip the slices first in the white of an egg. This makes it crisp.

A scratch on polished furniture can be almost obliterated by rubbing vigorously with linseed oil.

To have a beautifully browned pie crust, brush with cream or milk when ready for the oven.

It is said that prunes are greatly improved if a little cider is added to the water in which they are cooked.

Celery may be kept for several days if it is placed in a glass jar, sealed and kept in a cool place. When wanted, it should be soaked in ice water.

If soda is mixed with flour in making ginger cookies with sour milk, instead of being dissolved in milk as in the usual way, they will be lighter.

If you overboil potatoes, you can drain off the water and dry them out over the fire. Afterwards they can be mashed and beaten in the usual way.

There can be little doubt that ordinary buttermilk, with its mixed micro-organisms, is of great value in the cure of many minor ailments.

Sweet milk will clean piano keys beautifully and will also take dis-

## MAIDENS AS SOLDIERS

### WERE ONCE RECKONED A FIGHTING STRENGTH.

#### In the Early Ages Women Fought and Died on the Field of Battle.

From the nature of things women soldiers can only be found as a class among barbarians—up to this time at any rate. The Dahomay Amazons made a poor show against the French, but Burton had been much impressed with them forty years earlier—and he was a judge. The discipline was terribly severe in his time; he did not doubt they were very formidable troops. Relaxation of discipline ruined them, says the Pall Mall Gazette.

The mythical Amazons claim a word, since Prof. Sayce adduced such striking evidence to suggest that they were the warrior priestesses of the Hittite invaders. Of the American Amazons it may be recalled that Humboldt thought the legend not impossible; and he had studied the original records. Very few who have written on the subject are thus qualified probably, but Mr. Alfred Wallace has shown us lately that Spruce, the great botanist, looked into the evidence carefully and formed a strong opinion that it was trustworthy.

#### THE VIKINGS.

Much more interesting are the shield maidens of the Vikings. Would that we knew more about them personally. The historical sagas allude to them, but always, so far as I remember, in a matter of fact way, as to male personages. One of the very grandest poetic sagas is that of the Shield Maiden Hervor, but even this takes for granted nearly everything we particularly want to know. She dressed as a man, and joined the Vikings. Presently she gained the command of her party—and the story opens, true in the main probably.

The circumstantial account of the Battle of Bravoll between Sigurd of Denmark and Harald Hilditoun of Norway mentions several shield maidens who commanded troops. One even bore Harald's standard. All fought like heroes, or remans, and I think all died on the field; but it seems that they were only women who rose to command by daring and military genius. Is there any authority for the legends of Viking bands wholly feminine?

The old Irish "Book of Lecan" says casually "for men and women went alike to battle in those days"; and the record of tribal obligations called "Hosting" reckoned women among

#### THE FIGHTING STRENGTH.

Moreover, the life of Abbot Adamnan, of Iona, tells how he, hearing of this dreadful practice, went to Ireland, called an assemblage of the chiefs and bishops and persuaded them to pass a law, still extant, entitled, "Lex Innocentium," which forbade this summoning of women to war. It seems likely, however, that they still turned out of their own free will—indeed, the practice is not yet extinct, by all accounts.

At the present day, in Europe, the Montenegrins and their hereditary foes of Albania include the women among their fighting force—or did, at any rate, a very few



simply to leave them would be most unsatisfactory, and some one suggested that oilcloth would make a good fire on which to cook the supper.

The idea was at once carried into effect, with the further improvement that the fire was lighted inside the tent, and an empty biscuit-tin was pressed into the service as a cooking-pot. The oilcloth blazed up splendidly, but most pleasures have their attendant pains, and in a few minutes a horrible black smoke filled the tent and almost blinded the occupants, most of whom took refuge in the sleeping-bags, with their heads well covered.

Some one, however, had to stay and look after the tea-making; but long before enough snow was melted the tin began to leak, and a more water-tight vessel had to be found. Eventually the tea was made and disposed of, although at the same time it was agreed that oilcloth was a most unsuitable fuel for use in a small tent. The next morning the fire was made outside, with perfectly satisfactory results, and enough snow was melted for a real thirst-quenching drink all round, which was a treat not enjoyed every day.

A more personal effect of the oilcloth fire was a thick coating of soot over the faces of the company. This continued to decorate them for many a day, washing being entirely at a discount, for water was far too scarce to be used in this way; and even if it had been plentiful, it would have been unwise to apply it to the face, as it seemed to make the skin more liable to crack and peel off under the combined glare of sun and snow.

#### CARES FOR ORPHANS.

##### Australian Government Looks After Them.

In Australia they have as nearly as possible abolished orphans. As soon as a child loses its parents it is taken by a police officer to a respectable woman, who cares for it and gets together the data required for its record. Then, acting as agent for the children's council, she and the officer take the child to the Children's Court, where the facts are entered, and it is legally put under control of the council. When these formalities are completed the council selects from among the farmers of the state a home adapted to the child, who is informed of his relations to the council and his new home. He is put under the special charge of an officer of the council, and sometimes two or three homes are tried before a successful one is found.

In rare instances it becomes necessary to send a boy or girl to a reformatory. The child as soon as old enough is sent to school, and is taught farming. There are parole officers in each locality who watch over the interests of the orphans.

There are also local boards of women who act as friendly supervisors and visitors. Up to 13 years of age the state pays all expenses. Then the child begins regular work at 24 cents per week, and until he is 16 three-quarters of what he earns is put in the postal savings bank. Wages rise steadily till 21 is reached, and then if a girl marries or a boy wishes to learn a trade, their savings, under the advice of the council, are given them.

What does it profit a woman to get her hat on straight if her complexion isn't?

teaspoonful of baking powder and one of salt. Chop into this a tablespoonful of butter and one of lard for shortening. Mix in a bowl with a wooden spoon into a dough by adding three spoonfuls of sweet milk, or enough to make a soft dough. Do not touch with your hands. Lay the dough upon your kneading board, and roll into a sheet half an inch thick. Cut into round cakes with your biscuit cutter, and bake upon soapstone griddle to a light brown. Split and butter while hot. Chocolate eclairs.—Take two tablespoonfuls of butter; also half a pint of milk and boil. Add half pint sifted flour and cook for two minutes, beating well. Set away to cool, and when cool beat in four eggs. Beat vigorously for about fifteen minutes. Have tin sheets or shallow pans slightly buttered. Have ready also a tapering tin tube with smaller opening about three-fourths of inch in diameter. Place this in the small end of a conical cotton pastry bag. Put the mixture in the bag and press out on buttered pans, having each eclair nearly three inches long. Bake in moderately hot oven for about twenty-five minutes. Take from oven and while still warm coat them with chocolate. When cold cut open on side and fill with the following described preparation: Filling—Mix in a bowl half a pint of rich cream, one teaspoonful of vanilla; and four tablespoonfuls of sugar. Place the bowl in a pan of ice water, and beat the contents until light and firm, using either an egg beater or a whisk.

#### KITCHEN HELPS.

To Settle Coffee.—Wipe the coffee pot off with a cold wet cloth to settle coffee.

Too Much Salt.—If too much salt has been added to any dish, a little sugar and a suspicion of vinegar will often rectify the mistake.

To Keep Olives.—It is readily noticed that when a large bottle of olives is opened and the contents only partly used the remainder, though left in the brine, become comparatively tasteless. If half an inch of olive oil is poured on the top and the bottle well corked the olives will keep their flavor.

Bread Raising.—These first cool days when the bread rises slowly, shut your bread and a teakettle of boiling water up together in a cupboard, and the bread will come as quickly as in hot weather. If one has no cupboard put them in a box or even cover them up closely together.

A home made labor saver of which any house-keeper may be proud is a combination flour and corn meal bin, table, and molding board. To make get a pine box, an old piano or organ box will do—and cut it down to 4 feet 6 inches in length, eighteen inches high, and twenty-one inches wide. Put four legs underneath to make this box the height of an ordinary kitchen table and hinge the lid. On the inside, front, and back, nail a narrow molding about four inches below the top of the box. The kneading board rests and slides freely on this molding. Divide the box crossways into two compartments, one for wheat flour, the other for corn meal or other flour. On the inside, against the back, nail a small shelf to hold salt, baking powder, biscuit cutter, measuring spoon, etc. Keep the rolling pin and sifter in one bin out of the dust. Cover the box lid with white oilcloth and stain or paint exterior to match the other woodwork.

cream on the water and dry them out over the fire. Afterwards they can be mashed and beaten in the usual way.

There can be little doubt that ordinary buttermilk, with its mixed micro-organisms, is of great value in the cure of many minor ailments.

Sweet milk will clean piano keys beautifully and will also take discolorations from gilt mirror and picture frames.

Cakes without butter, such as sponge cake and lady fingers, require a quick oven with the exception of angels' food and sunshine cake.

Milk may be kept from scorching, says a good cook, if the pan in which it is to be cooked is rinsed in cold water before the milk is poured in.

A vanilla bean kept in the sugar box will impart a delicious flavor to the sugar. This is a bit of advice from a French chef.

After washing the lamp chimney polish it with dry salt. It makes the glass bright and will prevent its breaking.

To protect cooling puddings and jellies from dust and germs while standing on the window sill, cover with a sheet of glass.

Ivory knife handles that have become yellowed by constant washing may usually be whitened by a rubbing with emery paper and a polishing with chamois.

To keep coffee pot clean and free from odor, use scalding water, no soap, and rub off the brown film which collects on inside with salt. Rinse and dry well.

When running brass rods through window curtains put an old glove finger over the end that is being pushed through the hem. Unless this is done the material is apt to tear.

#### SUCCESSCROWNS EFFORT

##### Hustler Generally Gets What He Worked For.

Perhaps you have heard the story of the young fellow in a big office who was laughed at by his associates for working harder than seemed necessary. They asked him one day what good it did him and what he expected to get. "The big desk in the corner," said the hustler. And there was much laughter, because the big desk in the corner was the manager's. But the day came when the young man who liked work sat there and gave orders. Some men, it is true, have no big desk, no pleasant or better position in sight. But those who have not are fewer in number than any near-sighted socialist thinks. The great thing to do is not to "knock" the man ahead of you and make yourself sore by coveting his job, but to look for his strong points, the points at which he outweighs you, and develop them yourself. And no one can develop in himself any quality he cannot learn first to admire in some one else.

#### ALWAYS WITH US.

An enquirer wants to know where the liars go to, but up to date there is no evidence they have gone anywhere.

#### A WIFE'S LITTLE FLING.

"I really don't know what my husband will do while I'm away!" "O, he'll get along all right." "I presume he will. But he will have no one to blame when he cuts himself while shaving."

women to war. It seems likely, however, that they still turned out of their own free will—indeed, the practice is not yet extinct, by all accounts.

At the present day, in Europe, the Montenegrins and their hereditary foes of Albania include the women among their fighting force—or did, at any rate, a very few years ago—before Prince Nicholas had organized his army. All departments of supply were left to the wives and daughters; also the recovery and transport of the wounded. But when the fighting line was seriously pressed the women reinforced it. Assuredly they would have followed the old custom, in spite of the Prince's reforms, had Austria advanced into the Black Mountain the other day.

#### IS THERE GOLD IN VIGO BAY?

##### Hard to Say Just How Much There May Be.

There may be—as is asserted by the treasure-hunting expedition now being organized—\$100,000,000 worth of gold and silver at the bottom of Vigo Bay—or there may not.

When Admiral Rooke engaged the Spanish galleons there, in Queen Anne's reign, they certainly contained much treasure; and some of this went down with them.

How much is problematical. In the hurry and fury of the fight there was little chance to take stock of individual happenings, and it is a matter of common knowledge that the British Jack Tars helped themselves to enormous quantities of booty, the bulk of which never appeared in the official prize returns.

Indeed, when the fleet anchored at Portsmouth after the battle, the innkeepers there bought great stores of bar gold by the pound at less than one-half its real value, so common was it, while doubloons were exchanged at three to the guinea, although the two coins were nearly equal as regards intrinsic worth.

The Spanish sailors and soldiers, too, looted a lot of both coined and uncoined gold. Over \$10,000,000 worth was landed at one time, and seized by the Government; but as in the case of the British, what was kept by the purloiners was far in excess of that which the authorities contrived to regain possession of.

Then, again, during the years immediately following the great battle, scores of treasure-hunters, some authorized, many more mere piratical adventurers, hovered over the spot, and unless rumor lies most confoundingly, many of them reaped exceedingly rich rewards. Thus, one enterprising Scotsman, named Dickson, recovered enough silver to build a stately mansion in Perthshire, which he christened "Dollar House."

But it is worthy of note that he secured not a single ounce of the more precious metal, none of which he roundly asserted was to be found there, "else I should not have bin sic a fule as tae content mysel' wi' siller."

Altogether, then, the prospects of the new expedition do not appear to be over rosy.

Browne—"How surprised we should be if we could see ourselves at others see us!" Towne—"Yes; but think how surprised the others would be if they could see us as we see ourselves!"

# MYSTERY OF THE VIOLIN

VARY IN PURITY OF SOUND  
AND DURABILITY.

Instrument Contains Over Sixty  
Parts—How the Tone is  
Produced.

No instrument is more full of mysteries than the fiddle. To the uninitiated the violin is simply four strings stretched across a queer-shaped resonant box. Few guess that this box is made up of fifty-eight pieces cunningly devised to increase the volume of tone of the strings, and that the reason of the influence exerted in this direction by certain parts has long baffled the keenest brains. So sensitive is the instrument that the sound post, the little piece of wood which supports the upper surface, has been called the soul of the violin.

It not only transmits the vibrations of the strings, but according to its position affects the quality and power of the tone. Even violinists do not always sufficiently consider the proportionate thickness of strings with regard to the make of the instrument.

## LOOK TO THE STRINGS.

If thick strings are used the pressure of the four strings on the instrument will be 62½ lbs.; if a set of medium thickness is put on the total pressure will be 60½ lbs.; but if thin strings be employed the strain will drop to 52½ lbs. Old instruments should not, as a rule, be heavily strung, owing to the delicacy of construction and the elasticity of the wood. In such instruments a high tension will arrest full vibration, and natural richness of tone will be lost. On the other hand, the tone of modern strongly built violins will often be improved by the use of thick strings.

The question of tone is so much thought of in these days that the choice of strings is of great importance. In spite of their being said to be made of catgut, they owe nothing to the internal economy of pussy. Strings are derived from the intestines of sheep and goats and the best from lambs. They are manufactured in Italy, France, Germany and England, and greatly vary in purity of sound and durability.

## COLORED WATER.

Sold to the Poor of Paris as a  
Great Cure-All.

An elaborate scheme of alleged swindling is being investigated by the police of Paris. Some months ago a man, believed to be an Englishman, and calling himself "Dr. Raff," opened premises in a populous street in Paris and advertised very widely certain remedies for every ill that flesh is heir to.

He called them the "new era American remedies," and in addition to advertising them he sent men into the suburbs to explain the remarkable properties of his medicine. These men called chiefly upon people of the humblest classes. They were told that Dr. Raff's remedies were very cheap, and that treatment could be carried on either by correspondence or by visiting his establishment.

This place was usually thronged with credulous people, and Dr. Raff seemed to be enjoying a very

## SELF-INVITED GUESTS.

In London Many Strangers Gained  
Admittance at Receptions.

The season which has just closed was noticeable for an increase in the number of people who attended receptions and dances at great houses in London uninvited. Some of these self-invited guests even had the temerity to invade Buckingham Palace, attending the first state balls.

It was this, Truth states, that led to the Lord Chamberlain sending a special card with each invitation, which had to be shown on arrival at the palace. There seems, indeed, to be an impression that presentation at Court entitles attendance at a state ball, but such is not the case.

Many hostesses welcome people whom they have not invited, but these as a rule are brought on by a common friend. There have been several flagrant cases this season where perfect strangers have strolled into a social gathering.

The object, as a rule, is to scrape acquaintance, with the hope of obtaining cards later on for other entertainments, and in this way creep into society.

A well-known peer said recently that in many ways it was difficult to stop the custom. "I have to give great political receptions, and even if I suspect a lady or gentleman to be there uninvited, I am helpless. I might be quite wrong, and the result would be a small scandal, with possible alienation of a valuable supporter."

Smaller cards than those at present in use, to be given to a footman on arrival, may be adopted in order to keep out undesirable persons.

## BOERS ARE FOR BRITAIN.

South African Journalist Makes  
Strong Statement.

Perhaps the most striking feature of the Imperial Press Delegates' tour was the speech made by Mr. Fichardt, one of the South African delegates, at the banquet given by the Lord Mayor of Sheffield. Mr. Fichardt is editor of "The Friend," of Bloemfontein. He fought with the Boers in the South African war, and was made a prisoner. Replying to the toast of "The Guests," at a very late hour on Wednesday, he said:

"England brought to my country war and devastation. She conquered the flag of the country, but she did not conquer the heart and spirit of the race. After the war there was an aftermath of bitterness—the bitterness of a sullen and discontented people, who waited the opportunity to strike another blow for that freedom for which they had given so much. But that was a wonderful day. A wonderful thing happened. In spite of all the cost, in spite of all the millions of money that had been expended, and the precious blood that had been shed, you came to us open-handed, gracious, and kindly, and presented us with the freedom which we asked for (cheers). And you then, for the first time, and I hope for ever, conquered the hearts of the South African people (loud cheers)."

"What of the future? We, in my country, have watched with a certain amount of envy what the great sister dominions across the seas have been able to do. We are a little country and we are poor. We cannot present Dreadnoughts, but this I can promise,

## WEALTH AWAITS OWNERS

HOW CLUES TO UNCLAIMED  
MONEY MAY BE FOUND.

Fortune of \$1,000,000 Recovered  
Years After the Death of  
the Intestate.

If all the unclaimed funds in British dominions could be gathered together, the sum would be a mass of wealth greater, perhaps, than any other in the world, says London Answers.

Many clues of fortunes awaiting owners are more or less easily accessible. A class of peculiar interest to the descendants of people who have settled in Britain overseas, and then got out of touch with those at home, are the lists published by Colonial Governments. These are usually printed in the official "Gazettes" only, though in some cases they are issued in separate form also; and—here is a glimpse of the romance associated with them—one of them once included the name of a man who was transported to Van Diemen's Land, turned over a new leaf, and died wealthy and respectable, leaving a huge fortune, which was successfully claimed by some poor people in his native village. The lists for any Colony can, as a rule, be consulted at the agent-general's office in London.

## WHEN THE CROWN DISGORGES

Similar information to that relating to the Colonies is published by the India Office as regards intestates who have died in that country.

Our own Government publishes yearly two lists of people who have died intestate, and without known heirs—one for England, and the other for Scotland. Till 1884 the estates of such persons were recoverable by legitimate heirs after any lapse of time; but now the Statute of Limitations applies to them. Frequently, however, the Crown has had to disgorge—once to the extent of £200,000, which was recovered years after the death of the intestate.

An important omission from the annual lists is the value of estates, which the Crown likes to keep dark. It is easy to discover, however, precisely how any given intestate "cut up," for on paying a shilling at Somerset House you can see at what amount the estate was sworn.

Of more general interest than any of the foregoing pointers to dead men's gold is the official list of unclaimed and dormant funds in Chancery. Published every three years as a supplement to the "London Gazette," it can be purchased for one shilling, or consulted free of charge at the Law Courts, and is well worth looking at even by those who have no expectations.

There are several other official lists of unclaimed funds, notably those of soldiers' balances and unclaimed Government Stock and dividends respectively. The channel by which information is given about the derelict wealth which accrues from the Army is the "London Gazette," in which are published periodically lists of soldiers' unclaimed balances. A difficulty—often an insuperable difficulty—in recovering these amounts, some of which are considerable, is due to the fact that numbers of them stand in assumed names. Former-

## AN ADEPT IN CRIME.

Most Notorious of Spanish Bandits  
in the Toils.

Jose Tisaira, the boldest and most dangerous of Spanish bandits, has been captured at Algeciras.

The history of this criminal is remarkable. Twenty years ago he killed a priest at Palau and burned the corpse. For this he was condemned to death, but was pardoned while on his way to execution. He was transported to the prison at Ceuta, but soon effected his escape.

Then for some time he lived among the Moors, but so numerous were his depredations that he was forced to flee. Shortly after he fell into the hands of the Spanish authorities, but succeeded in escaping a second time, though in so doing he was severely wounded.

His next step was to ingratiate himself with the Moorish bandit Valiente, but his desperate robberies and crimes eclipsed those of that blood-thirsty ruffian. Valiente became jealous of Tisaira, and sent him to Tangier where the engaged himself to an agriculturist in a large way. Soon the bandit had plundered his employer to such an extent that the latter denounced him to the authorities, and he had to take refuge in flight.

Tisaira's next scene of operations was Guadajajara, where he met a former dissolute companion. The two quarreled, and Tisaira killed his old friend with a couple of revolver shots. The police arrested him and were conveying him to Madrid by train when he jumped from the carriage, and badly injured himself in the fall. He managed, however, to break his chains, and drag himself to Gerona. After his recovery he began a series of robberies—in one case raiding a tax office and getting away with £3,000—but he again fell into the hands of the police. He was taken to Ceuta, but last July he made his fourth escape.

## FORGERS FOOL GOVERNMENTS

Skilled Workmen are Employed to  
Cut Dies.

Dresden and Sevres china can be imitated so successfully as to deceive not only the ordinary collector, but experts as well; and the same thing applies to other antiquities.

Even governments have been "taken in" upon occasion. The British Museum contains more than one exhibit the genuineness of which is open to very grave doubt.

The Paris Louvre purchased for \$20,000 about six years ago a supposed Saitaphernes tiara. It turned out to be a modern forgery for the most part, a small strip of old gold from an embossed antique cup having been welded on to it so as to give it an appearance of age.

Rare Roman and Greek coins are constantly forged and palmed off upon unwary collectors both in England and America. In fact there are regular workshops established in Paris for the preparation of this particular brand of rogues, where the dies are cut by skilled workmen, who are paid as much as \$5 a day for their services. Genuine metal is of course used for the counterfeits, and in order to do away with the appearance of newness they are "sweated" in small steel boxes with rough interiors.

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Darkness came on; still the salmon struggled gallantly, and still the angler was determined not to go home without it. So he sat down on the bank and decided to wait for the morning, when perhaps the fish would give up.

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The natives found Brunhuber the following morning, stripped him of his clothing, flung him in the stream and disappeared.

## LAND OF SMALL FARMS.

### Those in Portugal Have Been Cut Up Into Small Portions.

The Portuguese are an extremely conservative people. Every one follows rigidly the methods employed by his father and forefathers. In every many parts of the country the old wooden ploughs are still used.

When a man dies, instead of one of the heirs taking the whole property and paying the remaining heirs for their parts, the whole property is divided into as many parts as there are heirs. More than this, each separate part of the property is thus divided.

Thus, if a property consisted of ten acres of pasture land, eighty of vineyard and ten of grain land and there were ten heirs, each heir would receive one acre each of grain and pasture and eight acres of vineyard. This process has been going on for a very long time, so that now in the most fertile part of Portugal the land is divided into incredibly small portions.

The immediate result of this, according to the United States Consular reports, is that the product of the land is barely sufficient at best to sustain its owners. South of the River Tagus, on the other hand, there are enormous tracts of excellent land lying unused, but it has been found impossible to induce the farmers of the north to move into this region and take up large holdings.

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A few years ago suspicion was aroused amongst art dealers and others owing to the unusual number of alleged early Italian ivory triptyches that came upon the market from none knew whence. They proved to have been all made by one man out of fossil Siberian mammoth tusks, the peculiar yellowness of which lent itself perfectly to the particular fraud which was perpetrated.

## CHEER UP!

To-morrow is another day.

It doesn't pay to feel dismay,

To let a gloomy face display

Your morbid apprehension.

It well may be that money's tight,

But is it right to let that blight

Your hopes when that to-morrow

might

Perhaps relieve the tension?

To-morrow is another day.

It will not stay for long this way;

A yea may soon succeed to nay,

Confession to denial.

A girl is apt to change her mind,

You'll always find, so be re-

signed;

When she determines to be kind,

You'll soon forget this trial.

To-morrow is another day.

You can't be gay or glad, you

say!

But time brings solace, so you may

In time forget your sorrow.

It's better far to look ahead;

The past is dead, what's done is

sped.

Don't cast the backward glance;

instead,

Look forward to to-morrow.



"Come on, fellers, here's a man who can't move his arms."—Life.

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It is always easier to be poetical over the heathen than to be practically helpful to your neighbor.

You never know how much travel you are being saved when life leads you through a dark tunnel.

of this particular brand of roguery, where the dies are cut by skilled workmen, who are paid as much as \$5 a day for their services. Genuine metal is of course used for the counterfeits, and in order to do away with the appearance of newness they are "sweated" in small steel boxes with rough interiors.

Limoges enamel cups, vases, and salt cellars are made at Turin, and so skillfully as to impose upon the most wary. A supposedly fine specimen of ancient glass in the French national collection, when being cleaned recently, was found to be merely a modern wine flagon that had been laboriously covered scale by scale, with the peculiar iridescent film that forms upon long-buried Etruscan ware.

A few years ago suspicion was aroused amongst art dealers and others owing to the unusual number of alleged early Italian ivory triptyches that came upon the market from none knew whence. They proved to have been all made by one man out of fossil Siberian mammoth tusks, the peculiar yellowness of which lent itself perfectly to the particular fraud which was perpetrated.

## CHEER UP!

To-morrow is another day.

It doesn't pay to feel dismay,

To let a gloomy face display

Your morbid apprehension.

It well may be that money's tight,

But is it right to let that blight

Your hopes when that to-morrow

might

Perhaps relieve the tension?

To-morrow is another day.

It will not stay for long this way;

A yea may soon succeed to nay,

Confession to denial.

A girl is apt to change her mind,

You'll always find, so be re-

signed;

When she determines to be kind,

You'll soon forget this trial.

To-morrow is another day.

You can't be gay or glad, you

say!

But time brings solace, so you may

In time forget your sorrow.

It's better far to look ahead;

The past is dead, what's done is

sped.

Don't cast the backward glance;

instead,

Look forward to to-morrow.



"Come on, fellers, here's a man who can't move his arms."—Life.

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## ENGINEER WAS ARRESTED

### SOLD DIAMONDS FROM GERMAN AFRICA.

#### Alleged to Have Smuggled Large Quantities and to be Planning Another Coup.

The Lokalan Zeiger, of Berlin, Germany, reports the sensational arrest of a German engineer and the confiscation of his bank books found in his possession.

It is alleged that the engineer a long time ago leased extensive lands in South-west Africa to farm them with four or five comrades. On part of the lands it is said he discovered diamonds of a size varying up to three carats.

Without informing the authorities the party worked diamond deposits for several weeks, and then quitted operations, removing all traces, while the engineer went to Europe to sell the stones. He sold the greater part of the diamonds in the principal European diamond centres, and finally reached Germany to sell the remainder. When the Colonial Office heard of the affair by chance, the engineer had a deposit of 200,000 marks in German banks, the result of the sale of the stones, and about a thousand uncut diamonds, worth 60,000 marks in his possession.

#### ARRESTED IN BERLIN.

After tracing the engineer from town to town, the German police arrested him in Berlin a few days ago. Large telegraphic and mail correspondence with his partners was seized, from which it appeared that he intended to form a company to exploit his finds. The Government have telegraphed to the Windhoek authorities to locate the deposits in question.

The arrested engineer, says another report, is a young Berliner, named George Heim, who in October, 1908, was engaged as a diamond expert by the "Kolonial Bergbau Gesellschaft," and sent to Luderitzbuch to act as prospector and valuer of the company's diamond fields. During the eight months that he acted for the company Heim, with the aid of accomplices, is alleged to have smuggled 200,000 marks worth of diamonds to Germany, mixing the stones in soft cement, which was afterwards allowed to harden, thereby deceiving the Customs.

Heim returned to Germany last May, and sold the stones at Dresden, Leipzig, Hamburg and Breslau, where he did such good business that he contracted for future purchasers. When the original supply of stones was exhausted Heim sent his accomplices money for more, which were also smuggled to Germany in cement.

#### PLANNING ANOTHER COUP

The Morgenpost says that the correspondence seized shows that Heim was planning another big coup. He is said to have discovered large diamond fields in the southern part of South-west Africa, near Cape Colony, which, however, Heim agreed with his accomplices should not be worked until his (Heim's) return from Germany. Heim intended to conduct the operations and erect a secret polishing plant on the fields so as to avoid any possible chance of detection.

By cable orders from the Colonial Office Heim's accomplices in South-west Africa were arrested, but the authorities are much embarras-

## THE DREAMER.

### Mr. Billtops Thus Named by His Wife When She Asks for a Hat.

"Ezra," said Mrs. Billtops, "when can I have the money for a new hat?"

"Well, Elizabeth," Mr. Billtops replied, cheerfully, "I couldn't give it to you just now, but I can let you have it next week."

"Next week!" said Mrs. Billtops, echoing the words, but giving them a somewhat different twist, saying them not bitterly nor sarcastically, but in a sort of sighing, weary tone. She continued:

"Ezra, do you know that you have been saying next week to me ever since we were married, so and so many years ago?" Mrs. Billtops mentioned the number, but it isn't necessary to go into all those minor details here—and that next week has never come! You were going to get me horses and a carriage; yes, sir, I was going to have a carriage sure, and a fine house and beautiful clothes. You were going to make me happy, you said, and give me everything that heart could wish.

"Where, Ezra," Mrs. Billtops went on, smiling herself now as she recalled the catalogue of luxuries which when they were married brave Ezra was going to give her, but which he had never given. "where are those things that I was so surely going to have? Have I horses and a carriage? A fine house? Beautiful clothes? Have I any of the splendid things you promised me, that you were surely going to get me?"

"Has it not always been next week, next week, that these things were going to come, but have they ever come? And again Mrs. Billtops smiled down upon him as she thought to herself: "Horses? Carriages? A fine house? Beautiful clothes? Why, I'm having a hard time getting money enough to buy a new hat!"

"Well, Elizabeth," said Mr. Billtops, and he was smiling too. "I haven't given you all those things that I was going to give you, that I wanted to give you and that I surely expected I would be able to give you, that is true; but you see things didn't turn out exactly as I expected they would."

"I didn't earn as much as I expected to, for one thing; and the, with all your economy, my dear, it always cost us more to live than we had expected; and then the children came; and so all the time it cost us more; and perhaps I didn't save as I should have done, and so I couldn't give you many things that I would have liked to give."

"I haven't put off getting these things because I wanted to, but because I had to. You know I would have given you everything I promised you if I could, don't you? And we have been very happy, haven't we? And I am going to get you all those things yet!"

"Ezra, you're a dreamer!" said Mrs. Billtops, smiling still, and looking down upon him kindly, as a matter of fact very kindly, "just a dreamer."

Then Mr. Billtops got up and started for the office, thinking to himself that perhaps he was a dreamer, perhaps he had been too much of a dreamer, perhaps he had had few nightmares in life, his had been mostly pleasant dreams; and then he reflected seriously that he certainly must find the money for Mrs. Billtop's new hat next week.

#### HAIR-RAISING.

Traffic in hair is a big business, for it is estimated that well over

## BELIEFS ABOUT BABIES MUST GET ROYAL CONS

### FATES THAT DETERMINE THEIR FUTURE.

#### How Savage Tribes and Civilized People Bring Good Luck the New Infant.

The peasantry of Greece firmly believe that the future of every child is determined by the three fates, known by the name of the Moral. In the popular mind this trio of Fates are supposed to be three old and wrinkled women whose habitation is a mountain cave. They come simultaneously to a house where a new baby has made its appearance.

When they are expected all furniture is set aside so that their aged and tottering feet may not be hindered, and refreshments in the shape of honey cakes, bread and wine are placed ready for these important though invisible guests. Money, too, is placed for them as a bribe to get their favor for the baby, so that his future may be one long sweet song—the superstition being that all things good and bad are in

#### THE GIVING OF THE FATES.

On no account must the child's beauty be alluded to when the Moral are present, as this will certainly make its good looks disappear—marks on a baby's skin are looked upon as sent by these harbingers of weal or woe.

Ill luck is supposed to be the lot of the children who cut their upper teeth first. There are one or two African tribes who so firmly believe this that they are said to kill all babies but those whose lower teeth appear first. Another race of people in the dark continent see all the signs of bad fortune in twins, and so they avoid it by slaying all of them.

Should a child grow up bad in China the parents are said to have forgotten to bind its wrists—alluding thereby to a native superstition that if a red cord is tied around an infant's wrists it cannot fail to grow up quiet and obedient.

Coming back to western civilization, ill luck is supposed to hover around a baby if its finger nails are cut during the first six weeks of life, and there are many more omens connected with a baby's hands. Should the desire be that a babe should have riches in abundance when it is grown up, then on no account should it be forgotten that the binding of its right hand for a short period soon after birth will ensure its coming in for wealth beyond

#### THE DREAMS OF AVARICE.

Good luck to the infant in the future is also supposed to be assured in other ways. The Spaniards sweep their children's faces with pine tree boughs for that reason, while to keep the Irish baby from harm a belt of woman's hair is placed about it, and to achieve a similar object Roumanian mothers tie red ribbons around the ankles of their off-spring.

A very old but very pleasing custom prevails in Iceland when the first tooth makes its appearance, for then a lamb is presented to the child to be its "very own."

In Holland garlic, salt, bread and steak are put in the cradle of the new arrival, while to protect their children the mothers of Wales place in the youngsters' cosy beds a pat-

### "MATCH-MAKING" OF PRINCES AND PRINCESSES.

#### Queen Victoria Used Her Influence to Further the Cause of Lovers.

The news that negotiations have been completed for the marriage of King Manuel of Portugal to Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg, youngest daughter of the late Duke of Edinburgh and niece of King Edward, may give the average reader the impression that the engagement has been as easily arranged as an ordinary one upon which "papa" has been asked to bestow a blessing. This, however, is not the case. Before a Royal marriage can take place Royal consent to that union must be obtained, not as a matter of custom and duty, but to make the ceremony valid. The marriage of an English Princess without the consent of our King would be null and void, even if the "knot" were tied by all the archbishops in the kingdom.

#### CHOOSING A ROYAL BRIDE.

When a young King wishes to marry he can seldom choose his own bride. Directly an heir is born to Royal parents those parents begin to consider the Royal nurseries of Europe, and mark down suitable Princesses for their boy. So it happens that when the heir to the Throne arrives at a marriageable age a certain number of eligible partners are mentioned to him, and his final choice must not only please his parents but also the Ministers of his country, the Parliament, and the people.

When the engagement of King Edward, then Prince of Wales, was hourly expected, Lord Palmerston stated that the bride, in accordance with Royal law, "must be handsome, must be well brought up, and must be a Protestant." Queen Victoria chose a German Princess for the King, but he himself preferred the beautiful daughter of the King of Denmark. His Majesty first met Queen Alexandra at a children's party at Buckingham Palace, when he was only thirteen years of age, but he did not meet her again until six years had passed. His relatives arranged an "accidental" meeting between the Royal couple in the Cathedral of Speier, and shortly afterwards their engagement was publicly announced.

#### QUEEN VICTORIA'S COURTSHIP.

Almost from his cradle the idea of a union between Prince Albert and Queen Victoria had been a favorite day-dream of his father, the Duke of Coburg; and his wish somehow found an echo in the Royal nursery, where Albert's nurse would amuse him with tales of his bride-to-be across the sea. Queen Victoria first saw Prince Albert in 1836, when he visited England with his father and brother, Prince Ernest, and spent a month at Buckingham Palace. From that day onward the Princess and the Prince were drawn together, but when the latter visited England for the second time in 1839 it was with no thoughts of marriage. He had been informed that the young Queen had made up her mind to remain single for another four years, and he was far too manly to attempt to persuade her to alter her deci-



very, ill, South-west Africa, near Cape Colony, which, however, Heim agreed with his accomplices should not be worked until his (Heim's) return from Germany. Heim intended to conduct the operations and erect a secret polishing plant on the fields so as to avoid any possible chance of detection.

By cable orders from the Colonial Office Heim's accomplices in South-west Africa were arrested, but the authorities are much embarrassed, as they do not know the location of these rich new diamond fields. Heim's correspondence reveals nothing regarding their whereabouts, and the prisoner refuses to betray his secret. The colonial authorities are making every effort to trace the spot.

### ROBBERS THREW A BOMB.

#### Tried to Wreck a Treasure Train in India.

A bomb was thrown one night recently at the Goalundo mail train, between the Chakda and Simurali stations, on the Eastern Bengal State Railway, the scene of the crime being a few miles away from Barrackpore, in the neighborhood of which there have been numerous cases of bomb-throwing at trains.

Many Europeans were travelling by the mail train, but escaped unhurt. A treasure van attached to the train was badly shattered. The train was carrying fifteen lakhs of rupees (£100,000) in specie from the Bank of Bengal to the Dacca jute districts.

The three natives in charge of the treasure showed great courage. They pulled the communication cord and refused to leave the carriage, which is said to have been almost blown to pieces. An extremely high explosive was used, but luckily the bomb struck the van at a sharp angle, and thus the train was not derailed.

This is the thirteenth bomb outrage on the Eastern Bengal line. The police are absolutely without a clue.

The general impression is that this latest attempt is also the work of extremists, who have stated on many occasions that they must obtain money for political purposes.

A mill assistant, named Gowrie, reports that a bomb was thrown at him at Howarth. The explosion caused a panic, but the police state that the bomb was not of a dangerous character.

### IMPROVED CINEMATOGRAPHY

Mr. Friese-Greene, the English inventor, has perfected a new method of taking moving pictures, whereby they appear in natural colors, and with an appearance of relief lacking in ordinary views. The "three-color" principle is employed, the colors chosen being red, green and violet, disposed side by side on a single band of celluloid, and by an ingenious mechanism are exposed in quick succession, so that when passed before the eye the persistence of vision combines them, and the object appears in its true colors. Two objectives are used, acting in succession, with the result that there are no interruptions of the view, as in ordinary cinematograph picture, and consequently no flickering of the image. At the same time the appearance of perspective relief is obtained.

Then Mr. Billtop got up and started for the office, thinking to himself that perhaps he was a dreamer, perhaps he had been too much of a dreamer, perhaps he had had few nightmares in life, his had been mostly pleasant dreams; and then he reflected seriously that he certainly must find the money for Mrs. Billtop's new hat next week.

### HAIR-RAISING.

Traffic in hair is a big business, for it is estimated that well over 1,000 tons of human tresses are dealt with every year. And as the heavy styles of coiffure, ironing, too frequent dressing, the use of wire and leather supports, etc., are tending more than ever to make the fashionable lady's locks insufficient, the price of artificial hair is, naturally, on the up-grade. Italy, Russia, India, and China contribute to the hair market, but far the largest contribution is supplied by the women of Brittany. On the north coast of France the women have always worn quaint little round cloth caps, and this habit, combined with their active out-of-door life, has gone far towards giving the Breton woman long and luxuriant tresses. These they sell to travellers who annually tour the country. Lately, however, Bretons have allowed the cheap Paris hat to displace their picturesque caps. As a result, their hair has diminished both in quantity and quality. Now, therefore, the demand for artificial hair considerably exceeds the supply.

### DRINKING LESS BEER.

#### Figures Dwindling in Britain During Ten Years.

The report of the British Inland Revenue Commissioners for the year ending with March, which has been published as a blue book, says that the gross receipts were £109,160,899, and of this the Commissioners disposed of all but £22,578,528.

The most interesting feature was the decrease in the excise duties obtained from the liquor trade. The principal decreases were half a million on the beer duty, a quarter of a million on the spirit duty, and a million and a quarter on licenses.

As regards beer, the figures have been getting smaller yearly since 1899.

### TENSILE STRENGTH OF HAIR.

A human hair of average thickness can support a load of 6½ ounces and the average number of hairs on the head is about 30,000. A woman's long hair has a total tensile strength of more than five tons, and this strength can be increased one-third by twisting the hair. The ancients made practical use of the strength of human hair. The cords of the Roman catapults were made of the hair of slaves, and it is recorded that the free women of Carthage offered their luxuriant tresses for the same use when their city was besieged by the Romans.

The Debtor—"I'm sorry, sir, but I can't pay that bill this month." The Creditor—"But that's what you told me a month ago!" The Debtor—"Well, didn't I keep my word?"

"This," remarked Mr. Cane, "is my photograph with my two French poodles. You recognize me—eh?" "I think so," said Miss Softe. "You are the one with the hat on, are you not?"

placed about it, and to achieve a similar object Roumanian mothers tie the red ribbons around the ankles of their offspring.

A very old but very pleasing custom prevails in Iceland when the first tooth makes its appearance, for then a lamb is presented to the child to be its "very own." In Holland garlic, salt, bread and steak are put in the cradle of the new arrival, while to protect their children the mothers of Wales place in the youngsters' cosy beds a pat of tongs or a knife, and the latter weapon is utilized for a like purpose in some districts in England.

### WILD FARM LABORERS.

#### Harvest Hands Doing Endless Mischief in Germany.

Like the farmers of the Canadian west, the agriculturists of Germany are compelled to import harvest hands. These men, a rough and ready lot, come over the eastern frontiers from Galicia and Poland.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung, the organ of the Agrarians, draws attention to the fact that these foreign laborers constitute a menace to the security of the inhabitants, because they are guilty of all kinds of outrages and acts of violence in country districts.

At Franzburg two houses were burned down, and no doubt exists in the neighborhood that the foreign laborers perpetrated arson. The wife of an innkeeper in the same district was attacked by foreign workmen and wounded. At Grabow a foreign workman stabbed a young man at an evening dance, and wounded two men who chased him by prodding them with a hay fork.

At Stavenhagen a young German was beaten to death by foreign laborers. At another village close by a similar outrage was committed, and also ended fatally. At Muehl a farmer was attacked when lying in bed and severely injured by foreign laborers, who robbed his house. The foreign laborers on a farm at Wollin rose up in revolt against their employer, and, after performing various acts of violence, burned all the barns and ricks on the premises.

All these acts of violence took place within one week in Pomerania and Mecklenburg, and complaints of similar acts of violence are coming from other agricultural districts.

### WORDS THAT WEIGH.

Every evil to which we do not succumb is a benefactor.—Emerson.

You will find life full of sweet savour if you do not expect from it what it cannot give.—Renan.

If you will be governed by reason, and be true to the best of yourself, you will be happy.—Marcus Aurelius.

Nobody does anything well that they cannot help doing; work is only well done when it is done with a will.—Ruskin.

It is not possible to secure distant or permanent happiness but by the forbearance of some immediate gratification.—Johnson.

I believe that we cannot live better than in seeking to become better, nor more agreeably than by having a clear conscience.—Socrates.

Let no man turn aside ever so slightly from the broad path of honor on the plausible pretence that he is justified by the goodness of his end.—Dickens.

1866, when he visited England with his father and brother, Prince Ernest, and spent a month at Buckingham Palace. From that day onward the Princess and the Prince were drawn together, but when the latter visited England for the second time in 1839 it was with no thoughts of marriage. He had been informed that the young Queen had made up her mind to remain single for another four years, and he was far too manly to attempt to persuade her to alter her decision. Love, however, found out the way, and in Queen Victoria's own words: "I do feel so guilty."

Albert has completely won my heart, and all was settled between us this morning. I feel certain that he will make me very happy. I wish I could say that I felt as certain of making him happy, but I shall do my best."

### A FAMOUS MATCHMAKER.

Queen Victoria used her influence on several occasions to further the cause of her young dream. When the engagement was announced between Princess Frederica of Hanover and Baron Von Pawel-Rammingen, the King of Hanover's secretary, all the members of the Royal Families of England and Germany opposed the match, and the Queen of Hanover was so cross with her daughter that she practically cast her off. Queen Victoria thereupon stepped in and acted the part of fairy godmother. Our late Queen not only encouraged the match, but gave the bride away, and provided a home for her and her husband at Hampton Court Palace. Again, it was Queen Victoria who encouraged the deep attachment of the Princess Louise for the Marquess of Lorne, now Duke of Argyll, when all her relations were violently opposed to the match.

### WHERE WILLIAM MET HIS WIFE.

The German Emperor's marriage on his twenty-second birthday to the Princess Augusta Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, a niece of Prince Christian, was a generally popular throughout Germany, the reason being the fact that the bride was a native Princess and not one from a foreign clime. It is said that Queen Victoria brought about the union between the Kaiser and the Princess, and we all know that the Emperor made his future wife's acquaintance at Balmoral when he visited his grandmother in 1878. The acquaintance was renewed at Silesia in the autumn of the following year, when the Kaiser was shooting on the estate of Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein, the father of Princess Victoria. Here an engagement was arranged, and the marriage was solemnized on February 27th, 1891.

Born in 1862, Prince Henry, the Kaiser's brother, married, on May 24th, 1888, his cousin, Princess Irene of Hesse, daughter of the late Grand Duke of Hesse and Princess Alice. Queen Victoria helped to bring this union about, and it is said that she was partly responsible for the marriage of the Kaiser's sister with the Hereditary Prince of Saxo-Meiningen, G.C.B., on February 18th, 1875.—London Tit-Bits.

"Do you know, sir, that I am very particular with whom my daughter keeps company?" said a pompous father. "Then I suppose you are very often away from home," retorted the smart youth who was thus snubbed.



**Falling Hair**

Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly destroys the germs that cause falling hair. It nourishes the hair follicles, restores them to health. The hair stops falling out, grows more rapidly.

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**Does not Color the Hair**

We wish you to positively and distinctly understand that Ayer's Hair Vigor does not affect the color of the hair, even to the slightest degree. Persons with the whitest or the lightest and most delicate blond hair may use it freely without having the hair made a shade darker.

**Ingredients:** Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume.

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him what he thinks of it.

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E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough. Ever-dreaded Croup cannot exist where Cresolene is used. It cures

**OTTAWA NEWS.**

The Toronto Mail and Empire makes itself less influential, and the party it assumes to represent more ridiculous every day. The comments of this newspaper on the Peterborough election case, the glaring headlines in which it was said that bribery had been conducted upon a wholesale scale, the pointed allusions to the wickedness of the Liberal party, the dreadful things alleged to have been done in the interests of Mr. Stratton, were all set forth in big type.

**Some "Mail" Inconsistencies.**

Editorially the paper was just as uncontrolled and wild. Moral lessons were pointed from what it was stated had been proved at the trial. Comments were based upon the presumption that the evidence given proceeded from men of good repute, and was the truth.

**Grave Injuries Perpetrated.**

On October 1, the Mail said: "To the right-minded citizen the revelations in West Peterborough are not agreeable reading. It is not pleasant to be told that fellow-electors have been bought at \$2, or at any other price, per head. It is not inspiring to learn that voters have been lined up for sale, as cattle are in the market, and that the transactions have gone through as if they were the regular every-day operations in a campaign."

This evidence was written when the evidence of men acting in the Conservative interest had been given in court. The following editorial appeared in the Mail on October 4.

**Tardy Justice.**

"That there was perjury in the West Peterborough election case is certain beyond dispute. A court of law can place no confidence in the evidence of such witnesses, and the allegations they make must fall to the ground."

When the trial was proceeding the Mail published the evidence of these creatures, commenting upon it unfavorably to the Liberal side, and was quite prepared to accept it as being gospel truth, and acting upon it, turn Mr. Stratton out of his seat as the elected member of West Peterborough, upon the ground that he had secured the same by bribery and corruption.

**Condemns Tory Witnesses.**

After the trial judges had declared the witnesses to be perjurers, and their evidence not worthy of any consideration, the Mail is found shouting loudest in condemning its own witnesses as perjurers and unworthy of belief, and commending the judges for rejecting it.

The Mail had precisely the same facts to analyze as the judges had, no more and no less, yet, for days its front page has been occupied with the evidence of men whom it now describes as perjurers and scoundrels, and upon whose word it was willing to dislodge a reputable public man.

earthly business have the few score Conservative politicians in the House of Commons to make objections when the people of Canada are making none? It is a case of the three Tailors of Tooley Street over again.

The people of Canada will resent the taking of sessional time to criticize National Transcontinental matters. This subject was dealt with during the campaign of 1908 and disposed of. The Government was returned to power with authority to finish the railroad irrespective of cost. The cost is not exorbitant. Every dollar expended on the road has been well spent and the result is a national railroad that cannot be excelled on the face of the earth.

**Obstructors, not Constructors.**

Conservatives may obstruct, but they cannot construct. When their obstruction amounts to a public evil, there should be some method of stopping it.

**Erroneous Impression Removed.**

At the last annual meeting of the General Reform Association of Ontario it was decided to hold a convention in June 1910, to consider and formulate a platform and policy for the Liberal party of the Province of Ontario.

The action of the provincial Liberal party, as represented by the General Reform Association of Ontario, has been misunderstood or deliberately misrepresented by the Conservative press. The objects of the convention are provincial in their scope, and in that sense have no connection whatever with federal politics. The convention is to be held in accordance with the expressed wishes of the provincial Liberal party, wishes personally advanced by Hon. A. G. MacKay, provincial leader.

**What Must be Obvious.**

It must be manifest to the elector of average intelligence, who gives any thought whatever to political affairs, that a platform which might be acceptable to Ontario might have no application to any other province. The powers and necessities of Ontario, as a province, are defined and limited. Federal powers are more extended and have relation to all the provinces of the Dominion. There can therefore be a very slight association between the respective policies of the province of Ontario, or any other province of the Dominion, and those of federal origin and application.

County associations are acting wisely in calling their members together to discuss affairs having a relation to the well-being of the province of Ontario. This may enable them at the time of convention to advance views which will be of the greatest assistance in performing the work for which the convention is called together.

**Consult the People Oftener.**

Members of the Dominion Parliament would do a public service by more frequently addressing their constituents. Canada is advancing with very rapid strides, and legislation of great interest and far-reaching consequences is constantly brought to the attention of parliament for consideration.

**Example in Point.**

Take for example the subject of the Transcontinental Railway. The public mind is being poisoned on this question. If the members of parliament would discuss this particular enterprise before their constituents it might have the result of obviating much useless discussion in the House, with the additional advantage that such discussion would be educative, alike to the member as to his constituents.

**Joint Meetings are Useful.**

Even joint meetings are not without their usefulness. Should two men of

**CASTO**

The Kind You Have Always Bought in use for over 30 years, has been

*Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been personally supervised by him. Allow no one to sell you cheap imitations. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience

**What is CASTO**

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Calomel, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other dangerous substance. Its age is its guarantee and it cures Colic, Teething Troubles and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Bowels, giving health to the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

**GENUINE CASTO**

Bears the Signature

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

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opposite views and different political faith thrash out some interesting public question, it would be obvious which man had the better case and which was supported by public approval. This would to a considerable extent obviate long discussions in the House.

**Would Shorten Session.**

A member who had followed this course and whose attitude had been endorsed upon some great public question might say so in a few words and record his vote. Under these circumstances it would be idle for another man, whose views had not been so endorsed, to attempt to foist them upon the House. Neither the House nor the country would tolerate what would soon be obstruction unadulterated.

Hon. G. P. Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, has set a very good example in this regard which other members should follow.

**Strange Difference of Opinion.**

There are wide and strange differences of opinion between the Toronto Mail and Conservative members of Parliament. Speaking of the German surtax, and alluding to the small volume of trade between this country and Germany, Mr. J. E. Armstrong, Conservative, said: Hansard, June 15, 1908, Vol. p. 10,600:—

**What Tory M. P. Said.**

"But let my hon. friend call the attention of the Minister of Agriculture to the position of Canada to-day with respect to the German market. What has he done to develop our trade with that country?"

Then again on page 10,602 Mr. Armstrong said:—

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# Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879

FOR WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, CATARRH, DIPHTHERIA

Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough. Ever-deepened Croup cannot exist where Cresolene is used. It acts directly on nose and throat, making breathing easy in the case of colds, soothes the sore throat and stops the cough. It is a boon to sufferers of Asthma.

Cresolene is a powerful germicide, acting both as a curative and a preventive in contagious diseases. Cresolene's best recommendation is its thirty years of successful use.

For Sale by All Druggists  
Send Postal for Descriptive Booklet

Cresolene Antiseptic  
Throat Tablets, simple and effective for the irritated throat, 10c.

Leeming, Miles Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada.



...and, and commending the judges for rejecting it.

The Mail had precisely the same facts to analyze as the judges had, no more and no less, yet, for days its front page has been occupied with the evidence of men whom it now describes as perjurers and scoundrels, and upon whose word it was willing to dishonor a reputable public man.

## What Party Prejudice Does.

The West Peterborough election case is another example of the length party prejudice will carry a partisan paper. Those people whose misfortune it was to read the Mail and Empire may remain under the impression that the printed account of the Mail bore some resemblance to the facts, they will never know from the Mail that the witnesses brought forward by the Conservative party were scoundrels unworthy of belief, men who stated in open court that they would swear anything for money.

## Saw-off is less Iniquitous.

Those people who oppose the saw-off arrangement, which means that suit on both sides which should never have been brought, can be dropped, will realize how much better it would have been never to have entered petition in the case of West Peterborough.

## Must not Obstruct Progress.

Canada has entered upon a period of great prosperity. Those who would obstruct the progress of Canada must get out of the line of march or be annihilated. This is not the time for senile criticism or puny efforts to embarrass a wise administration. The Conservative press is serving no useful or welcome purpose in its efforts to foster opposition to the present Government. If it were possible to point to a weak spot in the Government policy which was operating in the injury of the people of this Dominion, then, and only in such case, might there be justification for the attitude of the Conservative press.

Strange to say the Conservative press does not venture to criticize any policy, neither does it suggest any alternative scheme, but it simply nags, nags nags, ad nauseum, ad infinitum.

## Foolish Attack Contemplated.

It is openly stated that the coming attack upon the National Transcontinental scheme, by the Conservative party in the House. This will be resented by the people and the Conservative party has not the brains to understand it.

## When Will They Acquire Wisdom?

When will the handful of men in the House of Commons, known as the Opposition, realize that the people of Canada have demanded that the Grand Trunk Pacific be built?

When will they understand that the question of cost never entered into this mandate?

When will they appreciate that the road now being constructed, is the most scientific one on the face of the earth, with grades that were never considered possible when the Canadian Pacific was built?

When will they comprehend that the cost is a matter of equal moment to the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Government of Canada?

When will they admit that the statute provides that an engineer of the Government on the one side, and of the Grand Trunk Pacific on the other shall mutually agree upon questions of classification but should they disagree, then the services of a third man shall be called in and the decision be accepted?

## Better Road, Greater Cost.

The Government promptly admits that the railroad is costing more than originally contemplated. The people know this, and the causes for the extra cost, and are satisfied. What

...before their constituents it might have the result of obviating much useless discussion in the House, with the additional advantage that such discussion would be educative, alike to the member as to his constituents.

## Joint Meetings are Useful.

Even joint meetings are not without their usefulness. Should two men of

# WHY SUFFER FROM PILES.

## Nature's Remedy is Zam-Buk.

## Impressive Cures of Women Sufferers

Whatever there is suffering from piles, Zam-Buk should be applied! There are lots of reasons for this, but one of the best is that in practically all cases of piles where the use of Zam-Buk is persevered with, complete cure—not merely relief—is the result.

Mrs. Wm. Hughes, of 253, Hochelaga street, Hochelaga, Montreal, says:—"I suffered from blind, itching, and protruding piles for years. Sometimes they were so bad that I could hardly bear to move about. The inflammation, the burning smarting pain, the throbbing, the aching, the overpowering feelings of dulness and dark despair which this ailment brings, the shooting spasms of agony—all were so terrible that only sufferers from this awful ailment can understand."

Bad as the case was, Zam-Buk triumphed, and Mrs. Hughes suffers no longer. It only needed a little perseverance with Zam-Buk, and in the end complete cure resulted.

Mrs. E. Boxall, of Scott street, St. Thomas, says:—"For months without cessation I endured great pain from bleeding piles. For as many months I tried everything which I thought would give me ease, but in the end dispirited and still suffering, I gave in."

Then it was she heard of Zam-Buk, and she adds:—"Although I feared Zam-Buk would be like the ordinary remedies—useless—I am glad it was not. It soon proved itself to be very different. It rapidly gave me relief, and after a time cured me completely. I would like to tell all sufferers from piles know what a grand thing Zam-Buk is."

Mr. F. Astridge, 3, St. Paul street, Etc. Catherine's, says:—"For five years I suffered untold agony from piles. At times the pain was so bad I could have screamed aloud. On a friend's advice I tried a box of Zam-Buk. It gave me considerable ease, and I persevered with the treatment until I was cured. I wish I could convince every sufferer from piles of the value of this great herbal balm."

So one could go on quoting case after case, and it is by working such cures that Zam-Buk has earned for itself its great reputation.

Now if you suffer from this terribly painful ailment just be guided by the foregoing cases!

For internal piles melt a little Zam-Buk and thoroughly soak a wad, made of clean but old linen. Then apply to the part. If the piles are external application of Zam-Buk is still more simple. Do it upon retiring. Next morning you will be well satisfied!

Zam-Buk is a cure also for cold sores, and chapped cracked hands, ulcers, festering sores, blood-poisoning, eczema, bad leg, ring-worm, scalp sores, burns, scalds, and all skin diseases and injuries.

All druggist and stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c a box, or may be obtained post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price; 3 boxes for \$1.25 You are warned, however, against cheap and dangerous imitations sometimes offered as being "just as good."

## What Tory M. P. Said.

"But let my hon. friend call the attention of the Minister of Agriculture to the position of Canada to-day with respect to the German market. What has he done to develop our trade with that country?"

Then again on page 10,602 Mr. Armstrong continues:

"As far as the people of the Dominion are concerned, they cannot help feeling that this Government has failed to try and make a satisfactory arrangement with the German people, which would allow our goods to go into that country under as favorable conditions as those of other countries. I would like to ask the Minister of Agriculture whether he has taken any action towards obtaining from Germany better trade relations?"

On October 5, the Mail, referring to the visit to this country of representatives of the German-Canadian Economic Association of Berlin says it is not to be expected that any notice will be taken of them, because.

## What the "Mail" Said.

"Before German trade emissaries solicit the influence of our Boards of Trade in favor of the removal of the tariff differences between Germany and Canada, they should conduct a campaign in their own country for the purpose of bringing commercial opinion there to bear upon their Government in the same behalf. More than that, they should be able to give proofs that such campaign had at least brought their Government to a disposition to abandon its discrimination against Canadian products."

The Mail concludes with these words:

"As Germany initiated the tariff war, Germany should make the overtures for commercial peace. It is in Germany that action is to be taken if the status quo ante is to be restored."

## Government Position is Sound.

Mr. Armstrong blames the Canadian Government, and says action should be taken by the Minister of Agriculture. The Mail blames the German Government and says, action must originate in Germany.

Strange to say when Mr. Armstrong made his attack upon the government for neglecting to establish better trade relations with Germany, and placed the blame upon our government, the Mail printed his remarks and endorsed them. Now, as the result of faulty memory or circulating the truth inadvertently the Mail exonerates the government, endorses the attitude of Mr. Fielding taken at the time and condemns Mr. Armstrong's pet grievance. This gentleman has wasted hours of the time of the House on this subject in future he is referred to the Mail and Empire, which says what the government has always contended, that the first overtures must come from Germany.

## Canal Records Broken.

All traffic records at the Soo ship canals were broken last month. The net tonnage for September was 9,227, 190 tons. This is the first time the nine million mark has been reached in the history of the canals. Traffic through the Canadian canals is rapidly on the increase. It exceeded that of the American canals by nearly 1,000, 000 tons in September.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

## The Wheel Problem.

Which, at any given moment, is moving forward faster—the top of a coach wheel or the bottom?

The answer to this question seems simple enough, but probably nine persons out of ten, asked at random, would give the wrong reply. It would appear at first sight that the top and bottom must be moving at the same rate—that is, the speed of the carriage. But by a little thought it will be discovered that the bottom of the wheel is in fact, by the direction of its motion around its axis, moving backward, in an opposite direction to that which the carriage is advancing and is consequently stationary in space, while the point on top of the wheel is moving forward with the double velocity of its own motion around the axis and the speed at which the carriage moves.

## The Whistle Tankard.

A rare form of drinking vessel is in the possession of the corporation of Hull. This is a whistle tankard which belonged to Anthony Lambert, mayor of Hull in 1660. This fine specimen of old English silverware is fitted with a whistle, which comes into play when the tankard is empty and is evidently meant to be used as a signal for more liquor. It is said that only one other whistle tankard is to be found in England, so temperate is England now!—London Chronicle.

## A Good Alarm Clock.

Washand—Why don't you have the cook shut the kitchen door? One can smell the breakfast cooking all over the house. Wife—We leave it open on purpose. The smell is all that gets the family up.—Judge.

## No Terminal Facilities.

"They say Harold Codrington has brain fever."

"Impossible! Could an anglerworm have water on the knee?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Beauty is part of the finished language by which goodness speaks.—Emot.

## \$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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substitute for Castor Oil, Parethine Syrup. It is Pleasant. It is, Morphine nor other Narcotic its guarantee. It destroys Worms. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind. It gives healthy and natural sleep. It is The Mother's Friend.

## CASTORIA ALWAYS

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*W. D. Fitcher*

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## AUSTRALIAN DINGOS.

Treacherous and Destructive Animals  
That Can Feign Death.

There are some who believe, though the evidence seems against them, that certain of the wild dogs, like the Australian dingo—"yellow dog dingo," always hungry, dusty in the sun"—are reversionary to the wild state of a race once tame, just as the pariah dogs of various countries have traveled half the road toward becoming wild animals again.

As one sees the dingo here in the gardens it looks not merely like a domesticated dog, but like a dog of a distinctly engaging and amiable kind. The dingo's character belies its gentle looks. "Quarrelsome, sly and treacherous," an Australian naturalist has called it. So sly is it that, according to Mr. Beddard in "The Cambridge Natural History," it feigns death "with such persistence that an individual has been known to be partly flayed before moving" and so treacherous that in the days when dingoes were more commonly kept as pets by the colonists than, as a result of bitter experience, is the case today it was no unusual thing for the dog which had been brought up with every tenderness from puppyhood to turn suddenly on its master or mistress, or, what was more frequent, when left in temporary charge of an empty house to seize the opportunity to raid the sheepfold or the poultry runs.

On such occasions it "ravens" even as the wolf, killing not to satisfy its hunger, but in the unrestrainable fury of a brute instinct, so that, given time

## THE SLAYER OF MARAT

Charlotte Corday and the Act  
That Made Her Famous.

### HER PLANS FOR THE MURDER

The Way They Were Worked Out and How They Were Put Into Execution. Her Own Tragic End and the Final Act of the Brutal Headsman.

Among the instances of fanatic zeal for country and people the act of Charlotte Corday, who was born at St. Saurin, France, July 27, 1768, and who was beheaded at Paris July 17, 1793, stands out in tragic force.

Her childhood and early youth were full of privation, although she was of a noble family. She was educated at a convent in Caen and then went to live with an aunt in the same old town of Normandy.

She had a serene and lofty beauty, was tall and graceful, and her manner was full of dignity.

She spent all her leisure in reading, and her books were always those that related to heroism and devotion to country. When the revolution broke upon France, Charlotte eagerly took up the reading of politics and public questions. When the Girondists were obliged to fly from Paris they went to Caen and began to hold meetings and form plans for future operations in Paris.

The Girondists were the true republicans and got their name from Gironde, as it was the deputies from this district that had formed the Republican party in the national assembly. The massacres had terrified them, and they had tried to stop the violent measures in the reign of terror.

Charlotte felt a very madness of enthusiasm as she listened to the fiery eloquence of these men who denounced Marat. Danton and Robespierre escaped much of the censure due for their share in the frightful work of cruelty and death. It was upon Marat that the Girondists poured their eloquence, for it was he who had pursued and ordered the death of their leaders in Paris. In the depths of her heart a purpose was formed to save her people from this monster and at any cost to herself.

Into Charlotte's life a tender and respectful love had come to add its influence in these days of strange tumult and calm purpose. She and a young man named Franquelin had been writing each other, and she had given him her portrait and told him that he might at least love that. When this lover marched away to Paris with the Girondists and the neighboring volunteers, she bade him a calm farewell, for she knew she was going to save him.

After her execution Franquelin went home to his native village in Normandy. In the tender care of his mother he gradually failed, for his heart was broken the day his love perished. When he came to die he requested that Charlotte's portrait and letters be buried with him, and his grave holds them sacredly.

Charlotte began to prepare for her journey to Paris and the tragedy she had planned. Every effort was made to hide the appearance of a concealed purpose. When she arrived at Paris she at once set about her plans to find Marat. As a preparation she went to one of the shops of the Palais Royal and bought a dagger shaped knife, paying for it 60 cents. This she hid in the folds of her dress. Her plan had been to kill Marat in the very convention, where she thought the deed would be avenged by killing her on the spot.

## OLD ANNE ROYALL

She Was Once One of the Quaint Characters of Washington.

Old, queer, sharp tongued Anne Royall, traveler, editress and interviewer, was for many years a familiar figure in the streets of Washington, trotting indomitably about her business, very poor, very persistent, often troublesome, often rebuffed, but with qualities of honesty and courage to be respected.

There is given in the story of her life by Sarah Harvey Porter a delightful glimpse of her visit to ex-President Madison and his wife. The contrast between the gracious mature beauty of charming Dolly Madison, elegant in her rustling black silk, and the funny little limping, shabby figure in antiquated skirts and ridiculous wadded bonnet, could scarcely have been enhanced.

As usual, old Anne Royall had tramped to save carriage hire; as usual, her errand, probably none too welcome to her hosts, was to secure an interview and use a descriptive background. But Dolly Madison saw in the absurd, inquisitive, bespattered person before her neither the reporter nor the guy—only an aged and weary woman who was her guest. She hurried to bring her a glass of water, then quite simply stooped and retied her loosened shoe laces and wiped the Virginia mud from the tired old feet.

It is small wonder that Mrs. Royall's clothes were queer. She was scarcely of a bent of mind frivolously to pursue the fashions had she had the time and money, but she had neither. Her paper, the Huntress, of which she was owner, editor and chief reporter, once published conspicuously on the editorial page a notice which is perhaps unique in journalism:

"No paper will be issued from this office this week. We really must take one week once in ten years to fix up our wardrobe, which is getting shabby. Our next issue will welcome congress."

## GAS ARC LAMPS

Its true, with Gas at 13c. per 100 cubic feet, we offer the best and cheapest shop light known.

A Gas Arc Lamp costs less than two cents per hour to burn, and it gives 600 actual candle power. Think of the advertising medium.

If you attract seven persons to your window each night you will obtain results at a less cost than



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compels everyone when suffering with headache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

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D. C. H. WARTMAN

DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Company Limited

STR. NORTH KING

1000 Islands—Deseronto—Rochester.

Commencing May 30th, steamer leaves Deseronto on Sundays at 4.55 a. m. for Picton, Kingston and 1000 Islands. Returning, steamer leaves at 8.55 p. m. for Charlotte, N. Y. (Port of Rochester.)

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**DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.**  
Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste & A. A. A., etc., etc.  
When writing please mention this paper.



# Given Up To Die

No. 100 George St., Sorel, Quebec.  
"I suffered from womb disease for seven years, with dreadful pains over the front of the body, over the back and down the legs. I had indigestion and chronic constipation and the constipation was so bad that I went sometimes for ten to fifteen days without any action of the bowels. I was ill in bed for one whole year. At one time I was so low that everyone thought I was going to die, and the last Rites of the Church were administered to me. I was treated by six different doctors without any benefit.



MADAME JOSEPH LIRETTE

Then I got a sample of "Fruit-a-tives," but I had no faith in them at all, and I would not have taken them only my husband begged so hard for me to try them. As soon as I began to take "Fruit-a-tives" I grew better, the bloating was relieved, the sleeplessness was cured, my stomach acted, and the bowels were moved, but above all the fearful womb pains were made easier. I have taken eighteen boxes in all and I am now perfectly well again."  
(Signed) MADAME JOSEPH LIRETTE,  
50c. box—6 for \$2.50—or trial box 25c.  
—at dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## AGENTS WANTED

To canvas your own Neighborhood.

## Make Some Money

in your spare time.

For particulars apply

**BOX 622, NAPANEE.**

### The Political Millennium.

Two Kansas farmers, one of them a Republican and the other a Democrat, were quarreling over their political beliefs. The more they argued the further apart they drifted. Finally they called in a neighbor to settle the dispute. This neighbor was a man who seldom said anything, who went about his business, was a good citizen and substantial in every way.

"Well," he replied after both had stated their sides, "my son and I have been hauling wheat nearly forty years now. There are two roads leading to the mill. One is the valley road and the other leads over the hill. But never yet has the miller asked me which road we came. He always asks, 'Is the wheat good?'"—Kansas City Journal.

### Making It Plain.

The following simple and explicit directions are posted up in a hotel on the Nordford:

"The fire escape! Directions for use. The one end of the rope is to be fixed at the hook in the window frame, the other is to turn out of the window. The plaited snorter, which is fixed at the log of wood, is to be put under your arms, whereupon you may safely let yourself slide down. You may regulate the hurry by keeping the rope under the log. If more persons are to be saved you have to pull up the contrary end of the rope, fix this at the hook and go on so till nobody is left."—London Punch.

### Forever Dry.

There is a youngster in college who combines the poetic instinct with a keen sense of humor. He is not a close student. In fact, he regards books as instruments of torture. One of the professors picked up a text book belonging to him the other day and found on the flyleaf this bit of verse, which no doubt expressed the student's opinion of it:

Should there be another flood  
For refuse hither fly,  
And should the whole world be submerged  
This book would still be dry.

### Colonel Arthur Lynch.

Col. Arthur Lynch, who has now been restored to the full possession of his political rights, will shortly begin to practice in London as a consulting physician. It will be remembered that while he was a member of the British Parliament he organized the Irish Brigade in South Africa and fought on the Boer side. When he returned to this country he was charged with high treason. His trial, which was one of the most dramatic on record, led to his conviction, and he was sentenced to death. The sentence was, however, commuted to penal servitude for life. After a few years he was released and finally had all his civil rights restored, and may again obtain a seat in Parliament. Before he took up the study of medicine, Colonel Lynch was an engineer, lecturer, and journalist.

## BY-LAW No.

A BY-LAW TO RAISE BY WAY OF  
LOAN THE SUM OF \$18,000.

Passed 1909.

Whereas the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington have resolved to raise by way of loan the sum of \$18,000 to cover the expenditure on County Roads during the current year.

And Whereas in order thereto, it will be necessary to issue a debenture of the said Corporation as hereinafter provided for the sum of \$18,000 (which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-Law.)

And Whereas it is desirable to make the principal of said debt and interest repayable by yearly sums during the period of twenty years being the currency of the said debenture, said yearly sums being of such respective amounts that the aggregate amount payable in each and every year for principal and interest shall be as nearly as possible equal to the amount so payable in each of the other nineteen years of said period as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

And Whereas the total amount required by "The Municipal Act" to be raised annually by special rate for paying the said debt and interest as hereinafter provided is \$1383.66

And Whereas the amount of the whole ratable property of the said Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, irrespective of any future increase in the same, according to the last Revised and equalized Assessment Rolls of the County is \$8,457,026

And Whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of said County of Lennox and Addington is \$48,300.00 whereof no part of principal or interest is in arrear.

And Whereas the said Corporation has not raised by By-Law or By-Laws for contracting debts or loans any sum of money over and above the sum required for the County's ordinary expenditure since the 6th day of June, A. D., 1908.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose of raising the sum of \$18,000 as aforesaid, a debenture of the said County of Lennox and Addington amounting to the sum of \$18,000 shall be issued on the day of 19 which said debenture shall be dated on the date of the issue thereof and shall be payable within twenty years thereafter, namely in the sums of \$1383.66 in each and every year and shall be payable on the day of in each of the years from 1910 to 1929, inclusive, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation at the Town of Napanee in the County of Lennox and Addington.

2. The said debenture shall bear interest at the rate of 4½ per centum per annum, payable yearly on the day of in each and every year during the currency thereof and shall have attached thereto coupons for the payment of then said interest and installment of principal and the said debenture and coupons shall be signed by the Warden and countersigned by the Treasurer and Clerk of the said Corporation and the Clerk shall attach thereto the corporate seal of the said County.

3. That during the currency of the said debenture there shall be raised annually by special rate on all the ratable property of the County of Lennox and Addington, the sum of \$1383.66 for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of said debenture as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

4. That the said debenture shall be issued and negotiated by and under the supervision of the Finance Committee of the Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington and the said Council does hereby authorize and deputize on its behalf the said Committee to issue and negotiate the sale of the said debenture under the provisions of the By-Law.

5. That the funds derived from the negotiation and sale of the said debenture shall be deposited in an agency of a chartered Bank at Napanee, to the credit of the said corporation.

6. That this By-Law shall come into force and take effect upon, from and after the final passing hereof and shall remain in full force and effect until the debenture to

## WHAT ALINE FOUND OUT.

### The Great Change It Made In Her Mode of Life.

By BELLE MANIATES.

[Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.]

Aline looked up from her book as her husband rose from his chair.

"I am going to work again tonight," he remarked casually.

A faint flush stole to her cheeks. For the first time in her three months of married life her thoughts were centered on her husband, Stephen Alden. When her father committed suicide because he had lost his fortune in speculation Stephen had asked her to marry him. Her wealth had hitherto prevented his paying her any special attention. One other refuge was available. A distant cousin whom Aline's father had once befriended and who lived on a farm offered her a home.

She accepted Stephen, and three months after her father's death they were married. The home Stephen was able to provide was a very simple one, and it had not been a very happy one. Aline was in the listless state that succeeds violent grief and apathetically allowed the house to be run at the will of a succession of slatternly servants.

Three nights before a break in their monotonous life had resulted from Stephen's leaving the house at 7 o'clock and not returning until late. His excuse of having to work would have passed unnoticed tonight except for the fact that she had been unable to get him by telephone at the office the night before even after repeated calls.

At 10 o'clock she had gone to bed. An hour later she heard him come in and go down the hall to his room. His behavior engrossed her thoughts entirely throughout the following day. The fact of his spending his evenings out did not disturb her, but she was at a loss to fathom his motive in deceiving her. It assailed her conscience and opened her eyes to the truth that she, his wife, did not know him well enough to resent the deception nor to speak to him about the matter.

A newly awakened sense of duty and a feeling that she ought at least to assume the duty of taking some interest in his movements impelled her to attempt to discover where he was spending his evenings. Therefore, as he was again leaving after dinner, she slipped out a side entrance and followed him at discreet distance. After a walk of nearly two miles she saw him pause in front of a theater.

"Poor Stephen!" she thought. "His evenings must have been dull! No wonder he seeks recreation."

But he turned and went down the side street, entering the theater by the way of the stage door. As a solution of his conduct occurred to her she felt a great heart wrench—the only thing she had felt sure of was taken from her. Without knowing that she valued it, she had had perfect confidence in his love for her.

Instantly she felt a wild—almost an insane—desire to know what manner of woman had attracted him. It was a vaudeville theater, and she bought a ticket, choosing a seat in an obscure part of the house.

At the end of an hour she learned what she had come to find out and quietly stepped from the theater and returned home. She spent an hour at Stephen's desk and then went to bed.

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## County of Lennox and Addington

### Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Taxes.

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON, BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT under the hand of the Warden and Seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date the 20th day of July, 1909, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction on THURSDAY, THE (FOURTH) 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1909, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction on THURSDAY, THE (FOURTH) 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER, (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1900, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

## Township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby.

Description	Con.	Acres	Years Due	Taxes	Ex- penses	Totals	Remarks
Lots 37 & 39, Denbigh	W. R.	200	3 years or over	\$8.80	\$3.75	\$12.55	Patented
Lot 34, Denbigh	E. R.	80	3 years or over	9.95	3.50	13.45	Patented
Lot 37, Denbigh	E. R.	100	3 years or over	9.10	3.50	12.60	Patented
Lot 1, Denbigh	W. R.	84	3 years or over	18.07	3.70	21.77	Patented
Lot 9, Denbigh	E. R.	100	3 years or over				Patented
Part lot 23, Denbigh		4	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 22, Denbigh		3	106 3 years or over	6.66	4.25	10.91	Patented
Lot 21, Denbigh	W. R. A.	100	3 years or over	7.46	3.75	11.21	Patented
Lot 2, 3 & 10, Denbigh	W. R. A.	297	3 years or over				2 & 3 Pat
Lots 16 17 18 19 20 Abinger	R. B.	504	3 years or over				Patented
Lots 17 18 19, Abinger	R. A.	300	3 years or over				Patented
Lots 1 133 & 134 Abinger	R. B.	102	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 36, Abinger	R. A.	99	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 1 broken front, Abinger		19	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 2, Abinger		3	96 3 years or over	84.61	12.60	97.21	Patented
Lots 13 and 14, Denbigh		3	200 3 years or over	28.24	4.46	32.70	Patented
Lots 17 and 20, Denbigh		3	180 3 years or over	8.71	4.00	12.71	Patented
Lot 6, Denbigh		6	102 3 years or over	2.89	3.75	6.64	Patented
Lot 5, Denbigh		6	100 3 years or over	7.38	3.75	11.13	Not Pat.
Lot 12, Denbigh		7	100 3 years or over	3.85	3.75	7.60	Patented
Lots 5 and 6, Denbigh		7	200 3 years or over	25.80	4.50	30.30	Not Pat.
Lot 34, Denbigh		7	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 34, Denbigh		8	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 34, Denbigh		9	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 1, Ashby		7	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 1, Ashby		8	3 years or over				Patented
Lot 1, Ashby		9	575 3 years or over	30.83	8.77	39.60	Patented
Lot 8 Denbigh		7	100 3 years or over				Patented
Lots 8 & 9 Denbigh		8	200 3 years or over	27.56	4.45	32.01	Patented
Lot 3 Abinger		1	100 3 years or over	12.08	3.80	15.88	Not Pat.
Lot 19 Abinger		3	100 3 years or over	13.72	3.85	17.57	Not Pat.
Lot 1 Abinger		9	100 3 years or over	28.86	4.25	33.09	Patented
Lot 20 Abinger		10	100 3 years or over	32.57	4.35	36.90	Patented
Lot 4 Abinger		11	100 3 years or over	20.98	4.05	25.03	Patented
Lot 3 Abinger		13	100 3 years or over	17.80	3.95	21.75	Not Pat.
Lot 9 Abinger		14	100				Not Pat.
			Returned as				Mining Lease
Lot 9 Abinger		15	100 uncollec'd taxes	10.04	4.00	14.04	Not Pat.
Lot 10 Abinger		14	100 Returned as				Patented
Lot 10 Abinger		15	100 uncollec'd taxes	16.50	4.20	20.70	Patented
Lot 11 Abinger		14	100 Returned as				Patented
Lot 11 Abinger		15	100 uncollec'd taxes	2.20	4.00	6.20	Patented
Lot 7 Abinger		16	100 3 years or over	7.55	3.75	11.30	Not Pat.
Lot 2 Abinger		16	100 3 years or over	8.88	3.75	12.63	Not Pat.
Part Lot 14 Abinger		16	1 3 years or over	11.89	3.80	15.69	Patented
Part Lot 13 Abinger		15	3 3 years or over				Patented
Lot 34 Ashby		9	100 3 years or over				Not Pat.
Lot 34 Ashby		10	105 3 years or over	34.58	8.15	42.73	Patented
Lots 32 & 33 Ashby		8	200 3 years or over	24.77	4.40	29.17	Not Pat.

## Township of Anglesa,

Lot 10	6	100	3 years or over	4.49	3.75	8.24	Patented
Lot 10	13	100	3 years or over	5.72	3.75	9.47	Patented
Lot 10	14	100	3 years or over	5.72	3.75	9.47	Patented
Lot 9	16	100	3 years or over	4.16	3.75	7.91	Patented
Lot 32	17	100	3 years or over	4.16	3.75	7.91	Patented

## Township of Kaladar.

Lot 9	4	100	3 years or over	7.15	3.75	10.90	E & Pat.
North & Lot 1	4	97	3 years or over	5.62	3.75	9.37	N W & Pat
W & E & Lot 24	5	50	3 years or over	27.60	4.25	31.84	Patented
Parts of N. W. & 21 lying north of road leading from Plinton to Addington Road.	5	15	3 years or over	15.26	3.90	19.16	Patented
West & Lot 11	10	100	3 years or over	8.99	3.75	12.74	Patented

## Township of Sheffield.

Lot No. 25	2	200	No Goods	7.36	3.75	11.11	Not Pat.
Lot No. 14	9	200	3 years or over	10.99	3.80	14.79	Not Pat.

## Township of Camden.

Part of Lot 23, known as Water & Electric Light Co.	1		3 years or over	45.47	4.65	50.12	Patented
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## Village of Newburgh.

Lots 24 and 25, known as Pomeroy estate	S.S. con.	3	3 years or over	17.19	3.95	21.14	Patented
Part of lot 16, re Mrs. Leckie	Street	3	3 years or over	4.07	3.75	7.82	Patented
Parts of lots 4 & 6 re Jas. Murphy	Baldwin Street	3	3 years or over	16.48	3.95	20.43	Patented
Lot 1, re James Murphy	Brook st	3	3 years or over	9.77	3.75	13.52	Patented
Lot 188, re John Farley	East w. side	3	3 years or over				Patented

CYRUS EDGAR,  
Warden.

IRVINE PARKS,  
Treasurer County of Lennox and Addington.

County Treasurer's Office, Napanee, July 20th 1909.

First published in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS, at Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on July 30th, 1909.

5. That the funds derived from the negotiation and sale of the said debenture shall be deposited in an agency of a chartered Bank at Napanee, to the credit of the said corporation.

6. That this By-Law shall come into force and take effect upon, from and after the final passing hereof and shall remain in full force and effect until the debenture to be issued under the provisions hereof has been fully paid and satisfied,

## County Clerk.

## Warden.

Schedule "A" referred to in the foregoing By-Law showing how the amount \$183.66 thereby required to be raised annually by special rate, is apportioned.

Year	Interest	Principal	Total
1910	\$810.00	\$573.66	\$1383.66
1911	784.00	599.66	1383.66
1912	757.00	625.66	1383.66
1913	729.00	651.66	1383.66
1914	699.48	684.18	1383.66
1915	668.70	714.96	1383.66
1916	636.48	747.18	1383.66
1917	602.68	780.98	1383.66
1918	567.72	815.94	1383.66
1919	531.00	852.66	1383.66
1920	492.66	891.00	1383.66
1921	452.32	931.14	1383.66
1922	410.50	973.16	1383.66
1923	366.81	1016.82	1383.66
1924	321.12	1062.54	1383.66
1925	273.08	1110.58	1383.66
1926	223.38	1160.28	1383.66
1927	171.00	1212.66	1383.66
1928	116.46	1267.20	1383.66
1929	59.58	1324.08	1383.66

\$18000.00

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into consideration by the County Council of the County of Lennox and Addington at its Special Session to be held at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, in the said County, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of November, A. D., 1909, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

W. G. WILSON,  
County Clerk.

Dated July 23rd, 1909.

## CHEVY CHASE.

The Old Rodgers Mansion and the Famous Washington Club.

Doubtless few of the many thousands of persons who have read of Chevy Chase have any idea of the interesting history attached to the clubhouse and surroundings. Part of the old colonial structure as it stands today was erected in 1747 and from that time until a few years ago remained in the Rodgers family. In the war of 1812, when the British were advancing on Washington, the army and navy records were taken from the White House and secreted in the cellar of the Rodgers mansion, where they were kept for several days.

The Rodgers family has been famous in the American navy, no fewer than seven having served as admirals. The estate consisted of something like 200 acres, and as the beautifying of the property was always a hobby of its owners it is not surprising that unusual taste should have been shown in laying it out. It is a fact that there are 105 varieties of trees and bushes to be found within a stone's throw of the clubhouse. Not far from the present fourth green there was once a sunken garden, but this is scarcely more than a memory now.

The Chevy Chase club took possession in 1888 and at first rented the property from the Rodgers estate, but later the club purchased 200 acres. Several horse shows have been conducted on the property, and some years back the regular old fashioned county fairs were popular there. The membership consists of persons prominent in Washington socially. It is only half an hour's ride from the treasury to the door of the clubhouse.—Exchange.

usage—desire to know what manner of woman had attracted him. It was a vaudeville theater, and she bought a ticket, choosing a seat in an obscure part of the house.

At the end of an hour she learned what she had come to find out and quietly stepped from the theater and returned home. She spent an hour at Stephen's desk and then went to bed. She did not pass the night in sleep, but laid out a course of action which she began to follow at breakfast.

"Stephen," she said quietly, "I am not—very well. You know I am not used to staying in the city in the summer."

He looked up quickly, a flush on his face.

"I know you are not," he replied. "Cousin Lois has been anxious for me to pay her a visit ever since father died. I think I will go to her today."

"The country air would do you good," he said slowly.

"The cook's going to leave today. You can stay here and get your meals in the city, can't you?"

"Yes; I can manage all right."

A month later, at the end of a long summer day, Stephen approached home, weary and discouraged. He dreaded to unlock the door and go into the stale, shut-up atmosphere of the dust coated, empty rooms. But when he had entered the living room he stood still in amazement. The windows were open and freshly curtained in soft muslin. The room was in perfect order. A bunch of fragrant old fashioned flowers filled a big bowl on the table. Wondering, he went on into the dining room. The table was laid with clean linen, shining glass, speckless dishes and decorated by another bunch of country flowers.

He heard a light step in the kitchen. The door opened, and Aline, dressed, not in mourning, but in becoming color, came in.

"Oh, Stephen!" she cried, running into his arms.

He held her close and quiet for a moment. When she lifted her face for his kiss she put her hand caressingly across his tired eyes.

"You haven't died? I was sure you came home from the office first. It is too hot for a regular dinner, but I have prepared a cool little meal for us."

"But, Aline, when did you come? Why didn't you let me know?"

"It's a surprise," she laughed. "Sit down at the table while I bring the things in."

He followed her into the kitchen.

"How did you get a cook so soon?"

"I am the cook! Kiss the cook, Stephen!"

Again she was in his arms. Then he held her at arm's length. She was no longer pale and listless. Her face was full of life.

As soon as he had begun to eat the palatable little meal he looked at her in amazement.

"How did you learn to do all this, Aline?"

"That's another surprise. And there are a great many more surprises awaiting you, Stephen."

"I am afraid," he said, "that the biggest surprise of all will be that this is all a dream!"

"Stephen! But eat your dinner. Then you shall hear them all. You will not go out tonight, Stephen?"

He flushed guiltily.

"No, but I will have to telephone."

"I did that for you."

"You! You—knew, Aline?"

She laughed, but would say no more, not even when they were clearing the table and he was helping her wash the dishes. Then they went out on their little porch.

"Now tell me. When did you know?" he demanded.

"The third night you went out I followed you."

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"Aline!"

"I knew you were not spending your evenings at the office. It wasn't jealousy or curiosity, Stephen. But it came to me that I was of no help to you. For a moment when I saw you going into the greenroom I doubted you. Forgive me, Stephen. But in that moment I learned that I loved you. I went into the theater. When you came on in the second number I knew you in spite of your makeup, and I had heard of that wonderful athletic stunt of yours. I divined why you were doing it—I had been extravagant, and in order to indulge me you were slaving night and day, and I was giving you—nothing!"

"I came home and looked over your accounts and saw we were in debt. I went to Cousin Lois and told her all. She taught me to cook and keep house and keep accounts. I am more fitted now to be the wife of a"—

"Poor man."

"No, an honest man. But there's more. Long ago father paid off a mortgage on Cousin Lois' farm. They are very prosperous now, and she gave me a check for the \$1,000. I would not take any interest, of course. You have your vacation next week, and, Stephen, dear, we are going to take some of that \$1,000 and have our real honeymoon."

#### The Antiquity of the Cat.

It seems hard to believe that during all the long ages which passed between the dawn of civilization and the Christian era the Romans and Greeks should have been ignorant of the most familiar pet of our homes, the common cat. Yet no fact seems established more clearly than this. Hahn in his "Wanderings of Plants and Animals" insisted upon it, and it has since been established by the united efforts of scholars and zoologists. We know now that our domestic favorite, with its winning, coy ways, uneasy when removed from man's society and yet never completely trusting it, with its mysterious old world air, was unknown to the chief nations of antiquity till after the Christian era.

It was the patient and gifted nation of the Nile valley that built the hall of columns at Karnak and that reared such colossal statues as that of Ramesses II. at Memphis, not to speak of the pyramids, that first tamed the cat. Hereditary antipathy as deep as that which reigns between the feline race and mankind does not die out in a generation. Countless years and many dynasties must have passed ere the wildest members of creation became the most faithful servants of mankind. In Egypt we know that cats were regarded with veneration and embalmed and buried after their death.—London Academy.

#### FITS OF PURE ANGER.

##### How to Know and Check This Dangerous Tendency.

There is many a young mother who admires secretly the little outbursts of anger that baby gives vent to and thinks they are funny and cute until by the time the child is two or three years old she awakes to the sad realization that her baby has grown into a willful and spoiled child who is thought anything but lovable and cute by other people. Every mother, out of justice to the child as well as to herself, should check these outbursts of anger when the child first shows an inclination to indulge in them. But when the mother finds that the outbursts have taken a firm hold on the child and seem to occur periodically she should set about the tedious task of overcoming them.

The little one should be punished, but her will must not be broken by repeated "spankings," for these seldom fail to give the child a moody, sulky disposition. It takes times and

## What Other Papers Say.

#### Woman's National Daily

"Wed at fourteen, mother at fifteen, asks divorce at sixteen—that is one young woman's record. There is material here for an encyclopedia."

#### Toronto Globe.

The Toronto News says that "it is estimated that Alberta has four thousand million tons of anthracite coal, mostly owned by prominent liberals." Surely the News has overlooked the magnificent holdings of Samuel Barker, conservative M. P. for Hamilton,

#### Belleville Ontario.

Peary at first declared the Esquimaux to be liars. Now he is endeavoring to prove by statements made to him by them that Cook never reached the pole. Satisfactory—very. Having discredited his own witnesses, how can Peary expect anyone to believe them or to have other than an unfavorable opinion of himself?

#### Hamilton Herald.

Sir John Fisher is about to retire from the British admiralty. He has earned a rest. In all the history of the British navy it is doubtful if any one man has wrought so many important changes as he. Under his rule the navy has been revolutionized. Fisher has made what is virtually a new fighting machine.

#### TEN YEARS LATE.

The experience of one member of a cow testing association is worth recording as showing the necessity of testing as well as weighing milk. His principal income is from selling cream, so that his astonishment may be guessed when he finds this year that the milk from a twelve year-old cow, that he raised on his farm and fondly imagined one of his best cows, has never tested more than 2.9 per cent of fat. The discovery comes somewhat late to a man who has been harbouring a cow that for a productive period of ten long years has been masquerading as an animal producing fairly rich milk. The cow never gives this information concerning herself voluntarily; it has to be sought for and ascertained by delicate and regular sampling. All real improvement of dairy herds includes systematic weighing and sampling of the milk from each cow in the herd. All the herd tests, simply average results, that a man likes to have made will never detect the poorest cow or give due credit to the best cow. There must be testing of individual samples.

#### THE OCTOBER ROD AND GUN.

On the eve of the big game hunting season, the October Number of Rod and Gun in Canada, published by W. J. Taylor, at Woodstock, Ont., gives foremost attention to big game hunting stories. They will be found varied enough in both localities and experiences to interest all sportsmen, and many will doubtless recall incidents in their own careers corresponding with some related in such pleasing fashion in these pages. In the same way the article on "The Characteristics of a Fine Backwoods Guide," will remind numerous readers of character features shown by their own guides, and revive many pleasant memories—a rich storehouse of which is the property of every sportsman. Fish culture in Newfoundland will receive attention from every brother of the rod, and its inclusion shows that even at such a time the interests of the devotees of the fishing art are not neglected. Other seasonable pages are given, making the number one that should be the companion of every sportsman either at home or on his vacation, giving him many pleasant half hours in perusing what others have done and thinking of his own.

## PERUNA A WONDERFUL BOON IN MY OLD AGE.



MRS. MAHALA REID.

Heartily Approves of Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin for Kidney and Bowel Trouble.

MRS. MAHALA REID, Corbyville, Ont., Canada, writes:

"Your celebrated remedies have been a wonderful boon to me in my old age."

"I have not been in so good health for several years as now. I was troubled with constipation, rheumatism and kidney trouble."

"A little over two years ago, I completely lost my health, becoming almost helpless, when a dear friend sent me your remedies, Peruna and Manalin. I began to take them, following the directions on the bottle. I very soon began to feel benefited by their use and continued to take them."

"I am now completely recovered from the above ailments, in fact, better than I have been for years past. I cannot praise the remedies too highly and will always recommend them to others."

Constipation is almost sure to set up other derangements.

Retained accumulations within the bowels are partly reabsorbed into the system, producing sometimes rheumatism, sometimes kidney trouble."

#### A Suspicious Silence.

Howard was only twenty months older than the baby. He had somehow come to realize that Elwood, who was creeping, was more likely to be in mischief when quiet. One day he called to his mother with a great deal of anxiety in his little voice, "Mamma, I hear Elwood keeping still."—Delineator.

#### No Fault of His.

"Why, Johnny! Your little sister is shelling two quarts of peas to your one."

"Well, I told the durn little chump about it, but it didn't do no good."—Cleveland Leader.

#### Disappointment.

Head Waiter—What's the matter with that dyspeptic looking old chap over there at the fourth table?

Assistant—He's got a crutch. He was getting all ready to make a kick about that cantrilloupe, and he found it was a good one.—Chicago Tribune.

#### Two Painters.

"Well now, don't you—I got 20 cents a word for my stuff. I'm a word painter. Look how scornfully—That's nothing. I got \$2 a word for mine. For a painter, an Exchange."

## BLOOD DISEASES CURED

Drs. K. & K. Established 20 Years.

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property of every sportsman. Fish culture in Newfoundland will receive attention from every brother of the rod, and its inclusion shows that even at such a time the interests of the devotees of the fishing art are not neglected. Other seasonable pages are given, making the number one that should be the companion of every sportsman either at home or on his vacation, giving him many pleasant half hours in perusing what others have done and enabling him to fight some of his own battles over again.

All kinds of groceries at your own price at the slaughter sale opposite Robinson Co. store.

Eleven days of remarkably fine weather have gone on record for October. Not in years has there been such a continued spell of beautiful autumn weather. Saturday and Sunday, however, were decidedly remarkable days. The weather was actually summer-like in its warmth and brightness. The people thought Saturday was decidedly grand, but Sunday had it "beaten a mile." On Sunday, October 10th, the thermometer at Prof. Knight's observatory registered seventy-six degrees in the shade—as warm as the average day in July or August. The day was clear from morn till night, the sun shining brightly, and the sky being absolutely clear. At night a breeze sprang up, and blew all night, but Monday was ushered in fine bright and warm. In 1890, just ten years ago, there was fine October weather, but it couldn't equal the weather this October has given.

The Globe, of Toronto, editorially has the following wise observation relating to taxation:  
"Taxation may be so levied as to encourage and almost force industry and enterprise. It may, on the other hand, be so levied as to obstruct, retard and even destroy the source from which the revenue must be drawn. The French window tax led to the closing of many windows and a proportionate lessening of the value and usefulness of buildings. The Egyptian tax on date trees led to the cutting down of many trees. Larger amounts might have been raised by methods which would encourage the best and fullest use of the property from which the revenues were drawn. Similar influences can be discerned in the incidence of business taxation according to the value of buildings."

To obviate the tendency to discourage energy and improvement is exactly the intent of the proposed change in the Assessment Act, granting powers to municipalities to fix a lower rate upon the business and improvement values than upon the land values. Over 200 municipalities have already returned it favorably. Returns are coming by every mail.

Belleville, Ont.—"I was so weak and worn out from a female weakness that I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took several bottles of it, and I gained strength so rapidly that it seemed to make a new woman of me. I can do as good a day's work as I ever did. I sincerely bless the day that I made up my mind to take your medicine for female weakness, and I am exceedingly grateful to you for your kind letters, as I certainly profited by them. I give you permission to publish this any time you wish."—Mrs. ALBERT WICKETT, Belleville, Ontario, Canada.

### MARYSVILLE.

For last week.

The corn harvest is the order of the day. Most of the people report a good crop of corn and potatoes.

A lively runaway occurred on the gravel road near Rose Geranium Farm on Saturday forenoon, when Mr. J. Harrigan's team became frightened at some other horses along the road and ran away, throwing Mr. Harrigan off the wagon and breaking his ankle. Before they had made much headway they were stopped by some of the farmers.

Eddy Drummey is to continue the milk drawing for the rest of the season.  
Visitors: Mrs. J. C. Meagher at Mrs. T. Alexander's; Miss M. Sweeney at Mr. J. Traynor's; Miss M. Gaulin at Miss M. McGuinness'; Mr. and Mrs. R. Baker, Napanee, at Mrs. J. C. Meagher's.


**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

about it, but it didn't do no good.—  
Cleveland Leader.


## BLOOD DISEASES CURED

Drs. K. & K. Established 20 Years.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT



BEFORE TREATMENT



AFTER TREATMENT

He was surprised at how the sores healed. "I took your NEW METHOD TREATMENT for a serious blood disease with which I had been afflicted for twelve years. I had consulted a score of physicians, taken all kinds of blood medicine, visited Hot Springs and other mineral water resorts, but only got temporary relief. They would help me for a time, but after discontinuing the medicine the symptoms would break out again, running sores, blotches, rheumatic pains, looseness of the hair, swellings of the glands, pains of the hands and feet, itching of the skin, dyspeptic stomach, etc. I had given up in despair when a friend advised me to consult you, as you had cured him of a similar disease 8 years ago. I had no hope, but took his advice. In three weeks time the sores commenced to heal up and I became encouraged. I continued the NEW METHOD TREATMENT for four months and at the end of that time every symptom had disappeared. I was cured 15 years ago and no signs of any disease since. My boys, three years old, is sound and healthy. I certainly can recommend your treatment with all my heart. You can refer any person to me privately, but you can use this testimonial as you wish." W. H. S.

We treat NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, VITAL WEAKNESS, BLOOD, SKIN and PRIVATE Diseases, URINARY, BLADDER and KIDNEY complaints of Men and Women

Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you intending to marry? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. Charges reasonable. Books Free.—The Golden Monitor, Illustrated on Diseases of Men.

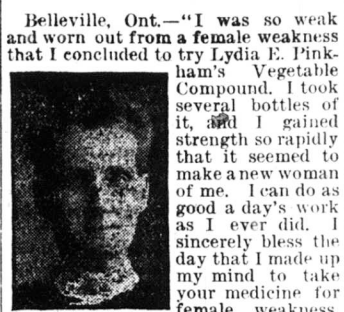
NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. Everything confidential, Question list and cost of Home Treatment FREE.

## DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave., and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

# THE BEST REMEDY

For Women—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Belleville, Ont.—"I was so weak and worn out from a female weakness that I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took several bottles of it, and I gained strength so rapidly that it seemed to make a new woman of me. I can do as good a day's work as I ever did. I sincerely bless the day that I made up my mind to take your medicine for female weakness, and I am exceedingly grateful to you for your kind letters, as I certainly profited by them. I give you permission to publish this any time you wish."—Mrs. ALBERT WICKETT, Belleville, Ontario, Canada.

Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will cure female weakness and so successfully carry women through the Change of Life as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs.

For 30 years it has been curing women from the worst forms of female ills—inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and nervous prostration.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct 19th, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.					
Stations	Miles	No.12	No.40	No.4	No.6	Stations	Miles	No.1	No.41	No.3	No.6
Lve Bannockburn	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Allans	5	...	...	1:40	...	Arr Napanee	9	7:20	...	...	...
Queensboro	14	...	...	2:05	...	Lve Napanee	9	7:40	12:10	4:25	...
Bridgewater	20	...	...	2:25	...	Strathcona	15	8:05	12:25	4:40	...
Arr Tweed	20	...	...	2:45	...	Newburgh	17	8:15	12:35	4:50	...
Lve Tweed	23	6:55	...	3:05	...	Thomson's Mills	18	...	...	...	...
Stoco	23	7:05	...	3:15	...	Camden East	19	...	...	...	...
Larking	27	7:20	...	3:30	...	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	12:45	5:00	...
Maribank	33	7:40	...	3:45	...	Lve Yarker	23	9:00	1:05	5:35	...
Erinsville	37	7:55	...	3:55	...	Galbraith	25	...	...	...	...
Tamworth	40	8:10	2:21	4:15	...	Moscow	27	9:20	1:17	5:45	...
Wilson	44	8:25	2:10	4:30	...	Undlake Bridge	30	...	...	...	...
Mudlake Bridge	48	...	...	...	...	Enterprise	32	9:35	1:30	6:03	...
Moscow	51	8:37	2:52	4:47	...	Wilson	34	...	...	...	...
Galbraith	53	...	...	...	...	Tamworth	38	10:00	1:50	6:20	...
Yarker	56	8:48	3:05	5:00	...	Erinsville	41	10:12	...	6:30	...
Lve Yarker	56	8:48	3:07	5:05	...	Maribank	45	10:28	...	6:45	...
Camden East	59	...	3:20	5:38	...	Larking	51	10:45	...	7:05	...
Thomson's Mills	60	...	...	...	...	Stoco	55	11:00	...	7:20	...
Newburgh	61	...	8:30	5:48	...	Arr Tweed	58	11:15	...	...	...
Strathcona	63	...	8:40	5:58	...	Lve Tweed	58	11:30	...	...	...
Napanee	65	...	5:55	6:15	...	Bridgewater	64	11:37	...	...	...
Lve Napanee	69	...	...	...	...	Queensboro	70	12:05	...	...	...
Deseronto	74	...	...	6:58	...	Allans	...	...	...	...	...
						Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	...	...	...

## Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No.3	No.4	No.6	No.5	Stations	Miles	No.1	No.3	No.5	No.6
Lve Kingston	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
G. T. R. Junction	3	...	...	1:10	...	Arr Napanee	9	7:20	...	...	...
Glenvale	10	...	...	4:29	...	Lve Napanee	9	7:50	12:0	4:25	...
Murvale	14	...	...	4:39	...	Strathcona	15	8:05	12:25	4:40	...
Arr Harrowsmith	19	...	...	4:5	...	Newburgh	17	8:15	12:35	4:50	...
Lve Sydenham	19	8:10	...	...	...	Thomson's Mills	18	...	...	...	...
Arr Harrowsmith	19	8:21	...	...	...	Camden East	19	8:30	12:45	5:00	...
Frontenac	22	...	...	...	...	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	1:00	5:13	...
Lve Yarker	26	8:45	...	5:20	...	Yarker	23	8:55	...	6:25	...
Arr Yarker	26	9:10	3:07	5:25	...	Frontenac	27	...	...	...	...
Camden East	30	9:24	3:21	5:38	...	Arr Harrowsmith	30	9:30	...	6:45	...
Thomson's Mills	31	...	...	...	...	Sydenham	34	...	...	6:10	...
Newburgh	32	9:33	3:30	5:46	...	Lve Harrowsmith	30	9:10	...	...	...
Strathcona	34	9:43	3:41	5:56	...	Murvale	35	...	...	...	...
Napanee	40	9:58	3:55	6:15	...	Glenvale	39	...	...	...	...
Lve Napanee	40	...	...	6:35	...	G. T. R. Junction	47	9:50	...	...	...
Deseronto	49	...	...	6:58	...	Arr Kingston	49	10:00	...	...	...

## LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Napanee	Deseronto	Deseronto	Picton	Picton	Deseronto	Deseronto	Napanee
12 10 a.m.	2 30 a.m.					9 50 a.m.	10 10 a.m.
7 10 "	8 10 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.			11 30 a.m.	11 50 a.m.
10 30 "	10 50 "					12 45 p.m.	1 05 p.m.
12 05 p.m.	12 25 p.m.	1 40 p.m.	3 00 p.m.			3 45 p.m.	4 05 p.m.
1 25 "	1 45 "	5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.			6 10 p.m.	6 30 "
4 30 "	4 50 "					7 10 "	8 00 "
6 50 "	7 10 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.			12 40 a.m.	1 05 a.m.
9 15 "	9 35 "						

Daily. All other trains run dull Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN, President. H. B. SHKRWOOD, Superintendent. MILES MCKEOWN, Despatcher.



# THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

## CHAPTER XXIV.—(Cont'd)

"Oh, that Charlie could have lived till now!" she said, with a sob, as she caught Allison's hand almost passionately to her heart. "My dear! my dear! Can it be that I have found my own at last! Can you open your heart to your mother and try to love her a little at this late day?"

"I love you a great deal already," the beautiful girl replied, as she leaned forward and laid her lips against the soft cheek of the woman beside her. "How could I have been with you all these weeks and not grow fond of you! How perfectly lovely it will be," she added, with a tearful little laugh, as she threw her arms around her neck and drew the stately head down to her. "to have a mother all my very own!"

"And what an exceedingly fortunate circumstance for that same mother to have found her own daughter so opportunely," smilingly remarked Mr. Lytton. "I do not believe, my dear girl, that you half-realize that, through this discovery, you will come into an income of some thousands of pounds per annum, and also secure to your mother a very handsome annuity."

"Why, do you mean that this will stop all that litigation in connection with Lady Bromley's property?" cried Allison, astonished.

"I do mean just that. We shall now wind up that matter very shortly, and with very little trouble," the lawyer replied.

"Well, I am sure I do not half-realize it yet," she said, with a long breath. "Gerald," darting a roguish look at him, "do you hear! I'm no longer 'as poor as a church mouse.' Aren't you glad?"

"I do not know that I am especially delighted," he smilingly responded, "but if you are happier I can be contented."

"Do you happen to have anything besides that key in your possession to prove your identity?" Mr. Lytton here inquired.

"Yes, indeed, I have. Wait a moment, and I will show you," Allison replied, and starting eagerly to her feet, she flitted from the room before any one could detain her. She soon reappeared with the box in her hands. Putting it into Lady Bromley's hands, she observed:

"You must open it, and when you see what it contains I am sure you will feel that the chain of evidence is complete."

With trembling hands the woman threw back the cover, whereupon Mrs. Bryant came to her side, and both eagerly examined its contents, their tears falling thick and fast as they unfolded the dainty garments, every one of which they instantly identified.

Mr. Lytton also stood by, overlooking their movements, and when at length that note which had been found by Miss Nancy Porter pinned upon Allison's blanket was

oppressively happy I am to-night!" she concluded, with a laugh that sounded almost hysterical.

"Hush, dear! You must not give way to excitement," said her ladyship, in a tone of gentle reproof as she folded her arms about the slight form and drew the golden head upon her breast.

"We must not forget that the day after to-morrow will be a very important one in the calendar of your life, and we must keep you strong and well. But what were you going to say when I interrupted you?"

"I was going to ask you if this little key really unlocks anything or whether it is only an ornament?" Allison replied, as she toyed with the tiny trinket upon her neck.

Lady Bromley's face grew very sorrowful at the question. Gently releasing herself from Allison's embrace, she went to a trunk and brought forth a beautiful casket of ebony, inlaid with pearls and gold. This she placed upon the table beside which they had been sitting, unlocked it, and threw back the cover.

Allison uttered an exclamation of delight as she saw the array of precious and beautiful jewels that were thus exposed to her gaze.

"Almost all of them were given to me by your father, dear," said her ladyship tremulously; "but I rarely wear any of them now, for I am still in deep mourning for him. Here is a likeness he gave me just before he left me to go back to England."

She opened a beautiful locket as she spoke, and passed it to Allison, who found herself looking into a frank, rather boyish, but altogether attractive face, with eyes very like her own, and smiling lips which she felt very sure never gave utterance to aught but kindly and courteous words.

She sighed as she softly closed the case and passed it back to her mother. She did not speak; there were tears in her eyes, a choking sensation in her throat, and she could not.

Presently Lady Bromley found what she was seeking for, a small golden cube about an inch and a half square, and richly studded with rubies and diamonds. She laid it in Allison's hand.

"Unlock it!" she gently commanded. "You have the key."

With an expression of wonder in her great blue eyes, the girl detached the mysterious key from the chain about her neck, inserted it in the lock, and turned it. Then, with a strange thrill quivering through all her nerves, she lifted the lid and saw, lying within a nest of white velvet, a plain but heavy circlet of gold. She lifted an inquiring look at her companion.

"There is an inscription engraved on its inner surface. Read it, dear," said Lady Bromley.

Removing it with reverent touch, Allison turned it to the light and read:

## AFTER SIX YEARS OF INDIGESTION

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Made a Permanent Cure.

There are many medicines that will relieve indigestion for a time—there are few that will make a permanent cure. But there is one medicine that is a sure cure—that medicine is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have cured thousands of cases—many of them of years standing. Cases like that of Mr. John E. Seale of Montreal, Que., after many other medicines have been tried and found worthless. Mr. Seale says:—"For nearly six years I suffered with indigestion. During all that time I was constantly taking medicine for the trouble, but never got more than temporary relief. Finally I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after using them for some time the trouble disappeared and I am now able to eat heartily without the least trace of the suffering I formerly endured. I can, from my own experience, strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a permanent cure for indigestion."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are good for every disease that good blood is good for, simply because they make good blood—that is why they cure rheumatism, heart palpitation, indigestion, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance and the ailments of girlhood and womanhood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all medicine dealers or direct by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## CAREFULLY GUARDED SECRET

Materials for Gentlemen's Light Waistcoats.

Among the finest and most distinctive varieties of textile fabrics are the cloths technically known as quiltings, which, however, have nothing to do with bed quilts, but include such fabrics as piques, diamonds, matings and materials for gentlemen's light waistcoats, says the London Daily News.

The important processes in the manufacture of quiltings are zealously guarded as trade secrets. They represent the finest achievements in cotton cloth.

The extreme delicacy of their manufacture may be gathered from the fact that down to even twenty-five years ago they were still largely made on the hand loom, the work being done not in mills but given out to the workers in their own homes. By constant experiment and after many failures a quilting loom was constructed which could be driven by power, though its production was only slightly faster than the hand loom. During the last twenty years great improvements have been introduced, especially at Bury, England, which came to be the centre for the making of quiltings.

## CHILDHOOD AILMENTS.

Most of the troubles that affect little ones may be traced to the stomach and bowels, and if these are put right the child will get well and thrive well. Baby's Own

## The Farm

### BROOD SOW AND LITTER.

It will pay any farmer to keep a record of the dates on which his sows are bred, that he may know to a certainty just when the sows will fallow, and be prepared to take care of the litter.

A few days before a sow is due to farrow it is well to place her by herself in a warm, dry place, where she will not be molested, and feed her the same rations she has been accustomed to, as a change in her feed at this time would be likely to upset her or derange her system. When she farrows it is best to let her alone until she comes out, and then give her only a drink of water. When she again comes out, give her another drink and put a very little feed in it.

It is important to be careful that she is brought to a full feed gradually, in order that she may not produce too great a flow of milk before the pigs are able to take it. It must be remembered that this is certainly the most critical period in the life of the young litter, as a little too much milk from the sow at first is almost sure to bring about white scours, which if checked at once will soon cause death. There is also danger by starting the milk too soon, of causing the sow to become feverish, when her udder will become hard and hot, and soreness will result, so that the sow will not let her litter suckle. This may either kill the pigs or so stunt them that they will not grow as fast as they otherwise would.

After the pigs have got well started, say from a week to ten days, the sow may be fed all she will eat of a good ration, but under no circumstances is it best to make any change in her feed, as bad results are likely to follow. When the pigs are about three weeks old they will show an inclination to eat. At this time they should be given a little of the same feed that the sow is receiving and if it is to be had a small quantity of milk may be added. This side table must be placed where the mother cannot get to it, and the pigs should be given very little at a time and under no consideration should any be left in their trough to sour. Sour or stale feed is an abomination that should never be tolerated.

Started gradually, the pigs can be grown very rapidly. If any changes in the feed must be made they should be made gradually. At the age of three months they may be weaned by removing the sow from the yard or lot where she and her litter have been, and the pigs will hardly know when they are weaned. If one wishes to wean the pigs at an earlier age it may be done, but if the sow is a good milker, it must be done gradually, by removing the sow for a part of the day at first, then after a day or two she may be kept away for a whole day, and after a little all the time, until there is no danger of a caked udder or spoiled teats. After weaning, the pigs should be kept growing as fast as possible by giving them good feed and plenty of exercise. If one has the



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girls. Bright came to her side, and both eagerly examined its contents, their tears falling thick and fast as they unfolded the dainty garments, every one of which they instantly identified.

Mr. Lyttleton also stood by, overlooking their movements, and when at length that note which had been found by Miss Nancy Porter pinned upon Allison's blanket was unfolded, he recognized at the first glance the handwriting of his sister's friend, for he had read many a letter which she had penned during the youthful correspondence of the two girls.

This, of itself, proved a great deal, and the careworn look which he had worn so long whenever he thought of the "Bromley Case" disappeared at once and forever from his face.

## CHAPTER XXV.

"Miss Allison Brewster Bromley," he jocosely remarked, "in your joy over learning that you have a mother—that henceforth you are the heiress of Bromley Court—I trust you will not entirely overlook the fact that you also have an uncle."

"So I have!" she cried delightedly; "how my blessings are multiplying! Uncle Richard, I—I think the relationship demands ratification."

This was said with such a charming air of archness, accompanied by a blush, while she roguishly put up her red lips to him, that it brought down the house, and the equilibrium of everybody was restored in the general laugh that followed "the ratification."

Of course, there was a great deal to be talked over and many points to be discussed in detail, and it was late in the evening before the company separated.

Afterward, when Allison and her mother were alone together in the room of the latter, each poured out her heart to the other with a freedom which neither had experienced for years.

Lady Bromley had much to tell of her husband and her home, Allison listening with breathless interest to every word that flowed from her lips. All at once a question suggested itself to her.

"Lady R—?" she began.

"Allison, my dear!" interposed her companion, a shadow of pain flashing over her face, "cannot you call me by the name which I have so longed to hear all my life?"

"With all my heart, mama," eagerly replied the fair girl, as she lifted the hand she was holding and kissed it lovingly. "Ah! it will be such a blessed privilege. It is years since I have said it. How almost

through all her nerves, she lifted the lid and saw, lying within a nest of white velvet, a plain but heavy circlet of gold. She lifted an inquiring look at her companion.

"There is an inscription engraved on its inner surface. Read it, dear," said Lady Bromley.

Removing it with reverent touch, Allison turned it to the light and read:

"C. B. to M. L., Dec. 24, 18—"

"It is my wedding-ring," her mother explained with tremulous lips, "but it has never been upon my hand since that one happy week which my husband and I spent together in Boston just after our marriage. The day before he was to leave me he brought me that tiny golden casket. 'My darling,' he said, 'it will never do for you to wear that telltale circlet when you go back to school, so I have brought you this to keep it in until I come back to you. Lock it safely away. I have had the key fixed so that you can wear it either as a pin or upon a chain, and now this secret will be yours and mine alone.' So I did as he wished. I never told even Helen about my little treasure-chest. It seemed very strange to me when, thinking of it afterward, that when she decided to take you away she should have been inspired to select from among so many trinkets the one thing of all which would deprive me of the only proof in my possession of my marriage. I cannot be thankful enough now that she did so, for the very peculiarity of the ornament and the fact that it alone will unlock the golden casket helps to prove your identity. After my husband rejoined me he wished to have the casket forced, so that I could have my ring. But I said no. Somehow, I felt myself unworthy to wear that sacred circlet. I was oppressed with a sense of guilt for even, in my weakness and despair, entertaining for a moment the thought of sending my child from me. He told me that I was foolish and notional. I suppose I was. Still, I could not help the feeling. He insisted that I must have something in place of it, then. It would not do for me to be going about without any symbol of marriage, and he brought me this"—showing a similar band—"which I have worn ever since, although I would not allow it to be marked."

Allison gently took her mother's left hand and drew off all the rings from the third finger.

Then, holding the original wedding-ring up before her, she asked: "May I put this back now?"

"Yes, dear," said Lady Bromley, but with tears in her eyes.

Allison slipped it into its place, then replaced her other jewels above it, after which she bent and left a soft caress, like a benediction, upon the slender white hand (To be continued.)

WOMEN SMOKERS OF MEXICO.

The cigarette is far more popular among women in the upper circles of European society than it is in Mexico, where if you find a lady smoking she is quite sure to be an elderly woman of an addiction to old customs. That Mexican women generally smoke cigarettes is a notion cherished by foreign writers of Mexican romances sprinkled all over their pages with "caramba," "mi vida," "chile con carne," etc.

It's up to every man to become chairman of the advisory board of his own affairs.

## CHILDHOOD AILMENTS.

Most of the troubles that affect little ones may be traced to the stomach and bowels, and if these are put right the child will get well and thrive well. Baby's Own Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles and all the other minor ailments of babyhood and childhood. The Tablets are easy to take and are guaranteed free from opiates. Mrs. H. Matthews, Canfield, Ont., says:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl who had a weak stomach and was badly constipated. The Tablets cured her of both troubles, and I really feel as if they had saved her life." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A wise man is one who knows what not to do and doesn't do it.

The activity of some people is devoted exclusively to stirring up trouble.

Why go limping and whining about your corns when a 25 cent bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure will remove them? Give it a trial and you will not regret it.

Don't tell other people what they should do. Do what you should do yourself and let it go at that.

It's as easy for some men to make money as it is for others to make trouble.

Some men who put you on the back would rather punch your head.

A Purely Vegetable Pill.—The chief ingredients of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are mandrake and dandelion, sedative and purgative, but perfectly harmless in their action. They cleanse and purify and have a most healthful effect upon the secretions of the digestive organs. The dyspeptic and all who suffer from liver and kidney ailments will find in these pills the most effective medicine in concentrated form that has yet been offered to the suffering.

Bigbee—"I say, Smallbee, you are just the man I want to see. You have known me now for five years, haven't you?" Smallbee—"Yes." Bigbee—"Well, I would like you to accommodate me with the loan of \$10." Smallbee—"Sorry, Bigbee, but I can't." Bigbee—"Can't! Why not?" Smallbee—"Because I have known you for five years."

## I OWE MY LIFE TO GIN PILLS.

If you want to see a happy woman, just call on Mrs. Mollie Dixon, 59 Hoskin Ave., West Toronto.

"After ten years of suffering from Kidney Disease, I believe I owe my life to Gin Pills. Before I began using Gin Pills my back ached so much that I could not put on my shoes, but after taking three boxes of Gin Pills these troubles are all gone. It is a pleasure for me to add one more testimonial to the grand reputation of 'Gin Pills.'"

Mrs. N. Dixon.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, at all dealers. Sample free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. (Dept. W. L.) Toronto, Ont.

milker, it must be done gradually, by removing the sow for a part of the day at first, then after a day or two she may be kept away for a whole day, and after a little all the time, until there is no danger of a caked udder or spoiled teats.

After weaning, the pigs should be kept growing as fast as possible by giving them good feed and plenty of exercise. If one has the milk it would be well to mix the ground feed in it; if not, an addition of the 5 to 10 per cent. tankage will grow them about as well, and make just as large a pig for the age as if fed milk, and at little expense. It is best to mix the feed quite thickly. Pigs that are fed too thin slop have to drink too much to get what real feed they need.

As the pigs grow older a little whole corn may be given them. In fact, a variety of feed is always best at this age; but all changes must be made carefully, so as not to upset their systems or check their growth.

Pigs well bred and properly fed should easily weigh 100 pounds at three months of age, and at six months should weigh from 200 to 225 pounds each.

## MUTTON CHOPS.

We hear much said about the good that sheep do clearing up the pastures; but there is such a thing as overdoing it. Don't starve your sheep for the sake of trimming up a brush lot.

Put slats across the trough to keep the sheep from fouling it with their feet.

Give your sheep plenty of trough room so that they will not push and crowd each other.

The breeding ewes should be kept strong and thrifty.

Generous and judicious feeding and care mean satisfactory profits in sheep raising.

No animal responds more generously to gentle care than a sheep.

Rough, stony pastures will often cause lameness in sheep.

Examine the feet for tufts of grass wedged between the toes. These will cause lameness.

As the damp days of fall come on get your sheep out on the higher ground. They will be healthier and do better.

In selecting ewe lambs to keep for breeders, only those of good form that are hearty feeders should be kept. No profit ever comes from a slow feeder.

The mostest care should be given the selection of the breeding ewes.

On farms that need reproduction clean feeding is most desirable.

Feed only from the best. Always use a two-hand ram.

The time of sheep that combines a large body with a good range is the one for the small flock owner.

## ONE OF THE LEGS.

A late chief officer of the infant regiment relating some of his experiences in an expedition, said one day that after hours of laborious climbing up a steep and never-ending path, he heard a groan of despair from a private soldier.

"Look here, Bill! You had enough of this," the soldier said to his comrade. "I was told that this was a blooming fair-land."

"So it is," replied the other soldier. "Can't you see you're climbing up one of the legs?"

The religion that looks like a dose of medicine is the one that many try to force down the throats of others.

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### TRACED BY A BUTTON.

#### How French Police Caught a Belgian Murderer.

An ordinary coat button has just led to the capture of a Belgian murderer after a search of many months. In March 29 last, a postcard publisher named Donald Farquharson Fleurott, a native of Mauritius, was found murdered in his office in Paris. Near the body lay an overcoat bearing the mark of a Brussels firm of outfitters. The coat was much worn and had been fitted with new buttons bearing a Buenos Ayres trade mark. Inquiries at Brussels were fruitless. The coat was then sent to Buenos Ayres, where, after a painstaking search, it was recognized by a tailor who did repairs for the customers of a small hotel there. He had sewn new buttons on a coat eighteen months ago for a Belgian named Knopkaert.

This man's movements were traced through a local shipping office to Paris, and it was ascertained that he was there at the time of the murder. Investigation into Knopkaert's career showed that he was a deserter from the Belgian army. Eventually he was traced to Brussels and was arrested. Charged with the murder of Fleurott, he at once made a full confession that he had killed him in the course of a quarrel.

### FEW DIVORCES IN CANADA.

#### A Grand Total in Forty Years of 136 in the Dominion.

There is a surprising difference between the divorce statistics of the United States and those of Canada. While in the United States divorces are granted by the thousand, in Canada the number rarely reaches even two figures annually. Since 1867 there has been a grand total of 136 divorces granted in Canada.

The figures are given in detail in the St. John Globe as follows:

In 1867-68 one was granted; in '69, one; '70, '71 and '72, none; '73, one; '75, one; '76, one; '77 four; '78, three; '79, one; '84, one; '85, five; '86, one; '87, five; '88, two; '89, four; '90, two; '92, four; '93, seven; '94, six; '95, three; '96, one; '97, one; '98, three; '99, four; 1900, five; '01, two; '02, two; '03, seven; '04, six.

In 1905 nine were granted; in 1906, fourteen; 1907, five; 1908, eight, while the last season eclipsed all records with a total of sixteen.

The microscope in the hands of experts employed by the United States Government has revealed the fact that a house fly sometimes carries thousands of disease germs attached to its hairy body.

### YOUR WATERLOO.

Such little things, when seen afar,  
Loom largely in the nearer view;  
It all depends just where you are,  
How much, how little you may do.  
Some friend has fallen by the way  
Who sadly needs a help from you;  
Take up the burden while you may—  
Make that for once your Waterloo.

Perhaps you weary, heart and soul,  
Of life's hard struggle day by day;  
In vain you try to reach the goal  
That always seems so far away.  
And yet, perchance, one effort more—  
A most determined effort, too—  
And all the failure will be o'er—  
Make that to-day your Waterloo.

There is, perhaps, a little sin  
That's knocking daily at your door;  
In weakness, p'r'aps, you let it in,  
To worry at your bosom's core.  
Hit out, and say you'll have no more  
Of what you know you can but rue;  
Fight hard, as ne'er you fought before—  
Make that to-day your Waterloo.

You say she passes coldly by  
Whose smile you yearn so much to win;  
Your heart beats fast when she is nigh,  
And then to tremble you begin.  
"Faint heart ne'er won fair lady yet!"  
Take courage, and begin to woo,  
And in the end her love you'll get—  
Make that to-day your Waterloo.

### CURE THAT OBSTINATE SORE.

Where Ordinary Salves fail Zam-Buk Succeeds.

Chronic sores which cause trouble by "breaking open," may be cured by Zam-Buk, as well as recent injuries and diseases. If you suffer from some old sore—hid-ia, perhaps, but none the less painful for that—don't deny, apply Nature's healing essences as provided in Zam-Buk. Mrs. J. E. Ashton, of 111, Vickers Street, Fort William, tells how valuable Zam-Buk is as a family balm. She says:—"We first used Zam-Buk for cuts and bruises, etc., and found it so satisfactory that my husband started using it for a chronic sore. For a long time he had been bothered with an old sore on his leg, and had used various preparations, yet nothing had permanently cured it. He began applying Zam-Buk balm, and was very soon agreeably surprised to notice a great improvement."

"It was only a matter of a short time before Zam-Buk had thoroughly cleansed the sore of all foul matter and healing commenced. It is now some months since the sore was completely closed, and there is no likelihood of it breaking out again."

"Since then my baby, eighteen months old, has been cured of eczema on the scalp by Zam-Buk. This eczema came in red pimples, and if rubbed or scratched, formed into sores. The child was very fretful from the irritation of the scalp, but whenever Zam-Buk was applied it seemed to bring the greatest relief. Frequent applications were effective in clearing all traces of the disease from the baby's scalp in a short space of time. I feel it my duty to give the credit where due, and I cheerfully recommend Zam-Buk to all sufferers from chronic sores, bad leg, or eczema."

Zam-Buk is Nature's own healing balm, being composed of pure herbal essences. It is a sure cure for eczema, ringworm, ulcers, cuts, burns, bruises, poisoned sores, chronic wounds, bad leg, piles, festering sores, chapped hands, cold-sores, frost-bite, and all skin injuries and diseases. Druggists and stores everywhere sell at 50c a box, or post free for price from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto; 3 boxes \$1.25. You are warned against harmful imitations represented to be "just as good."

### HE COULD GO.

At the death of the Duke of

## Autumn List of Investments

Our Booklet of offerings just published describes numerous issues of Municipal, Railroad and Public Service Bonds, from which an investment may be selected to meet practically all requirements.

### MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES—

A comprehensive list—debentures of practically every Province of the Dominion—county, city, town and school district—yield 4 per cent. to 5 1-4 per cent.

### RAILROAD AND PUBLIC SERVICE BONDS—

Bonds of Railroads and Public Service Corporations of demonstrated earning power yield 4 1-2 to 5 1-4 per cent.

### BONDS OF ESTABLISHED INDUSTRIES—

Bonds of long-established and continuously prosperous industries yield 5 1-2 to 6 per cent.

Descriptive circular and full particulars of any specific security furnished upon request.

It is a pleasure to select from our offerings a suitable bond and to assist to a thorough investigation of the security.

## DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

26 KING ST. E. TORONTO

### EASY JOB

Of the culprits haled before a police magistrate there was one—an Irishman—who had caused no end of trouble to the police. The magistrate regarded the prisoner with mingled curiosity and indignation.

"So you're the man that gave the officers so much trouble?" his honor asked. "I understand that it took seven policemen to lock you up."

"Yes, yer honor," responded the Celt, with a broad grin; "but it would take only one to let me out."

The ever-burning question, "What shall we do with our boys?" seems to be satisfactorily answered in the following advertisement, which appears in the window of a butcher's shop:—"Wanted, a respectable boy for beef sausages."

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results.

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads kill many times more house flies than any other known article.

### SHE KNEW IT.

"The longer I live," sighed the

### HIS ABILITY.

Hojax—"Is Jaysmith what you would call a clever man?"

Tondix—"Sure thing. Why, he can pick up an umbrella and walk off with it just as if it belonged to him."

### EDUCATIONAL.

A. BOYD'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 121 Yonge St., Toronto, prepares competent stenographers in 30 days by the BOYD SYLLABIC SYSTEM. Positions secured. Write for catalogue.

## An Old School

and a good school in every respect is the BRITISH AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE, Y.M.C.A. Building, Toronto. Enter any time for fall term. Write for particulars.

T. M. WATSON, Principal

## Still They Come

Our classes are larger to-day than ever before, and still the students come. There's a reason. Patter tuition for the money—the best tuition at any price—wins. Who'll be the next?

Remington Business College, 259 College St., Corner Spadina, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

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The microscope in the hands of experts employed by the United States Government has revealed the fact that a house fly sometimes carries thousands of disease germs attached to its hairy body. The continuous use of Wilson's Fly Pads will prevent all danger of infection from that source by killing both the germs and the flies.

Speaking of literature, many a man's love letters have made a decided hit—with a jury.

The world is filled with would-be leaders who couldn't even follow successfully.

**Red, Weak, Watery Eyes.** Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

It's well to have a song in your heart. If you haven't the right kind of a voice it's also well to keep it there.

**PAINKILLER** is the best, the safest and the surest remedy for cramps, colic and diarrhoea. As a liniment for wounds and sprains it is unequalled. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

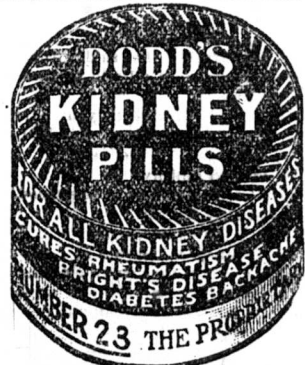
#### CONSISTENT.

Judge—"How old are you?"  
Witness (a lady)—"Thirty."  
Judge—"Thirty? I have heard you give the same age in this court for the last three years."  
Witness—"Yes; I am not one of those persons who say one thing to-day and another to-morrow."

Relief for Suffering Everywhere. He whose life is made miserable by the suffering that comes from indigestion and has not tried Parmelee's Vegetable Pills does not know how easily this formidable foe can be dealt with. These pills will relieve where others fail. They are the result of long and patient study and are confidently put forward as a sure corrector of disorders of the digestive organs, from which so many suffer.

#### WANTED SOMETHING SOLID

The first day out—Steward—"Did you ring, sir?"  
Traveller—"Yes, steward, I-I rang."  
Steward—"Anything I can bring you, sir?"  
Traveller—"Y-yes, st-steward I-bring me a continent, if you have one, or an island—anything, steward, so I-lul-long as it's solid. If you can't sus-sink the ship."



ISSUE NO. 41-09.

is a sure cure for eczema, ringworm, urticaria, cuts, burns, bruises, poisoned sores, chronic wounds, bad leg, piles, festering sores, chapped hands, cold-sores, frost-bite, and all skin injuries and diseases. Druggists and stores everywhere sell at 50c a box, or post free for price from Zan-Bak Co., Toronto; 3 boxes \$1.25. You are warned against harmful imitations represented to be "just as good."

#### HE COULD GO.

At the death of the Duke of Wellington the whole Diplomatic Corps was invited to the funeral at St. Paul's. The French Ambassador, on receiving his invitation, was very much upset. He hurried off to his colleague of Russia, Baron Brunnow, and confided to him the difficulty in which he was placed.

"The Queen," he said, "expects us to go to St. Paul's, to the funeral of the Duke of Wellington. How can I go, considering the injuries which the Duke inflicted on my country? What shall I do?"

Baron Brunnow listened gravely to his colleague's exposition and then replied: "As the Duke is dead," he said, "I think you can safely go to his funeral. If you were asked to attend his resurrection, I should say refuse the invitation."

And this is the season of the year when the wife begins reminding you of your promise to build a coal bin in the cellar before snow flies.

**GRIEVOUS ERRORS** made nowadays. For instance when a person buys an imitation of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster said to be the genuine. Be careful and see that they are made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

Go ahead and do the best you can and don't worry about the consequences.

Wilson's Fly Pads, the best of all fly killers, kill both the flies and the disease germs.

#### SURE.

He—"I am rather in favor of the English than the American mode of spelling."

She—"Yes?"  
He—"Yes, indeed! Take 'parlour,' for instance. Having 'u' in it makes all the difference in the world."

Externally or Internally, It is Good.—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissue as few liniments do, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will cure affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

#### IT IS NOT EASY.

To apologize.  
To begin over.  
To take advice.  
To admit error.  
To be unselfish.  
To be charitable.  
To be considerate.  
To avoid mistakes.  
To keep on trying.  
To endure success.  
To obey conscience.  
To be a clean man.  
To profit by mistakes.  
To keep out of a rut.  
To forgive and forget.  
To think and then act.  
To recognize a silver lining.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads kill many times more house flies than any other known article.

#### SHE KNEW IT.

"The longer I live," sighed the sage, "and the more I learn, the more firmly am I convinced that I know absolutely nothing!"

"I could have told you that twenty-five years ago," said his wife, "but I knew it would be of no use."

In the causes of infant mortality cholera morbus figures frequently, and it may be said that complaints of the bowels are great destroyers of child life. If all mothers would avail themselves of so effective a remedy as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial many a little one could be saved. This Cordial can be given with safety to the smallest child, as there is no injurious substance in it.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

students come. There's a reason. Better tuition for the money—the best tuition at any price—wins. Who'll be the next?

**Remington Rusnass College.**  
259 College St.,  
Corner Spadina, Toronto, Ont.

#### AGENTS WANTED.

**WANTED—LOCAL AND GENERAL**  
Agents—Liberal contracts to good men: apply by letter. Continental Life Insurance Company, Toronto. Correspondence confidential.

**WEN AND WOMEN—DON'T BE IDLE—**  
Show samples of our reliable medicines, superb toilet preparations, pure baking powder, and flavoring extracts to your neighbors and forward their orders to us. You can easily make from ten to twenty-five dollars a week and have permanent position. Goods sell on sight and repeat orders come fast. Book "How to Succeed" and particulars sent free. The Home Supply Co., Dept. 55, Merrill Building, Toronto.

**WE WANT NOW IN EVERY UNDEVELOPED** district a reliable agent to sell Pelham's Peerless fruit and ornamental trees. Consider this. Good pay weekly. Exclusive territory. Stock guaranteed up to grade and delivered in good condition and all the advantages of selling well-known stock. Write now for agency for Fall and Winter months. Pelham Nursery Co., Toronto, Ont.

#### FOR SALE.

**LONG BOOK—150 FAVORITE SONGS,** words, music; Ten cents. Arthur Rice, Granby, Que.

## TYPEWRITERS

Bargain prices, \$15 to \$65, (all makes) taken in exchange for Model 10 and 11 Remingtons. Many of these machines show little use.

Remington Typewriter Company, Limited,  
144 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

#### WANTED.

**POULTRYMEN AND FARMERS—**  
Subscribe for Canada's brightest poultry paper, 25 cents per year. Address The Canadian Poultry News, Owen Sound, Ont.

**BOY WANTED—TO ACT AS AGENT** for "TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT" in his spare time. Good money. Circulation Manager, Toronto.

**CANTASSERS WANTED.** Others clear twenty dollars weekly. Apply Alfred Tyler, London, Ont.

**BOYS AND GIRLS WISHING TO EARN** money or premiums send your name and address for our juvenile catalogue of every selling household specialties. Our adult Agents 68 page catalogue is also ready, free on request. Canada Silvercloth Co., Toronto, Ont.

#### WANTED.

Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid; send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

**MONEY MAKING LITTLE FARMS**  
East Front Affairs and Stock Growing Section. Rich, Deep Soil—Irrigated. Easy Payments. Write for Booklet. IRRIGATED LAND CO., Marysville, California.

## Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the  
"BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."  
Look for agent in your town, or send direct.  
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

# DRINK,

Tobacco and Drug Habits

# CURED

New System of Treatment. Recently Discovered Remedy that Cures Rapidly and Permanently. Marvellous Results obtained that makes our remedy one of the wonders of Modern Medicine. Patients cured secretly at their own homes against their own will and knowledge. No suffering, no injections, no loss of time, or detention from business, no bad after effects.

**FREE!**

We send by mail, free of charge, our 64 page book, which fully explains our modern system of treatment, of how the Drink, Tobacco and Drug habits can be rapidly overcome and cured. This book is sent in a plain envelope, sealed from observation, so no one can tell what your letter contains. All correspondence absolutely secret and confidential. Address:

**DE SILVA INSTITUTE.** Suite 200, 55 University St. Montreal, Canada

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# MILLION FIRE AT QUEBEC

## Elevator, Freight Sheds and Cold Storage Plant Destroyed.

A despatch from Quebec says: A fire loss estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$1,250,000, and the death of one fire fighter, mark the destruction Saturday night of the million bushel grain elevator owned by the Canadian Northern Railway. The building was erected a few years ago at a cost of \$400,000. It was destroyed, together with 150,000 bushels of grain. Also consumed were two huge freight sheds, well filled with goods; the Customs House, 3 small freight sheds, the plant of the Quebec Cold Storage Co., and a number of loaded freight cars and two small boats. The fire broke out in the elevator about eight o'clock, and as it was constructed of wood, and of a good height, it soon became a mass of flames, the firemen being quite helpless. The freight sheds of the cold storage plant followed, and then the dome of the custom house, a large stone built edifice, ignited

and in a short time the place was in ruins. The records were saved. A stiff west wind fanned the flames and threatened the safety of the C. P. R. steamer Empress of Ireland, which was lying at Neford's wharf in a damaged state, and the steamer was moved across the harbor.

The fatality occurred when Jerome Fortin of the fire department and a C. N. R. fireman named Martel fell with a ladder from the second floor of the custom house. They alighted on the stone steps 30 feet below. Fortin was instantly killed, while Martel had both legs and several ribs broken, and sustained other injuries.

The fire was not under control until the early hours of Sunday morning. Only the direction of the wind saved the lower towns. The work of the fire department is being severely criticized, and, an investigation may be held.

The insurance is said to be less than \$500,000.

# THE WORLD'S MARKETS

## REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Oct. 19.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$4.15 to \$4.25 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and at \$4 to \$4.10 outside in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.60 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.10, and strong bakers', \$4.90 to \$5 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern quoted at \$1.04½ Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern at \$1.03½ Bay ports.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 mixed quoted at 98 to 99c outside, and No. 2 white and red Winter, 99 to \$1.00 outside.

Barley—No. 2, 56 to 57c outside, and No. 3 extra at 54 to 55c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, new, 38½ to 37c outside. New Canada West oats, 38 to 38½c spot, Bay ports.

Peas—84 to 86c outside.

Rye—No. 2 69 to 70c outside.

Buckwheat—55 to 56c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow 69c on track, Toronto.

Bran—\$21 in bags, and shorts, \$23 in bags.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$1.25 to \$2.75 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—Prime, \$2.25 and hand-picked, \$2.40 to \$2.45 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2.25 to \$3; extracted, 10c per lb.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$15.50 to \$16 a ton on track here, and No. 2 \$14 to \$14.50.

Straw—\$8.75 to \$9.50.

Potatoes—55 to 60c per bag on track for Ontario, and at 75c for New Brunswick.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 12 to 13c per lb.; fowl, 9 to 10c; turkeys, 17 to 19c per lb.; ducks, lb. 12 to 13c; geese, 10 to 12c per lb.

### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 21 to 22c; tubs and large rolls, 19 to 20c; inferior, 17 to 18c; creamery, 25 to 26c, and solids, 23 to 24c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots, 25c per dozen.

Cheese—12½c p.r. lb for large and at 12½c for twins.

### HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon, long clear, 15 to 15½c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$26.50; short cut, \$27.50 to \$28.

Hams—Light to medium, 15½ to 16c; do. heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 14½ to 15c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; backs, 18½ to 20c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 18c.

Lard—Tierces, 15 to 15½c; tubs, 15½ to 15¾c; pails, 15½ to 15¾c.

### BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—New crop oats No. 2 Canadian Western, 41½ to 42c; old crop oats No. 2 Canadian Western, 42 to 42½c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 52 to 53c; buckwheat, 57 to 58c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.70; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.20; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50; Manitoba

# Fashion Hints.

## FADS AND FANCIES.

The prevailing hat is the large black velvet.

The days of the black and white hat are numbered.

The wired net bow as a hat trimming is revived again.

Lynx is scarce and is generally replaced by black fox.

The new greens are the most vivid that fashion has ever known.

Shepherd's check continues in all its vogue for little girls' frocks.

Short wraps are still in the style, but not a great many of them are seen.

Newest skirts are somewhat wider, but the same straight silhouette continues.

Blues inclined to peacock are taking the place of the gray and Copenhagen blues.

Plain taffeta blouses are made effective by the addition of small black buttons.

The pronounced feature of the autumn is the separate coat worn with the princess gown.

Stripes prevail in the latest French flannels, and some of them are highly effective.

Black still indicates that it means to rule in tailor as well as in afternoon gowns.

Fur is to be generously used on many of the afternoon as well as the tailor made.

Among the colors that will be much worn are the blues, pink, brown, and a great deal of green.

Jet embroideries are used as a trimming on pale colored satin as well as on all black foundations.

Olive green is a new shade bidding for favor, and leaf green, a delicate grayish green, is chosen second.

The newest outing hat of the year is made of soft brown leather, trimmed with a wing and a leather strap and buckle.

Even in children's clothes the ever present note of black is found, either as piping, revers, or trimming of some slight kind.

Skirts, while cut on broader lines, still retain more or less the sheath effect. The silhouette is almost exactly the same as it was last winter.

Many of the most elaborate wraps are assuming draped tunic lines, and have taken on the knottings and fussiness at the bottom which distinguished tunic original models during the summer.

Perhaps the newest note in evening gowns is the appearance of the girde. It is high and gives a contrast which is artistically necessary to the fullness appearing at the top of the skirt.

The swathed turban effect, which had been promised a vogue, will, it now appears, be little in evidence, as they suit only a limited type and are lacking both in smartness and picturesqueness.

Women everywhere rejoice over the definite reinstatement of the cloth gown, since silks, satins, and velvets cannot be made to show the chic effect of a well made and smartly designed cloth dress.

Many of the new cuirass gowns are designed to hook under the left arm. This leaves an unbroken line

# THANKSGIVING

"They shall abundantly utter the memory of thy great goodness."—Ps. cxiv. 7.

Why should we set aside one day in the year and ask men to give thanks to the Most High for the mercies of the past? Does the Infinite Giver of Good demand the tribute of our praise? Might it not be well rather to spread the thanks through all the year and every day to cultivate the habit of gratitude?

Yet it may be a good thing to have this special day of appreciation—at least one day when complaining is silent and the face is set to find the best in all things. If we earnestly seek on this day to cultivate thanksgiving its spirit and its light will shine through all the year; we steadily shall cultivate the view of life as crowded with loving kindness.

Then it is a good thing to have a day that questions our boasts of self-sufficiency, that marks with interrogation our oft reiterated "all these things have my hands wrought," that questions whether there is not something of credit due in all our works both to fellow man and to the Father of us all.

It is good to have this day in which even the dreariest and saddest lives shall feel the swelling tide of joy and shall be borne by it to find cheer anew for themselves. Each day of rejoicing but augments the bitterness of those who are burdened with sad memories. Yet if they will but look for it joy awaits them somewhere.

How blind are we who measure our benefits in terms of the dust, who feel that we have not been blessed unless we are laden with toys, and follies, and paltry prizes.

What thanksgiving is there like to that for the joys of home, for friendships, human loves, glimpses of higher beauties, the foretastes of nobler living, the treasures of memory and hope, the touch with the world of spirits?

These are the gifts with which the days that are past return to us if we have but the spirit of appreciation, if we have but eyes to see and hearts to know true values, if we but lift up our hearts to thank the Infinite Goodness for the glowing pattern and the imperishable treasure of character that is being woven in this strange and busy mill of life.

## MURDER AND SUICIDE.

### Terrible Tragedy at New Westminster, B. C.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: On Friday morning Harry Smith, an Englishman, shot and killed his wife and himself and tried to kill his daughter in the home, corner of Blackie and Holbrook streets, New Westminster. Mrs. Smith, who is partly of Indian blood, was born in Nicomen Island, and married Smith two years ago. Their married life was marked with many quarrels. Smith was an old man-of-warman, and had been watchman on the ship Ramona, sunk in the Fraser last year. The sixteen-year-old daughter, hearing shouts, rushed into the room and found her mother dead and Smith dying. Smith raised himself from the floor and pointed the gun at the girl, who knocked it aside. Smith fell back dead. The girl and her younger brother, aged ten, fled and informed the police. The wife was shot through the brain. The bullet entered Smith's head at the right ear. Smith left a note addressed to the Chief of Police, which said his wife had made life unbearable.

## ORIENTAL NAVVIES.

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Each day of rejoicing but augments the bitterness of those who are burdened with sad memories. Yet if they will but look for it joy awaits them somewhere.

How blind are we who measure our benefits in terms of the dust, who feel that we have not been blessed unless we are laden with toys, and follies, and paltry prizes. We ought rather to murmur if with all our gain of things we have missed the lasting treasures of peace, and love, and character.

The real causes for thanksgiving, the great benefits of life, are in what has come of enriching to the heart, and mind, and memory. Who then, has not occasion for joy? The retrospect may have pain and loss in its vista, it may be here a parting and there a grave. Yet have not the dark days brought to us that which could have come in no other way?

What lives are as rich as those that have been down in the dark valley? Where are hearts developed as in that way that is barren of all but the flowers of love? To whom do we turn when we would find riches of sympathy on which to draw save to those who have found the wealth of the inner life through the hardness and despoiling of outer things?

How empty must the day of thanksgiving be to him who can count his benefits only in cash balances. No matter how great the gains a thing there is no reality in praising God for what has been made in apparent independence and often in conscious defiance of him, while it would be but mockery to join with your fellows in praise for that which has been gain to you only because it has meant loss to them.

Even the humble and honest lives cannot be satisfied with giving thanks only for profits and gains in things. Gratitude wells up from deep source. When looking beyond and through the experiences of gain or loss, of pain or pleasure we see what these have added to us, not what has passed through our hands, but what has found its way into our hearts.

How small seem the prizes for which we strive, how paltry that of which we have been proud when with clearer eyes we review the process of enriching the permanent assets of our lives which has been going on through storm and sunshine, good and bad, as it has come.

The wife was shot through the brain. The bullet entered Smith's head at the right ear. Smith left a note addressed to the Chief of Police, which said his wife had made life unbearable.

## ORIENTAL NAVVIES.

### Would be Sent Home When Work Was Completed.

A despatch from London says: In an interview on Wednesday with regard to conditions at the Prince Rupert end of the Grand Trunk Pacific, Sir Charles Rivers Wilson said that there everything practically hinged upon the supply of labor. Personally, said Sir Charles, he never had been able to appreciate the position of the people of British Columbia in this respect. An early completion of the road meant much to the Province. The temporary employment of three or four thousand Asiatics would save two or three years. Their introduction would not displace a single native Canadian. When their contracts were ended they would be taken back to the Oriental port from which they had embarked.

## WOLVES IN PONTIAC.

### Bailiff Pursued While Driving to Campbell's Bay.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Reports received from Pontiac County, Que., indicate that the farmers are being greatly troubled by the depredations of wolves, who are being driven to prey upon domestic animals by the scarcity of game in the woods. Joseph Gilpin, bailiff of Otter Lake, a small hamlet near Campbell's Bay, while driving along the road was pursued by a pack, which attacked his team, and pursued him to the outskirts of the village.

## THE END OF DESPOTISM.

### China Added to the List of Constitutional Monarchies.

A despatch from Mukden says: Despotism in China ended on Wednesday, when all the Legislatures of the self-governing Provinces throughout the empire held their first meetings preparatory to the drafting of a constitution for the empire.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—New crop wheat, No. 2 Canadian Western, 41½ to 42c; old crop wheat, No. 2 Canadian Western, 42 to 42½c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 52 to 53c; buckwheat, 57 to 58c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.70; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.20; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5; straight rollers, \$5 to \$5.25; straight rollers, in bags \$2.35 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran \$21 to \$22; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$21; Manitoba shorts, \$23 to \$24; pure grain mouille, \$33 to \$35; mixed mouille, \$24 to \$27. Cheese—Western, 11½ to 11¾c and eastern 11½ to 11¾c. Butter—Creamery, 24½ to 25c. Eggs—Selected stock, 27 to 28c; No. 1 candled 25 to 26c per dozen.

## UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Oct. 19.—Wheat—Spring stronger; No. 1 Northern, carloads store, \$1.08; Winter, steady, No. 2, \$1.21; No. 2 white, \$1.24. Corn—Firm. Oats—Higher: No. 2 white, 43½ to 44c; No. 3 white, 43½c; No. 4 white, 42½c. Rye—No. 2 on track, 79c.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.19 to \$1.20; No. 3 red, \$1.16 to \$1.17; No. 2 hard, \$1.10 to \$1.13; No. 3 hard, \$1.05 to \$1.10; No. 1 Northern, \$1.07 to \$1.08; No. 2 Northern, \$1.05 to \$1.06; No. 3 Spring, \$1.02½ to \$1.03½. Corn—No. 2, 60 to 60½c; No. 2 white, 60½ to 61c; No. 2 yellow, 60½ to 60¾c; No. 3, 60 to 60½c; No. 3 white, 60½c; No. 3 yellow, 60½c; No. 4, 59½ to 60c. Oats—No. 2 white, 40½c; No. 3 white, 39 to 40c; No. 4 white, 38½ to 39c; standard, 40½ to 40¾c.

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—Northwest cattle sold at from 4½ to 5½c per lb.; pretty good animals from 3½ to 4½c; common stock, 2 to 2½c per lb.; small bulls sold at about 2c per lb.; lean old cows 1½ to 1¾c per lb.; milk cows, \$30 to \$60 each. Grass-fed calves, 2½ to 4½c per lb.; good veals, 5 to 6c per lb. Sheep, 3½c; lambs 5½ to 5¾c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs 8½ to 9c per lb.

Toronto, Oct. 19.—Really choice well-finished butcher and export cattle were very scarce, \$5.50 being the top price paid for a few extra prime, picked steers and heifers. The demand for good butchers' was strong and sold freely at from \$1.55 to \$5. Butcher cows were rather higher. There was a good market for stockers and feeders of the heavy class, but the rough and light variety were draggy. As high as \$70 was paid for choice milk cows. Distillery feeders, steers and bulls are in great demand and the supply was on the short side. Sheep and lambs were steady, with lambs slightly easier. Calves—Steady. Hogs—Unchanced at \$7.50 f.o.b. and \$7.75, fed and watered.

## CONTINGENT DREADNOUGHTS

### Admiralty Invites Tenders for Building Four Vessels.

A despatch from London says: The Admiralty has just invited tenders for the construction of four contingent Dreadnoughts, which the Government decided upon in July last. These are to be completed by March 31, 1912, under severe penalties for delay. The firms tendering are asked to submit prices for both battleship and cruiser.

picturesqueness. Women everywhere rejoice over the definite reinstatement of the cloth gown, since silks, satins, and velvets cannot be made to show the chic effect of a well made and smartly designed cloth dress.

Many of the new cuirass gowns are designed to hook under the left arm. This leaves an unbroken line at the front and back and it helps to carry out the idea of armor plate, which formed the original cuirass.

## OWNERS OF LONDON.

### 157 Persons and Organizations Own 60 Square Miles.

A despatch from London says: The London County Council has spent a decade in preparing a ground plan of London, showing the owners of the land. This is nearly completed. It shows that 34,600 landlords own land covering 113 square miles, these being mostly single house owners. Sixty square miles are owned by 157 persons, organizations and corporations. One-third of this area belongs to the Crown, the ecclesiastical commissioners, the County Council and the city corporation. It is estimated that the present value of the land on which London is built is \$3,000,000,000, which will be increased to \$5,175,000,000 by 1930.

## WESTERN EXPANSION.

### Enormous Growth of Winnipeg Bank Clearings.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Business conditions in the west are reflected in the hundred million dollar expansion in bank clearings, the five million dollar increase in building operations in Winnipeg, with a proportionate development in the country and other cities, and twenty million bushels increase in the wheat yield. The banks are very active in establishing branches in the newer towns and growing centres, and in one case a branch was opened in a farm house, awaiting the sale of townsite lots by the railway. The city of Lethbridge, with seven thousand population, has ten chartered banks.

## A SHOWER OF POSTCARDS.

### Hundreds of Petitions Asking Clemency for Mrs. Robinson.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Department of Justice is being inundated with letters and postcards praying for executive clemency for Mrs. Robinson, the unfortunate woman under sentence to be hanged at Sudbury next month. On Thursday over 1,500 postcards and letters were received. While it is practically certain that the death penalty will not be exacted under the circumstances, the Minister of Justice will not deal with the case in any hasty or irregular manner.

## A PIE FAMINE.

### Strike of Bakers at New York Has Reduced Output.

A despatch from New York says: The pie-bakers' strike here has reduced the usual daily output of the big factories from 100,000 to 3,000. Strike-breakers were expected from Philadelphia on Friday. The employers declare they will fight to the end.

# THE YIELD IN THE WEST

## Expert Says It Will Not Fall Short of 122,000,000 Bushels.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Grain Agent Acheson of the C. P. R. returned on Thursday, after a complete tour of the west. He was studying the grain situation, and reports himself delighted with the yield, which, he says, is running far beyond all early estimates. He is convinced that the total wheat crop will run close to 122,000,000 bushels, which, at current prices, would mean a cash return to farmers of nearly as many million dollars.

"We estimated the yield of wheat in Manitoba at fifteen bushels to

the acre," he said: "Saskatchewan at seventeen, and Alberta at twenty bushels to the acre. Actual reports show that in Manitoba wheat is running from seventeen to twenty-five bushels to the acre on an average; in the vicinity of Moose Jaw, 5 to 30 bushels to the acre; around Swift Current the same; out through Alberta, from 27 to 35 bushels to the acre. In one place, Pincher Creek, wheat is running 45 bushels to the acre."

He had not received a single complaint of a car shortage this fall. There had not been a hint of a blockade anywhere.

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## CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

### HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

#### CANADA.

The C. P. R. will close the Farnham shops and move the plant and men to Montreal.

Net earnings on the T. & N. O. Railway for the past eight months show large increases.

Another portion of the Gilles limit is to be sold by public tender in twenty-acre locations.

Inspector John Rogers has been appointed Superintendent of the re-organized Ontario police.

Civil service examinations will be held at several points in the Dominion, commencing on Nov. 9th.

Winbourn L. Burgess was arrested at Vancouver on a charge of robbing a Canadian Express agent at Truro, N. S.

The Railway Commission ordered the Canadian Northern to build the subway at Pembina street, Winnipeg, at once.

Daniel Cummings, a Winnipeg ticket agent, who has been despondent over the death of his wife, has disappeared.

An Italian named Spanelli was convicted at North Bay Assizes of the murder of a Chinaman in a Haleybury restaurant.

Harry Bremner of Toronto jumped from a window in the Kingston Penitentiary in an attempt to commit suicide. He will recover.

Two children of a Galician settler near Vonda, Sask., named Looetschtn, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the family dwelling.

The Government is considering the question of abolishing the grain certificates at Port Arthur and Fort William, owing to the dissatisfaction of the mariners.

The last spike was driven in the National Transcontinental Railway between Fort William and Winnipeg on Tuesday, and the line now stretches from Fort William to Edmonton.

Mr. Geiger, choirmaster of the Colborne Street Methodist Church at London, Ont., died suddenly, and the choir waited for his arrival on Sunday morning, not knowing of his death.

The San Domingo Government has forwarded a check to the owners of the Nova Scotia schooner Britannia to cover damages inflicted on the vessel by some troops firing from shore.

A work train released by some small boys rushed down hill at 50 miles an hour at Vancouver and collided with a Grand View passenger car, smashing it badly. The passengers escaped with a shaking up.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

It is reported that Sir John Fisher will retire from the British Admiralty this month.

A London mob attempted a demonstration before the Spanish Embassy on Sunday night, but was driven off by the police.

Two suffragettes were sentenced to a month in prison for their attack on Mr. Lloyd-George at Newcastle.

James M. Barrie, the Scottish writer, was granted a divorce from his wife in London, on Wednesday.

## HEALTH

### A CLEAN MOUTH.

Now and then one hears incredible stories of persons, otherwise apparently intelligent and cleanly, going round for months, and even years, with their mouths full of germ-laden, aching, decaying teeth.

These persons will give the most ridiculous reasons for their uncleanly folly. They are too busy, or they have an insane dread of the dentist, or some such nonsense. In the very poor and very ignorant all this may be understood and forgiven, but in other classes it is unpardonable. Luckily their number is small, and their punishment is sure.

Very few of those who are children to-day will be able to say by and by that they suffer on account of neglect of their teeth in youth, but many adults can honestly say so now. The science of dentistry and the mechanics by means of which that science is applied have made enormous strides of late, and will undoubtedly continue to advance in the future.

The modern germ theory of disease as applied to the mouth and teeth has brought about so much exact knowledge of prevention and cure that soon a decayed tooth should be a disgrace to any civilized man.

It is universally accepted that a clean surface does not decay. All decay is caused by germs, and the germs cannot multiply and work evil unless particles of food are left on, under or between the teeth. When these particles are so left they first become softened by the saliva, and then afford lodgment for certain germs which excite an acid fermentation. The acid so formed attacks the enamel of the teeth, and this is finally perforated.

Now the door is opened for the germs of decay to enter. In this minute opening in the enamel they find a sheltered spot where they can increase, and by their action cause the destruction of the vulnerable dentine.

This whole process of the formation of the destructive acid may take place within a single day, if the toilet of the mouth is neglected.

Seeing how easy it is for this destructive work to be started, one should make trips to the dentist very regularly, that damage already done may be repaired, and that the deposits which settle on the teeth in the form of tartar may be cleaned away. This tartar does serious damage as long as it is allowed to stay, and it cannot be removed by any home treatment—Youth's Companion.

#### HEALTH HINTS.

A bag of hot salt relieves neuralgia.

It rests you, in sewing, to change your position frequently.

For cold in the head, nothing is better than powdered borax, sniffed up the nostrils.

Cure for Croup—One teaspoonful of vaseline given internally about twice a day.

That a teaspoonful of ground mustard in a cupful of warm water is a prompt and reliable emetic and should be resorted to in case of poisoning.

To prevent accidents with bottles containing poison buy a dozen

## THE ATHABASCA AGROUND

### Her Bow Driven Up on a Flat Rock in Georgian Bay.

A despatch from Owen Sound says: Superintendent Buchanan of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Lines took the powerful tug Harrison and cleared on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock for Flower Pot Island, where the company's steamship Athabasca, is hard aground. Word of the mishap reached Owen Sound by the C. P. R. steamship Assiniboia, which passed the point at 6.30 on Thursday morning. Captain Brown of the Athabasca said that his vessel had gone ashore at 1.30 in thick weather, and that she was lying with her bow on a flat rock, with about four feet of water in the forward hold. An effort was made to get a message across to Tobermory, by passing tug for assistance, but the arrival of the Assiniboia was the first word received. The Assiniboia stayed about twenty minutes, but having no tow line could not render assistance. The steamer is said not to be in a dangerous position. She carried

only half a cargo, composed of general merchandise, and had less than a dozen passengers on her list.

Owing to the heavy sea it was thought unwise to attempt any assistance. It was also feared that the Athabasca if she was pulled off might sink. A conversation with a megaphone was carried on between the two vessels with much difficulty owing to the high winds.

The Athabasca is one of the smaller of the company's vessels and was built on the Clyde in 1883. Since the arrival of the two big new liners, Assiniboia and Keewatin, she has not been in regular service. She went into commission early in October for the fall trade. The point where the steamer went on is about two hundred yards from the Flower Pot Island Lighthouse, the islands being located in the channel between the end of the Bruce peninsula and Manitoulin Island, and about eighty-five miles from this port.

#### TOOK POISON BY MISTAKE.

Miss Muriel Johnston Died at Ottawa on Saturday.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Through mistaking a bottle of carbolic acid for a similar bottle containing a tonic, Miss Muriel Johnston, 17 years of age, residing on Gloucester street, poisoned herself on Saturday and died an hour afterwards in great agony. Miss Johnston contracted typhoid fever in Cochrane several weeks ago, and was convalescing from the disease. As soon as the mistake was discovered medical aid was summoned, but efforts to save her life were without avail.

#### FIVE BUILDINGS BURNED.

Fire Spreads Fast in Rapid City, Manitoba.

A despatch from Rapid City, Man., says: A fire broke out here at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning which, before it was gotten under control, did damage estimated at \$20,000. It originated in Glendenning's carpenter and paint shop and rapidly spread, until the four adjoining buildings were also soon in flames. The buildings destroyed include the Town Hall, Rodger's bakery and Darling and Young's veterinary office.

#### ALL FANS READ THIS.

Nineteen Deaths From Baseball in the United States.

A despatch from Philadelphia says: Nineteen deaths from baseball have been reported from various parts of the country during the season which just closed. The list of injuries runs into the hundreds.

#### SHOT HIMSELF IN THE HEAD.

Commercial Traveler Attempts Suicide in Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A McGregor, of this city, a commercial traveler for a Montreal

continued ill-health is the cause assigned by his friends for his attempt at suicide.

#### SIXTY-EIGHT MEN KILLED.

Loss of Life on Transcontinental Railway Construction.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The toll of death in construction work on the National Transcontinental Railway during the last fiscal year was 68, while 22 men suffered serious injuries. The fatalities were, for the most part, caused by carelessness on the part of the men handling dynamite. Most of the killed were Italians or Swedes. There were over 12,000 men in the army of railway builders during the past year.

#### G. T. PACIFIC'S RECORD.

Seventeen Hundred Cars of Wheat Handled This Season.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Grand Trunk Pacific is playing an important part in the marketing of the season's crop, despite the fact that it has only just been completed. Up to date seventeen hundred cars of wheat have been hauled over the line from the west, and Thursday two hundred cars were turned over to the connections at Portage la Prairie for delivery at Port Arthur.

#### 350 YEARS OF LABOR.

Six Men Whose Service With One Firm Reaches That Total.

A single firm of cutlery manufacturers at Sheffield, England, has in its employ six workmen who have been with the firm continuously for a total of 350 years. This means an average of almost sixty years of continuous work for each employee.

Two of these men are 76, two are 75, one is 74 and one 73. A picture of the group published in the Iron Age shows a sturdy looking set of men. That they must be, as they are still at work. Three of them

mirality this month.  
A London mob attempted a demonstration before the Spanish Embassy on Sunday night, but was driven off by the police.  
Two suffragettes were sentenced to a month in prison for their attack on Mr. Lloyd-George at Newcastle.  
James M. Barrie, the Scottish writer, was granted a divorce from his wife in London, on Wednesday.

#### UNITED STATES.

President Taft and Diaz met on Saturday on the Mexican border.  
Dr. Cook was presented with the freedom of the city of New York on Friday.  
Nineteen persons lost their lives in a storm which swept over Tennessee on Friday.  
Homing pigeons are being used to smuggle cocaine into the Western Penitentiary at Pittsburg.  
A launch with twenty-eight persons aboard is believed to have gone down in Larch Lake, Minn.  
Ed. Barrill, who went up Mount McKinley with Dr. Cook, says under oath that the explorer never reached the summit.  
The United States will admit free of duty woodpulp from wood cut anywhere in Canada, except on Crown lands in Ontario or Quebec.  
Business men of the eastern States will send a petition to President Taft asking clemency for Charles W. Morse, who has been sentenced to fifteen years in prison for violating the national banking laws.

#### GENERAL.

The Nicaraguan insurgents have possessions of the entire east coast of the republic.  
The general strike at Rome as a mark of sympathy with Ferrer's followers continues.  
Eight Spanish soldiers were killed in a fight with a party of Moors near Melilla.  
Germany's super-Dreadnought Westfalen has developed a speed of twenty knots on a trial trip.  
A sanguinary battle between regular troops and revolutionists was fought in Santo Domingo on Saturday.  
Orville Wright reached an altitude of 600 feet in a flight before the Kaiser at Potsdam, on Friday.  
Business is practically at a standstill in Rome, while the people protest against the execution of Ferrer.  
The revolution in Nicaragua is assuming serious proportions. Nine men were killed in a fight near Greytown.

#### C. P. R. LINER STRIKES WRECK

Empress of Ireland Damaged in the Gulf.  
A despatch from Montreal says: According to a message received on Thursday at the Canadian Pacific Railway office, the Empress of Ireland struck a submerged wreck on Thursday morning between Cape Chatte and Matane and had a hole punched in her bows. The steamer reached Rimouski at 4.45 in the afternoon and proceeded for Quebec after taking on her pilot, as it is apparent that she is not badly damaged, as Capt. Forster would have landed his 1,100 passengers at that point had his ship been in grave danger. Government vessels have been searching for the last few days in the river for a derelict, but without the success of the Empress.

better than powdered borax, snuffed up the nostrils.  
Cure for Croup—One teaspoonful of vaseline given internally about twice a day.  
That a teaspoonful of ground mustard in a cupful of warm water is a prompt and reliable emetic and should be resorted to in case of poisoning.  
To prevent accidents with bottles containing poison buy a dozen tiny bells and every time a bottle of poison is brought into the house tie a bell to the neck of bottle. Even in the dark the bell will tinkle its warning.  
Sleeplessness.—To those who suffer from sleeplessness. Repeat the first two verses of psalm 127: Except the Lord build the house, they labor in vain that build it; except the Lord keep the city, the watchman waketh but in vain. It is vain for you to rise up early, to sit up late, to eat the bread of sorrows; for so he giveth his beloved sleep. Repeat slowly and thoughtfully.  
Mustard Plaster.—Trim the crust from a thin slice of light bread, then sprinkle it thickly with ground mustard. Spread a thin cloth over the mustard and dampen with vinegar or water. Your plaster is all ready, with nothing to clean up after making it, and much better than the old sticky batter plaster. A piece of bread well dampened is better as a poultice than either flaxseed or slippery elm, and will neither dry out nor sour so quickly.

#### PLATE WINDOWS DEFAUCED.

Ottawa Man Cutting Name on Them With a Diamond.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The police are looking for an eccentric individual with a diamond ring, who has been defacing plate glass windows along the principal business streets. The word "Jack" is cut bold and deep into one of the windows, and others are defaced in various ways. About 25 shop windows have been operated on in one way or another, evidently by the same person. There is no clue to the perpetrator.

#### LADY LYTON RELEASED.

Refused to Eat and the Officers Turned Her Free.

A despatch from London says: Lady Constance Lytton, who was lately sentenced to a month's imprisonment at Newcastle for taking part in a Suffragette disturbance, has been released in consequence of refusing to eat. The prison officials did not attempt to feed her forcibly, pending a decision of the case granted by Lord Alverstone against the governor and doctor of the Birmingham prison to test the legality of forcible feeding.

#### SUICIDE AT PICTON.

Well-Known Insurance Agent Inhales Chloroform.

A despatch from Pictou says: Tired of life, Geo. A. Ostrander, an insurance agent, committed suicide and was found dead by his wife on Sunday morning. On Saturday afternoon he told his wife he would not be home for supper. He went to the barn unnoticed, made a bed, and covered his face with cotton batting saturated with chloroform. Then he pulled a rug over him. Thus he was found this morning by his wife. He was aged about 69.

parts of the country during the season which just closed. The list of injuries runs into the hundreds.

#### SHOT HIMSELF IN THE HEAD.

Commercial Traveler Attempts Suicide in Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A. McGregor, of this city, a commercial traveler for a Montreal firm, attempted suicide this morning at the Hotel Cecil, by shooting himself in the head. The bullet entered at a point between the eyes, and is now embedded in the back of the head, but apparently did not penetrate the skull, as he is conscious, and able to converse rationally. Despondency over con-

been with the firm continuously for a total of 350 years. This means an average of almost sixty years of continuous work for each employee.

Two of these men are 76, two are 75, one is 74 and one 73. A picture of the group published in the Iron Age shows a sturdy looking set of men. That they must be, as they are still at work. Three of them are cutters and three grinders. The same firm has people of three generations at the bench in its employ—from grandparents to their grandchildren. These workers began as children, according to custom, and have been continuously with the house ever since as piece workers.

## THE CONGO ATROCITIES

To Be Exposed in a Court of Law  
By a Belgian Officer.

A despatch from Brussels, says: The atrocities perpetrated by King Leopold of Belgium through his representatives in the Congo Free State are to be exposed at last in a court of law.

The torturing and maiming of defenceless native men, women and children, which have excited the indignation, but never the active interference, of the civilized world, will be bared, and it is hoped, proved by Lieutenant Emil Dorelhaus, a naval officer, who, in utter disgust, has given up his contract as an official in the Congo to come home and reveal to his countrymen the horrors that he has witnessed with his own eyes.

Lieutenant Dorelhaus has been for two years in the employ of the Societe Anonyme Belge in the Congo. He managed to endure the

sight of a native man flayed alive because he had failed to bring in the assigned tribute of rubber to the Belgian officials. But when the Lieutenant beheld a woman bound hand and foot upon a hill of red ants and devoured by the insects, he gave up his commission and returned to this country.

The company, alleging breach of contract, refused to pay his back salary or to reimburse him his expenses. The Lieutenant admits breaking his contract, but sets up the defence that the company breaks the law and by that act invalidates the contract. He is now suing the company, and there is to be a court hearing at which the atrocities of the Congo will be brought home to King Leopold and laid bare as they have never been before.

## PROF. FERRER EXECUTED

Spanish Educator and Revolutionist Faces  
Death Without Tremor.

A despatch from Barcelona, Spain, says: Prof. Francisco Ferrer, the Spanish educator and convicted revolutionist, was shot at the Fortress of Mont Juich, where he has been confined since his condemnation by court-martial. He faced the firing squad without flinching, and fell dead at the first volley.

Ferrer, except for a momentary expression of emotion immediately preceding his death, retained his composure to the last. His attorney, K. M. Malceran, who had defended the prisoner, had secured permission for a brief talk with the revolutionist before the latter was led to the ditch where he was to die. To his attorney, Ferrer spoke feelingly of the work for which he had sacrificed his life, and of the future of his daughter, whose brave attempt to save his life touched the father more deeply than any other incident of his trial and conviction.

On Ferrer's arrest, his family were left dependent upon his daughter, who at once secured em-

ployment in a biscuit factory. The daughter made a personal appeal to King Alfonso to spare her father's life. When these facts were related by Malceran, Ferrer broke down. It was but a passing emotion, and presently the undaunted revolutionist was himself again.

Ferrer declined to receive the last sacraments, and turned away from the two priests of the Order of Peace and Charity, who had been sent by the prison authorities to offer him the final consolation of the Church. When the hour of his execution arrived, he walked bravely through the prison yard to the ditch, in the shadow of the encircling wall. Without a quiver he faced the twelve infantrymen who, at the word of command, fired a single volley. When the report had died away, Ferrer lay dead upon the ground.

Previous to the execution precautions had been taken to forestall a possible attempt at rescue by doubling the sentinels upon the walls of the fortress.



# RUBBERS! UNDERWEAR

Buy Rubbers that FIT WELL,  
WEAR WELL, and LOOK WELL

We are ready for you with the largest and best selected stock of Rubbers to be found in Eastern Ontario.

Ladies Rubbers to fill all styles and shapes. The Military Heel, Cuban Heel, French Heel, or Common Sense Heel, at

65c, 75c, 85c and 95c,

Men's Rubbers in all the popular styles, shapes and sizes.

See our large stock of Mitts.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE Napanee, Belleville,  
HOUSES, and Trenton.  
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.



## WHAT WILL YOUR WIFE SAY

when she finds that all the coal you brought up from the cellar was a few messy lumps at the bottom of the skuttle. You may not have reached that stage yet. Take a married man's advice and don't

## LAY IN A COAL SUPPLY

right now. You may be so busy later on you'll forget it. If you do you won't forget the lecture you get for your neglect. How many tons shall we send you?

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 101  
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-tf

CHAS. STEVENS.

CAMBRIDGE'S  
BREAD & PASTRY



- Rolled Oats.
- Rolled Wheat.
- Germ Wheat.
- Cream of Wheat.
- Graham Flour.
- Granulated Oatmeal.
- Fine Oatmeal.
- Gold dust Corn Meal.
- Pot Barley.
- Split Peas.

All these goods are new, just arrived from the factory, and free from moths.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Phone 130.

## MITTS AND GLOVES.

We have a large stock of working, driving and Mocha Mitts and Gloves.

We have some very special values in lined Mitts and Gloves at

50c. and 75c.

## Horse Blankets.

We are pleased to be able to tell you that we were able to get a good supply of that KERSEY that has been such a favorite for the last three years. And the price is no higher which makes it the best value in Blankets to be had

We would like to have all STAR Blankets returned not later than Nov. 1st.

## Our Specialty

at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25  
and up to \$2.50 per  
garment.

We believe we have the  
best values in the trade.

Would be pleased to  
have you examine our  
lines.

## A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.*  
Smith's Jewellery Store,  
Napanee.  
30-3-m

JOHN T. GRANGE  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES  
Grange Block, John Street,  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.*

FRED CHINNECK  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES  
Chinneck's Jewellery Store  
Near Royal Hotel  
Napanee  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.* 39

## ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.  
Lightest and Brightest Shop in  
Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

## Stoves Steel Ranges, Iron Ranges, and Heaters.

FRUITS and GROCERIES.

—Agent for—

MAGNET CREAM SEPARATORS

strongest, easiest to turn, and easiest  
to wash. All I ask is a trial to prove

F. C. LLOYD'S,  
MARKET SQUARE.

All medicines advertised in this paper are sold at Wallace's Drug Store at same price or lower in some cases. Teas all kinds and all qualities at your own prices and less at slaughter sale, next Hooper's Drug Store.

A petition is being circulated around the town praying for clemency in the case of Mrs. Anna Robinson, who was sentenced to be hanged, at the Sudbury assizes. The petition is being largely signed.

Mr. Foster, proprietor of Wonder-land, has very kindly offered the proceeds of Saturday afternoon's performance, Oct. 30th, to the Napanee Branch Ladies Aid Society of Kingston General Hospital. The ladies will can-

## Glass Glass

Fill your sash with good glass and putty, cheaper to buy glass than coal. If you get glass from Boyle & Son you get the best.

## Those Large Bars of Castile Soap.

At Wallace's Drug Store for 25 cts., 3 cakes of Baby's Own Soap 25c, Rose bath soap, same price, 6 cakes crab apple soap, 25c, over 87 varieties of soap to choose from at Wallace's.

## Books.

While making his trip through Frontenac and Amherst Island, Jas. Gordon is leaving an assortment of the new Church Hymn and Prayer Books, as well as his other books, in his store on John street. The store will be open each Saturday during the next few weeks. Any orders by mail will be promptly attended to.

43-cp

## Don't Look.

For our prices on Patent medicines in this paper, but be sure you get them at our counter before you buy elsewhere. We know they will be to your entire satisfaction. The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

Mens working mitts, made of sheep-skin, muleskin, moosehide and calf-skin, at 25c, 30c, 40c and 50c.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE.

## Live Fowls Wanted.

I will pay highest price for all kinds of live fowls delivered at my grocery on Monday and Tuesday of each week. I have on hand a full stock of fresh groceries, flour and feed. Quaker flour beats all other, give it a trial and be convinced.

T. WINDOVER,  
West side of market.  
44 tf

## Lennox and Addington Historical Society.

The next open meeting will be held in Historical Hall, Library Building, on Friday evening, October 29th, at 8 o'clock. Mr. Barlow Cumberland, President of the Ontario Historical Society, will deliver an address. Prof. C. A. Lavell, of Queen's University, will lecture, taking as a subject, "A Deliberation of Italy." This is one of the best programmes yet arranged by the committee. The meeting is open for the public, entrance free, and everyone welcome. You are cordially invited to be present.

Friday evening, October 29th.

## Golf.

Picton vs Napanee, at Picton, Friday, Oct. 15th.

PICTON.	NAPANEE.
Knight.....	1 Smith..... 0
Hepburn.....	1 Daly..... 0
Sullivan.....	0 Warner..... 0
Trumppour.....	0 Leonard..... 0
Gearing.....	0 Robinson..... 1
W. V. Pettit.....	2 Hill..... 0
Yerex.....	4 Dibb..... 0
Bristol.....	0 German..... 2
E. Pettit.....	1 Allison..... 0

18

Mr. G. A. Trumppour, of Picton, made the best score, 9-0. He played a very fine game.

Wedding at Colebrook.

On Tuesday at noon at the residence of the bride's parents, Miss Belva Warner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Coleman Warner, became the bride of Mr. Stinson O. Martin, of Montreal. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Batstone, of Yarker. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served to the twenty or more guests who were present at the ceremony. The newly wedded pair were driven to Napanee in Mr. C. A. Anderson's hack to take the afternoon train for a wedding trip to Toronto, Niagara Falls and Buffalo, after which they will reside in Montreal, where the groom is in the employ of the C. P. Ry.

## Programme.

The following programme will be rendered at the Thanksgiving concert in Trinity Sunday School hall, on

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Follow at the Ea 15c, Mass med, 10c.

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All un 1st, 1000, collection without

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## ABOVE CRITICISM

is where you stand when your conscience is clear. That's the position of this

Conscientiously Best Baked of Goods in all the town.

They're made of the best and finest materials, are always fresh and delivered on the date.

Bakery Products here are above criticism.

**W. M. CAMBRIDGE.**

Baker and Confectioner.

'Phone 96. Napanee.

supply of that KERSEY that has been such a favorite for the last three years. And the price is no higher which makes it the best value in Blankets to be had

We would like to have all STAR Cement sacks returned not later than Nov. 1st.

**M. S. MADOLE,**

'Phone 13.

**D. McCLEW,**

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.  
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,  
Books Audited, Accounts Collected  
**MONEY TO LOAN.**

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, of New York.  
Assets \$510,000,000.

THE FIDELITY AND CASUALTY  
COMPANY, of New York.  
Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or  
ANY SICKNESS.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies,  
including:  
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE  
INSURANCE CO.  
Cash Assets \$55,000,000.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY  
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES—and other  
live stock against loss by death from  
accident, disease, fire and lightning;  
also disablement allowances.

FIDELITY BONDING — Employers  
Liability, Boiler and Fly-Wheel, Burg-  
lary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance,  
Motor Boats, Automobiles, etc.

CALL OR WRITE.  
OFFICE, Grange Block, John Street,  
Napanee, P. O. Box 186.

## LOOK HERE!

Now if you want to get a cheap  
Boot, now is your chance. I am  
selling the balance of my stock of  
Boots and Shoes

### AT COST.

Here are a few of the  
Prices:

Men's Canvas Boot \$1.00 for \$1.30  
Men's Oil Tan reg. 1.90 for 1.65  
Boys' Calf ..... 1.75 for 1.40  
Boys' Grain Boots 1.80 for 1.55  
Boys' Box Calf ..... 2.00 for 1.50

**H. W. KELLY'S,**

Campbell House Corner.

## SEEDS!

of all kinds for fall  
sowing at

**Symington's Seed Store**

— ALSO —

Highest Price Paid for Apples

after Sept. 20th at

**SYMINGTON'S EVAPORATOR,**

foot of West Street,  
Napanee.

**THOS. SYMINGTON.**

sale, next Hooper's Drug Store.

A petition is being circulated around the town praying for clemency, in the case of Mr. Anna Robinson, who was sentenced to be hanged, at the Sudbury assizes. The petition is being largely signed.

Mr. Foster, proprietor of Wonder-land, has very kindly offered the proceeds of Saturday afternoon's performance, Oct. 30th, to the Napanee Branch Ladies Aid Society of Kingston General Hospital. The ladies will canvas the town selling ticket at the small sum of ten cents, and hope for a hearty response from all.

An increase from ten to thirteen cents in jurors' mileage has just been authorized by the Ontario government and the sheriffs throughout the province have been notified by the attorney-general of the increased allowance. The per diem allowance was increased a year ago from \$2 to \$2.50. The new mileage allowance takes effect at the fall assizes.

The Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual Thankoffering "At Home" at Mrs. W. J. Campbell's Bridge street, on Thursday, Oct. 28th, from 4 to 6 o'clock. Mrs. (Rev.) J. Binnie, of Tweed, will address the ladies, followed by a good musical programme and a social tea. Voluntary offering in aid of the W. M. S. fund. All are welcome.

Melotte Cream Separators, turns easiest, skims cleanest, last longest. Capacity from 180 to 1300 lbs. per hour. A size to suit everybody. Recommended by all the leading dairymen. These separators are sold strictly on their merits and we will place them on trial against any separator without a signed order. Testimonials on application.

C. A. WISEMAN, Agent.  
Napanee.

Also one Paris and one Perrin sulky plow at a bargain to a quick buyer.

On Saturday last the Napanee collegiate football teams journeyed to Picton to play the return games. The steamer Reindeer took the crowd and, although the start was made at 7 a. m. nobody was left behind, over eighty persons being on board. The juniors played in the forenoon and the game resulted in a win of 1 to 0, in favor of Napanee. In the afternoon the seniors lined up. They were one man short, so Picton dropped a man to even up. The play was very even throughout, and at the end of the time no goal was scored. A high wind hampered both games and made play very difficult. J. B. Allison umpired both games to the entire satisfaction of everyone.

Slaughter sale will continue all next week of groceries at Aylesworth's stand next door to Hooper's drug store.

The Ladies of the Hospital Aid Society wish to announce to the public the following donations since October, 1908. There were thirty-six members who paid fees, making \$18.00. At a tea given at Mrs. Young's \$29.35 was realized, with which money the following things were procured and sent to the Kingston General Hospital: 4 dozen table napkins, 11 pair towels, 6 yards kitchen towelling, 22 yards pillow-casing, 71 yards hemstitched linen, 12 tray cloths, costing \$29.03. In April, 1908, a box of fruit, maple syrup, and marmalade was sent by the ladies, valued at \$20.25. With the three hundred dollars made by the society at the "Made in Canada Fair," held in Kingston in 1907, and one hundred dollars in the year 1908 a metal and glass cabinet with one hundred and fifty instruments, chosen by a committee of doctors, was presented to the hospital and placed in the Fenwick operating room. At a tea given at Mrs. Wartman's the snug sum of \$53.00 was realized and donations for the year, to the amount of \$24.00, were received. The Ladies wish to thank all those who contributed so generously towards the good work.

Barn Paint at \$1 a Gallon.

The very best barn paint in imperial gallon buckets for \$1.00 and you do not have to take "red", you get drab or green. Drab at same price at Wallace's Drug Store.

who were present at the ceremony. The newly wedded pair were driven to Napanee in Mr. C. A. Anderson's hack to take the afternoon train for a wedding trip to Toronto, Niagara Falls and Buffalo, after which they will reside in Montreal, where the groom is in the employ of the C. P. Ry.

### Programme.

The following programme will be rendered at the Thanksgiving concert in Trinity Sunday School hall, on Monday evening, Oct. 25th.

Trinity church Orchestra..... Selected  
Reading: "The Little Dutch Baby", J. W. Riley  
Miss Landers.  
Vocal Solo: "The Ninety and Nine", E. Champion  
Miss Thomson.  
Reading: "The Last Portage", Dr. Drummond  
Miss Landers.  
Piano Solo: "Cachoucha Caprice", Raff  
Miss L. Hall.  
Reading: "Hagar", Nicholson  
Miss Landers.  
Vocal Solo: "I Cannot Help Loving Thee", C. Johns  
Miss Thomson.  
Reading: "Miss Landers", Selected  
Trinity Church Orchestra.....

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Your hands can be kept warm and dry if you get a steam and water proof mitt or glove from

BOYLE & SON.



TRADE MARK  
**Lowndes**  
TORONTO

## OVERCOATS!

Captivating Overcoats.

They are not the everyday class, but distinctive styles that discriminating men will be pleased to buy. We ask you to come and see our many styles. Prices to suit the purse.

**Graham & Vanaalstyne.**

Napanee, Ont.

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## Fall Suitings —AND— Overcoatings



Stylish  
Perfect Fitting  
Shape Retaining  
Best of Trimmings  
Popular Prices.

**JAMES WALTERS,**  
Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

## Removal Notice !

We are removing to our  
**NEW STUDIO**  
on John Street,  
1st door south of P. O.  
A few days will be required to put  
things in order, but shall be  
**Open for Business**  
**Saturday, Oct 23rd.**  
Our improved facilities will enable  
us to give our customers every atten-  
tion.

**P. O. Berkley,**  
**Photographer.**  
Opposite Campbell House.

**Stove Pipe Enamel (no smell.)**  
The season is on now for fixing up  
your stove pipes. Black Enamel 10c  
at Wallace's Drug Store, also aluminum  
(the kind that stays bright.)  
**We Lead, Others Follow.**  
Following are the prices which prevail  
at the East End Barber Shop. Hair cut,  
15c, Mass e, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trim-  
med, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class.  
J. N. OSBORN, Prop

**Special Notice.**  
All unpaid seed accounts on Nov.  
1st, 1909, are subject to be placed for  
collection with six per cent added,  
without further notice.  
THOS. SYMINGTON.

**W.C.T.U. Notice**  
Regular monthly meeting of the W.  
C. T. U. will be held in the Board room  
of the Public Library next Thursday,  
Oct. 28th. Note change of day, Thurs-  
day not Tuesday. Also annual Run-  
ning Sale will be held some time in  
November.  
**Trinity Church.**  
On Sunday next at Trinity Church

## PERSONALS

Mrs. Geo. Lloyd, Mohawk, N. Y., was  
renewing acquaintances in Napanee  
this week.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Scott left on  
Monday for Toronto, after a visit with  
friends in Napanee.  
Mr. John A. Fraser went to Toronto  
on Sunday to consult a specialist.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Snider, Deser-  
onto, left on Monday for Vancouver,  
B. C.  
Mr. Edward Jenkins, California, is  
visiting his sister, Mrs. Geo. Griev.  
Miss Bessie Fairweather, Moncton,  
N. B., was the guest of Miss Florence  
Stevens over Sunday.  
Mrs. J. G. Fennell and Miss Living-  
ston were called to Toronto last Satur-  
day on account of the serious illness  
of Mrs. Fennell's sister.  
Mrs. Geo. Conger is home from  
Winnipeg, Man. Mr. Conger remains  
in the west until Christmas.  
Mrs. Manly Jones, East street, is a  
Délégate in attendance at the W.C.T.U.  
convention at Belleville this week.  
Mrs. Chas. Curlette, of Dorland, is  
visiting friends in Napanee and New-  
burgh this week.  
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fisher, of Na-  
panee, left for Vancouver last Friday.  
Mrs. Ed. Madden and Miss Lena  
Madden, of Newburgh, were in town  
Saturday last.  
Mrs. Belcher, of England, Mrs. S.  
Warner and Mrs. Eakins, of Napanee,  
made a trip to Kingston on Saturday.  
Mr. Ernest Hall, of Montreal, and  
Mr. W. F. Hall, of Napanee, are over on  
Hay Bay this week shooting ducks.  
Mr. Mitch Bogart, spending the  
summer with friends in Napanee and  
in the County, left for Belleville last  
Monday.  
Mrs. Belcher and Miss Alice Belcher,  
of England, visiting Mr. and Mrs. C.  
M. Warner, Napanee, left for Boston  
Thursday.  
Mrs. B. Lloyd, of Napanee, left Tues-  
day to visit friends in Belleville this  
week.  
Mr. J. R. Dafoe, of Napanee, returned  
from his trip to Moose Jaw last  
Friday.  
Mr. Gil Bogart of our town, left for  
Toronto last Saturday to spend the  
winter.  
Messrs. Dr. Vrooman, W. S. Herr-  
ington, K. C., and Mr. Thomas Wal-  
lace, of Napanee, were in Kingston  
Tuesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Coates and family  
have removed from Roblin's hill to  
their new residence on Mill street.  
Rev. D. S. Houck and Mrs. Houck,  
Wellington, were in town on Wednes-  
day. Mrs. Houck remains a few days  
the guest of Mrs. A. E. Paul.  
Mr. E. Paul is home again, after a  
three months' trip in the interest of  
the Watson Foster Co., Montreal.  
Rev. Mr. Gandier, accompanied by  
Mrs. Gandier and Miss Gandier, New-  
burgh, have left for California, where  
they will spend the winter.  
Miss Myrtle Perry, organist for  
years in the Brick church, Morven,  
and who left recently to reside in Tor-  
onto, was presented with a gold locket  
and chain and a gold bar brooch by the  
members, as a token of appreciation.

## BIRTHS.

GRANGE—At Napanee, on Sunday  
October 17th, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. W.  
A. Grange, a daughter.  
VANALSTYNE—At Napanee, on  
Thursday, Oct. 14th, 1909, to Mr. and  
Mrs. Walter Vanalstyne, a son.

## MARRIAGES.

TEMPLETON-CUMBERLAND—At Bran-  
don, on Thursday, Oct. 14th, 1909,  
Charles P. Templeton, M. D., to Miss  
Alice Cumberland, both of Brandon,  
Man.  
HARVEY-KIMMARLY—At Napanee,  
on Wednesday, Oct. 20th, 1909, by  
Rev. Rural Dean Dibb, Frank Harvey

# SLAUGHTER SALE!

—of the—

Wholesale Grocery Stock of  
the late  
**J. Aylsworth, and the stock of**  
**M. Pizzariello**  
still continues.

**SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30th**  
will positively be Last Day  
of Sale.

Everything must be cleared out so look for  
bargains.  
Get your supplies of Cigars by the box at the  
low price.

**W. S. NEWMAN,**  
Next door to Hooper's Drug Store.



## The Most Interesting Daily

The "Toronto Daily Star" is strong in special features  
for Women.  
There are the daily Home Pages—the daily instalment  
of a good story—the Social and Personal columns—the  
illustrated daily Fashion Hints.  
But the "Star's" strongest appeal to the wide-awake  
woman is the unusually interesting way in which it presents  
the news of all the world, day by day.  
There is not a dry line in it—yet it is not sensational  
or in any way "yellow." Just good, clean, wholesome,  
well-written accounts of everything that is going on that's  
worth reading about.  
Subscribe now and take advantage of our present rate of

**\$1.50 A Year**

This paper and "Toronto Daily Star" together for one year—\$2.20.  
Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

# Toronto Daily Star

#### W.C.T.U. Notice

Regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Board room of the Public Library next Thursday, Oct. 28th. Note change of day, Thursday not Tuesday. Also annual Run-nag Sale will be held some time in November.

#### Trinity Church.

On Sunday next at Trinity Church special music will be rendered at both morning and evening services, consisting of quartettes, solos, and special anthems. At the evening service Miss Belyea, of Toronto, will sing. The public are cordially invited to attend both services.

#### The New Stove Pipe Enamel

No smell, no smoke, it simply shines. This is the testimony we have received from the many who have used Sherwin-Williams' New Stove Pipe Enamel in both the Black and Aluminum. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, Napanee's Largest Drug Store, agent for Napanee.

#### Napanee Ladies Musical Club.

The annual meeting of the Napanee Ladies' Musical Club was held in the Board room of the Public Library on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 16th, and the following officers were elected for the coming season:

President—Mrs. G. C. T. Ward.  
 1st Vice-president—Mrs. F. E. Van-Luven.  
 2nd Vice-president—Miss Florence Hall.  
 Secretary—Mrs. J. L. Boyes.  
 Treasurer—Mrs. F. F. Müller.

#### Died Very Suddenly

Mrs. Josephine J. Ham, widow of the late Jno. D. Ham, one of Napanee's most respected old ladies, passed away very suddenly on Thursday morning. Mrs. Ham was in her usual health up to the time of her death and succumbed to an attack of heart failure. On Tuesday she was visiting her brother at Camden East and was in good health. The funeral will take place from her late residence on Saturday afternoon at 1.30.

#### Thanksgiving Supper and Entertainment.

Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of Trinity Methodist church, the annual Thanksgiving supper will be served on Monday evening, October 25th. The ladies whose efforts in the past have met with such conspicuous success and won such praises, are determined to surpass even themselves. The supper will be served from 6 o'clock till all are served. After supper an excellent programme will be rendered. The committee have secured the services of Miss Ida M. Landers, A. T. College music, pupil of Owen A. Smily, Toronto. This is a young artist who has been winning golden praise as an elocutionist and dramatic reader in all our cities and towns. See press notices next week. Miss Lila Thompson, A. L. college of music, St. Thomas, will also be with us and favor us with vocal selections. Nothing will be spared to make this a most enjoyable evening. Admission 35c.

Brantford Courier—"Miss Ida M. Landers, reader, captured the audience in her first number and held their rapt attention whenever she appeared."

Toronto World—"Miss Ida M. Landers is an admirable exponent of her art."

Toronto Globe—"Miss Ida M. Landers' interpretation sustained the reputation of this talented reader as well as of the school of expression."

St. Catharines Daily Standard—"Miss Ida M. Landers is one of the best exponents of the elocutionary art in Ontario to-day."

Last week and last chance of groceries at slaughter prices next Hooper's drug store.

We have the greatest 50c mitt in Canada, good wool lining, and several kinds of leather. Ask to see them.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE.

#### MARRIAGES.

TEMPLETON-CUMBERLAND—At Brandon, on Thursday, Oct. 14th, 1900, by Rev. Charles J. Templeton, M. D., to Miss Alice Cumberland, both of Brandon, Man.

HARVEY-KIMMARLY—At Napanee, on Wednesday, Oct. 20th, 1900, by Rev. Rural Dean Dibb, Frank Harvey and Lena Ruth Kimmerly, both of Tyendinaga.

WARNER-MARTIN—At Colebrooke, on Tuesday, Oct. 19th, 1900, by Rev. Batstone, of Yarker, Miss Bellva Warner daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Coleman Warner, of Colebrooke, to Mr. Stinson Osgoode, Martin, of Montreal.

#### DEATHS.

WITHERS—At Ernesttown, on Saturday, Oct. 16th, 1900, Daniel Withers, aged 74 years, 4 months and 12 days.

HAM—At Napanee, on Thursday, Oct. 21st, 1900, Josephine J. Ham, widow of the late J. D. Ham, aged 78 years, 9 months, 16 days.

Spark Guards, Brass Fenders, shovels, Tongs, to be had from  
 BOYLE & SON.

Mr. Jas. Roblin has on exhibition in the window of the J. J. Haines shoe store, four mammoth potatoes, the largest weighing over 2 pounds, grown on Mr. A. W. Wagar's homestead near Saskatoon, Sask. The potatoes are a splendid tribute to the richness of the soil in that part of the great west, where Mr. Wagar has made his home.

#### What Collier is Doing.

I am paying 50c for winter stock peeling apples, delivered at the evaporator.

I am grinding (not cracking) feed at 6c per cwt.

I am tolling grists at the old standard every 12th, instead of every 10th, as customary.

Also selling cleaned, ground barley at \$1.30, oats at \$1.20, guaranteed free from sweepings and screenings, at the above prices. A call solicited.

D. S. COLLIER,  
 Near Reindeer Dock.

#### An Excuse For a Pardon.

When the stern Duke of Wellington was prime minister under George IV. he managed the old monarch easily enough, but when he attempted the same tactics with the young Queen Victoria he met his match. She constantly outwitted him. One of his earliest official acts was to bring before her a court martial death sentence which he expected her to sign as a matter of course. A soldier was to be executed for desertion, and as the death warrant was placed before the queen by the duke she raised her eyes, full of tears, to his face, saying:

"Have you nothing to say in behalf of this poor man?"

"Nothing," said the duke, standing at attention like one of his own privates; "he has deserted three times."

"Oh, your grace, think again," pleaded the queen, as if she were asking for the life of her dearest friend.

"Well, your majesty, he certainly is a bad soldier, but there was somebody who spoke for his good character. He may be a tolerably good fellow in civil life."

"Oh, thank you," said the queen in heartfelt tones, and before the astonished duke could utter a word of protest she had written across the paper the word "Pardoned."

#### MITTS AND GLOVES.

Our glove and mitten department has increased with unusual rapidity. Large assortments and low prices are the cause. Men's fine mitts and gloves 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE.

This paper and "Toronto Daily Star" together for one year—\$2.20. Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

# Toronto Daily Star

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ITS PURITY  
 ITS FLAVOR  
 ITS FRAGRANCE  
 ITS RELIABILITY

Are responsible for ITS  
 ENORMOUS SALE of 18,  
 000,000 packets annually

# "SALADA" TEA

Sealed lead packets only.

30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per pound.

At all grocers.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.  
 TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

#### Kissing Customs.

In ancient Egypt it was considered a high degree of politeness to kiss one's hand and then place it on the top of the head. Men of rank occasionally kissed each other, but in the land of the pharaohs men never dreamed of kissing women.

They were very careful of kisses in Rome. If a slave kissed a free woman there he was liable to be torn to pieces by wild horses. The great Cato promulgated a law making the kissing of parents before their children a punishable offence.

The Greeks put to death any man who kissed a woman or girl in the public street.

In Austria to-day a man only kisses a woman's hand. In Russia the forehead is kissed among equals, but a Russian peasant salutes his lord by kissing his knees. The Pole kisses the shoulder of his superior.

#### Never Struck Him.

It was in Egypt, and the old lady in the tourist party was much interested in the camel boy and his camel.

"He is a good beast," said the old lady interrogatively.

"Yes, ma'am," responded the boy in broken English.

"And you treat him well?"

"Ah, lady, I have driven that camel five years, and never once have I struck him a blow."

"Dear me! Such human treatment of dumb brutes is worthy of consideration. Here is a piece of silver for you."

"Thank you, lady, very much. No, I never strike Ramezes. When he is bad I twist his tail."

#### Used to Them.

The Plain One—And weren't you a bit nervous when he proposed to you? The Pretty One—Oh, dear, no! Proposals used to make me nervous, but not any more.—Exchange.

#### A Slander.

"I see that royal blood has been discovered in an old American family."

"Don't believe it. Some gossip is always making a slam at our old families."—Philadelphia Ledger.

ICE Begin to-day and have your catables in good shape for the table.

Choice Groceries

always on hand.

S. CASEY DENISON.

'Phone 101.

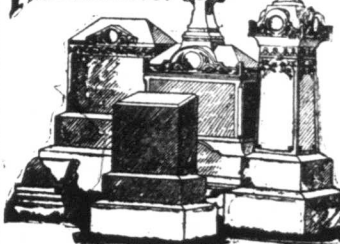
Feed ground for 6 cents per hundred at the big mill.

J. R. Dafoe wishes to notify his customers and the public generally that the price for grinding feed at the big mill for the present and until further notice will be six cents per hundred pounds with one pound per hundred off for waste. The mill is equipped with two of the best grinding machines known to the trade with a capacity of twenty-five tons per day, feed ground as fine as desired and ready when you call for it.

Your patronage solicited,

J. R. DAFOE.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



IN BUYING A MONUMENT

be sure to select granite that will hold polish, LETTERS CLEAN CUT.

I use granite for bottom bases. Time has proven that limestone will disintegrate in a few years.

Thousands of memorials erected by me in the past thirty years.

See my large stock.

V. KOUBER, Napanee.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell Frustrates: 20c; neryilline, 15c; Pierce's remedies, 84c; Beef, Iron and wine, 45c, for \$1.00 size; five Roses flour, \$3.10; good flour, \$2.00; Granulated sugar, \$4.75 per 100 lbs.; 22 nutmeg, 5c; 50 clothes pins, 5c; 4 lbs. raisins, 25c.